

The Gazette of India



सत्यमेव जयते

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 27] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1959/ASADHA 13, 1881

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 25th June, 1959 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
95	S.O. 1412, dated June, 1959.	19th Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply.	Authorising Shri R. C. Mehra, Under Secretary, Min. of W. H. & S. to perform the functions of competent authority under the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952.
96	S.O. 1413, dated June, 1959.	23rd Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.	Approval of films specified therein.
97	S.O. 1414, dated June, 1959.	23rd Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	Fixation of Tariff Values of articles specified therein.
98	S.O. 1476, dated June, 1959.	25th Central Board of Revenue	Draft amendments in Indian Income-tax Rules, 1922.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

ELECTION COMMISSION, INDIA

New Delhi, the 24th June 1959

S.O. 1480.—In continuation of Election Commission's notification No. 82/83/57, dated the 6th August, 1958, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (ii), dated the 12th August, 1958, the Election

Commission hereby publishes the Judgment of the Supreme Court of India, delivered on the 20th May, 1959, on the appeal filed by Shri V. V. Giri, against the order, dated the 13th March, 1958, of the High Court of Judicature, Andhra Pradesh, at Hyderabad.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

CIVIL APPEAL No. 539 OF 1958.

Shri V. V. Giri—Appellant.

versus

Dippala Suri Dora & Ors.—Respondents.

JUDGMENT

Gajendragadkar J.

This appeal by special leave arises from an election petition filed by Mr. V. V. Giri (hereinafter called the appellant) in which the validity of the election of Mr. Dippala Suri Dora (hereinafter called respondent 1) was challenged. The Parliamentary Constituency of Parvatipuram in the State of Andhra Pradesh is a double-member constituency; one seat is reserved for the scheduled tribes and the other is general. In the General Election to the House of the People held in 1957 four candidates had been nominated from the said constituency. The appellant and Mr. B. Satyanarayana Dora (hereinafter called respondent 2) were adopted by the Congress Party, while respondent 1 and Mr. V. Krishnamoorthy Naidu (hereinafter called respondent 3) were the candidates of the Socialist Party. For this constituency polling took place between February 25 and March 19, 1957, and the counting of votes disclosed that the appellant and the three respondents had secured 1,24,039, 1,24,604, 1,26,792 and 1,18,968 votes respectively. The result of the election was declared on March 19, 1957. It was announced that respondent 2 had been elected to fill the reserved seat and respondent 1 the general seat. On April 16, 1957, the appellant filed the present election petition No. 83 of 1957 challenging the validity of respondent 1's election. He alleged that respondent 1 had offered himself as a candidate for the reserved seat and as such he was not entitled to be elected for the general seat. In the alternative he urged that respondent 1 was not a member of the scheduled tribe at the material time and so the declaration made by him in that behalf was false. According to the appellant respondent 1's nomination had, therefore, been improperly accepted and it had materially affected the election. That is why the appellant claimed a two-fold declaration. He wanted the tribunal to declare that the election of respondent 1 under the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (Act 43 of 1951) (hereinafter called the Act) was void and that he had himself been duly elected to the House of the People from the Parvatipuram Parliamentary Constituency for the general and non-reserved seat. These allegations were denied by respondent 1.

Broadly stated the main part of the appellant's case rested on two grounds. He relied on the fact that both the Congress and Socialist Parties had adopted two candidates each, one for the reserved seat and the other for the general seat. Respondent 1 had been adopted for the reserved seat and in the nomination forms filed on his behalf he had made the requisite declaration that he was a member of the scheduled tribe. He conducted his election campaign on the basis that he was a candidate for the reserved seat and the voters must have voted for him on the same basis. If it is found that his rival candidate for the said reserved seat (respondent 2) secured a larger number of votes and so he was declared elected to fill the said seat, it is not open to respondent 1 to claim election for the general seat. If a candidate offers himself for one seat, how can he claim to be elected for the other, asks the appellant.

The appellant concedes that the reservation of seats for the scheduled castes or tribes is a special concession shown to the members of the said castes and tribes in view of the fact that they are educationally, socially and financially very backward; it is also conceded that members of the scheduled castes or tribes are entitled to contest election for the general seat; but the argument is that a member of the scheduled tribe must make up his mind and decide which seat he wishes to contest. If he wants to contest the general seat he may do so and in that event he should not make the prescribed declaration on his nomination form; on the other hand, if he wants to contest the reserved seat he should elect to do so, make the necessary declaration and then concentrate his attention on the reserved seat. Having once made his election he cannot subsequently fall back upon his right to be elected for the general seat. Thus presented the argument no doubt appears to be plausible and even attractive.

Respondent 1, however, disputes the validity of this contention. His case is that the reservation of seats is intended as an additional and special concession to the scheduled castes or tribes. That, however, does not affect the right of the members of the said castes or tribes to claim along with the other citizens of the country the right to be elected to the general seat. In other words, according to respondent 1, a member of the scheduled tribe is entitled to claim election either to the reserved seat or to the general seat in a double-member constituency, where one seat is reserved for the scheduled tribes or castes. When a member of the scheduled tribe makes a declaration about his status on his nomination form it merely means that he claims the additional benefit of being eligible for election to the reserved seat. If in the fight for the reserved seat his rival candidate defeats him, that cannot detract from, or affect, his right to claim election to the general seat; and if the voters in the constituency have expressed their confidence in him by putting him at the top amongst the remaining candidates, he is entitled to claim election to the said general seat. The object of reserving seats obviously is to create confidence in the minds of the backward castes and tribes and to give them an assurance about their welfare and future in the political set up of the country. This object necessarily implies that the members of the said castes and tribes should have a double opportunity of seeking election from a double-member constituency.

Respondent 1 does not concede that he contested the election solely for the reserved seat. It is admitted on his behalf that he did make the necessary declaration and he may have brought it to the notice of the voters that he was a member of the scheduled tribe. That was inevitable since he was claiming to be elected for the reserved seat. It is, however, urged that if in law election took place for the constituency as a whole, and not for separate seats, the fact that his nomination paper referred to "the reserved constituency" and some of his statements during the course of his election campaign mentioned the fact that he was a member of the scheduled tribe would not prejudicially affect his right to claim election for the general seat. Incidentally respondent 1 claimed that the declaration of his election to the general seat is fully consistent with the express provisions of section 54(4) of the Act, whereas the appellant pleaded in reply that the construction sought to be placed upon the provisions of section 54(4) by respondent 1 was unreasonable and if not the said provision was *ultra vires*.

On the three major points which thus arose for decision in the present election petition the Election Tribunal at Hyderabad and the High Court of Andhra Pradesh have differed. The tribunal upheld the appellant's contentions, made the two declarations claimed by him and allowed his election petition with costs. On appeal to the High Court the points made by respondent 1 have been accepted, the findings made by the tribunal and the declarations granted by it have been reversed and the appellant's election petition dismissed with costs throughout. The appellant's application for a certificate was dismissed by the High Court. Thereupon he applied to this Court and obtained special leave to appeal. That is how this appeal has come before us.

What then is the true constitutional and legal position with regard to the election to the House of the People from a double-member constituency where one seat is reserved for the members of the scheduled tribes or castes? The answer to this question would depend upon the effect of the relevant provisions of the Constitution and the Act respectively. Let us first examine the relevant articles of the Constitution.

Article 325 provides that there shall be one general electoral roll for every territorial constituency for election to either House of Parliament and that no person shall be ineligible for inclusion in any such roll or claim to be included in any such electoral roll for any such constituency on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex or any of them. Article 326 which deals *inter alia* with the elections to the House of the People lays down that the said elections shall be on the basis of adult suffrage, that is to say, every person who is a citizen of India and who is not less than 21 years of age at the relevant date and is not otherwise disqualified under the Constitution or any law made by the appropriate Legislature on the grounds specified shall be entitled to be registered as a voter at any such election. It is thus clear that the electoral roll is prepared on a purely secular basis without any reference to religion, race, caste or sex and that the qualification for being included as a voter on the said electoral roll is likewise wholly secular and of general application to all citizens in the country.

Let us then refer to the articles that deal with the composition of the House of the People and qualification for membership of Parliament. Article 81(1) provides that subject to the provisions of Article 331 the House of the People shall

consist *inter alia* of not more than 500 members chosen by direct election from territorial constituencies in the States. This article contemplates the division of the States into territorial constituencies and it provides for the election of 500 members from these constituencies to the House of the People. Article 64 deals with the question of qualification and it provides that a person shall not be qualified to be chosen to fill a seat in the Parliament unless he is (a) a citizen of India, (b) in the case of a seat in the House of the People not less than 25 years of age, and (c) possesses such other qualifications as may be prescribed in that behalf by or under any law made by Parliament.

It is by virtue of section 84(c) that the Parliament has passed the two relevant statutes. They are the Representation of the People Act, 1950 (Act 43 of 1950) and the Act. We will presently refer to the relevant provisions of the Act. Meanwhile we would like to refer to another article of the Constitution which is very important. It is Article 330. It occurs in Pt. XVI of the Constitution which deals with special provisions relating to certain classes. It provides for the reservation of seats for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in the House of the People. Article 331 lays down that seats shall be reserved in the House of the People for the three categories enumerated in (a), (b) and (c). In the present case we are concerned with the second category which deals with the scheduled tribes. Article 330(2) provides *inter alia* that the number of seats reserved in any State for the scheduled tribes under sub-section (1) shall bear as nearly as may be the same proportion to the total number of seats allotted to that State in the House of the People as the population of the scheduled tribes in the State or part of the State as the case may be in respect of which seats are so reserved bears to the population of the State. In providing for the members of the scheduled tribes the special concession by way of reservation of seats the Constitution has adopted the fair, just and equitable method of fixing the number of the said reserved seats on the basis of the proportion mentioned in Article 330(2). Whilst we are referring to this article we may incidentally mention Article 334 which provides that the reservation of seats provided by Article 330 shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of ten years from the commencement of the Constitution subject to the proviso.

Thus it is clear that election to the House of the People even from a double-member constituency where one seat is reserved for the members of the scheduled tribes is *one*, and though the Constitution shows just anxiety to afford necessary protection to the members of the scheduled tribes, it deliberately refused to adopt the system of separate electorates. The constituency is one and election is held to the said constituency from one joint electoral roll prepared on the basis of qualifications which are of general and uniform application. In regard to double-member constituencies like Parvatipuram the Constitution has not even adopted the course of providing for a special constituency confined to the members of the scheduled tribe. All that is done is to provide for the reservation of seats for the members of the said tribes or castes in the manner already indicated. Even for the reserved seat all voters in the constituency are entitled to vote. The reservation of a seat in a double-member constituency cannot, therefore, affect the main basic position that the constituency is one and for returning representatives to the House of the People it is the same joint electorate that goes to the poll.

Let us now proceed to consider the position under the relevant provisions of the Act. It is necessary to begin with the definitions of parliamentary constituency and election. Section 2(f) of the Representation of the People Act 43 of 1950 defines a "parliamentary constituency" as meaning a constituency provided by law for the purpose of elections to the House of the People; whereas section 2(d) of the Act defines "election" to mean an election to fill a seat or seats *inter alia* in House of Parliament. These definitions show that it is a parliamentary constituency that sends the representatives to fill the seats in the House of the People. Elections are held from such constituencies and candidates declared duly elected fill the seats in the House of Parliament to which they are elected. Section 4 prescribes qualification for membership of the House of the People. Section 4(b) provides that a person shall not be qualified to be chosen to fill a seat in the House of the People unless in the case of a seat reserved for the scheduled tribes he is a member of any of the scheduled tribes and is an elector for any parliamentary constituency. This section expressly provides what was clearly implicit in the relevant articles of the Constitution that before a person can claim to be elected to fill a seat reserved for the scheduled tribes he must be a member of the said tribes besides being an elector for the parliamentary constituency in question. Section 32 deals with the nomination of candidates for election and it provides that any person may be nominated as a candidate for election to fill a seat if he is qualified to be chosen to fill a seat under the provisions of the

Constitution and the Act. The next section to consider is section 33. It deals with the presentation of nomination papers and prescribes the requirements for a valid nomination. Section 33(2) is relevant for our purpose. It provides that any constituency where any seat is reserved a candidate shall not be deemed to be qualified to be chosen to fill that seat unless his nomination paper contains a declaration by him specifying the particular tribe of which he is a member and the area in relation to which the tribe is a scheduled tribe of the State. Section 33(6) lays down that nothing in this section shall prevent any candidate from being nominated by more than one nomination paper for election in the same constituency. The effect of section 33(2) is that unless a member of the scheduled tribe makes the required declaration he would not be entitled to claim election to the reserved seat. In other words, if a member of the scheduled tribe does not want to be considered for election to the reserved seat he need not make the said declaration; and in that case he would be entitled to contest the election only for the general seat. But it does not follow that if a scheduled tribe candidate makes the said declaration he forfeits his right to contest for the general seat. It is necessary to point out at this stage that the prescribed nomination paper (Form 2A) is common to all the candidates. In regard to the candidates contesting for the reserved seat, however, the form prescribes the declaration which they are required to make. In the matter of deposits required by section 34 another concession is made in favour of the members of the scheduled castes or tribes; whereas in the case of an election from a parliamentary constituency a candidate is required to make a deposit of Rs. 500 the amount is fixed at Rs. 250 in the case of members of scheduled castes or tribes. It is significant that this concession is not confined to members of the scheduled tribe contesting the election only for the reserved seat. It is available to them even if they want to contest only for the general seat. Section 35 requires a notice of nominations and a time and place for their scrutiny to be published; and section 38 requires a list of contesting candidates to be published. The two prescribed forms for the said notices are Forms 3A and 4; they make no reference to the two respective seats and give the particulars about all the candidates in the respective columns. It is true that in column (6) of Form 3A particulars of caste or tribe of candidates belonging to scheduled castes or tribes are required to be mentioned. That is consistent with the requirement of section 33(2). It would thus be seen that the scheme of the relevant provisions of the Act, like the scheme of the relevant articles of the Constitution, is clear. The election to the House of the People from a double-member constituency is held as an election from the whole of the constituency as such. It is on that basis that the nomination papers are required to be filed. The notifications about the nominations are published and the list of the validly nominated candidates is announced on the same basis. The counting of votes is similarly made by reference to all the candidates. It is only when the result of the election is prepared for declaration that the votes of candidates who have made the prescribed declarations are first taken into account and the result of the election in respect of the reserved seat is first determined, and then the votes secured by the remaining candidates are taken into account and the result of the election for the other general seat is determined and declared.

Section 63 of the Act would also assist us in deciding the point in dispute between the parties. Section 63(1) provides for the method of voting and it lays down that in plural-member constituencies other than Council constituencies every elector shall have as many votes as there are members to be elected but no member shall give more than one vote to any one candidate. It is not disputed that voters in a double-member constituency are not bound to vote in reference to the two seats. If the Act had intended that the election in such a constituency should take place by reference to the two respective seats, it would have provided for voting by the electors on that basis, and would have required the voters to cast their two votes respectively by reference to the two seats. Section 63(1) on the other hand allows voters to cast their two votes to any two candidates of their choice whether both of them claim to be elected to the general seat or to the reserved seat or one of them claims one seat and the other claims the other. This method of voting is inconsistent with the appellants' case that the election to the double-member constituency is held seat-wise.

Section 54(4) emphatically brings out the same position. Section 54(1) provides that it shall apply in relation to any election in a constituency where the seats to be filled include one or more seats reserved for the scheduled castes or scheduled tribes. Sub-section (4) reads thus:—

"If the number of contesting candidates qualified to be chosen to fill the reserved seats exceeds the number of the such seats, and the total number of contesting candidates also exceeds the total number of

seats to be filled, a poll shall be taken; and after the poll has been taken, the returning officer shall first declare those who, being qualified to be chosen to fill the reserved seats, have secured the largest number of votes, to be duly elected to fill the reserved seats, and then declare such of the remaining candidates as have secured the largest number of votes to be duly elected to fill the remaining seats."

On a fair and reasonable construction of this provision there can be no doubt that in a case like the present, after respondent 2 was declared duly elected to the reserved seat, the votes secured by the remaining three candidates had to be considered before declaring the election for the unreserved seat and that is precisely what the returning officer has done when he declared that respondent 1 had been duly elected to the said seat. The illustration to this sub-section makes this position absolutely clear. This is how the illustration reads:—

"At an election in a constituency to fill four seats of which two are reserved there are six contesting candidates A, B, C, D, E, and F, and they secure votes in descending order. A securing the largest number, B, C and D are qualified to be chosen to fill the reserved seats, while A, E and F are not so qualified. The returning officer will first declare B and C duly elected to fill the two reserved seats, and then declare A and D (not A and E) to fill the remaining two seats."

In our opinion Section 54(4) and the illustration are wholly consistent with the relevant provisions of the Constitution and of the Act.

Whilst we are dealing with section 54 we may incidentally refer to the appellant's argument based on section 8(2)(c) of the Delimitation Act, 1952 (Act 81 of 1952) which provides that in every two-member constituency one seat shall be reserved either for the scheduled castes or for the scheduled tribes, and the other seat shall not be so reserved. It is urged that in view of this provision the case contemplated by the illustration to section 54(4) is not likely to occur any more and in that sense the illustration has become *otiose*. That may be true. But even so the significance of the illustration lies in the fact that it clarifies and explains concretely how the reservation of seats for the depressed castes and tribes will actually work out in elections in the relevant constituencies.

There is another argument which may be noticed. It was faintly suggested by the appellant that section 54(4) is *ultra vires* since it is inconsistent with Articles 14 and 330 of the Constitution. One has merely to recall the provisions of Article 15(3) and (4) to reject the argument that section 54(4) offends against Article 14. As regards Article 330 it is obvious that the reservation of seats as therein specified is intended to guarantee a minimum number of seats to the scheduled castes and tribes; therefore if members of the said castes and tribes secure additional seats by election to general unreserved seats there would be no repugnancy at all. There is no substance in the contention that section 54(4) is *ultra vires*.

There is one more section of the Act to which reference must be made. It is section 55. For the avoidance of doubt this section declares that a member of the scheduled castes or scheduled tribes shall not be disqualified to hold the seat not reserved for members of those castes or tribes if he is otherwise qualified to hold such seat under the Constitution and the Act. If the appellant's contention is upheld then the provisions of section 55 would be inapplicable to a member of the scheduled tribe solely because he has made the prescribed declaration in his nomination form in order to claim the benefit of the concession of the reserved seat in his constituency. We see no justification for adopting such an artificial and restricted construction of section 55. In our opinion section 55, like section 54(4), is consistent with the other relevant provisions of the Constitution and the Act. A member of the scheduled tribe is entitled to contest for the reserved seat and for that purpose he can and must make the prescribed declaration; but it does not follow that because he claims the benefit of the reserved seat and conforms to the statutory requirement in that behalf, he is precluded from contesting the election, if necessary, for the general seat. Once it is realised that the election is from the constituency as a whole and not by reference to two separate and distinct seats there would be no difficulty in accepting the view taken by the returning officer when he declared respondent 1 to have been duly elected for the general seat.

It is true that some articles of the Constitution and some sections of the Act refer to seats in connection with election to the House of the People. For instance, when Article 81(2)(b) provides for the same ratio throughout the State between the population of each constituency and the number of seats allotted to it, it does refer to seats, but in the context the use of the word "seats" was inevitable. Similarly Article 84 which lays down the qualification for the members of Parliament begins by saying that a person shall not be qualified to be chosen "to fill a seat" in Parliament unless he satisfies the tests prescribed by its clauses (a), (b) and (c). Here again the expression "to fill a seat" had to be used in the context. The same comment can be made about the use of the word "seat" in Articles 101(2) and in 330. There is no doubt that when a candidate is duly elected from any constituency to the House of the People he fills a seat in the House as an elected representative of the said constituency; and so the expression "filling the seat" is naturally used whenever the context so requires.

The position in regard to the sections of the Act which use the word "seat" or the expression "fill the seat" is exactly similar. Section 32 of the Act says that any person may be nominated as a candidate for election to "fill a seat" if he is qualified in that behalf. This section does not mean that the nomination of a person as a candidate for election is for seat; such nomination is for the constituency. After the election is over the elected candidate is qualified to fill a seat in the House of the People to which he is elected. It is in that sense that the expression "a candidate for election to fill a seat" is used in this section. The use of the same expression in articles 33(2), 53(2) 54 and 55 bears the same interpretation. The use of the said expression or the reference to "seat" in some of the articles of the Constitution or the sections of the Act does not, therefore, mean that election to the House of the People from a double-member constituency is held not for the constituency as a whole but by reference to the two seats.

There is no doubt that in the case of double-member constituencies recognised political parties usually adopt two candidates, one for the general seat and the other for the reserved seat; and it does appear that under the relevant statutory order issued by the Election Commission the symbol reserved for the party is allotted to both such candidates with the only difference that the symbol allotted to the scheduled caste or the scheduled tribe candidate of the party is the particular symbol enclosed within a thick black circle. This order has been issued for convenience in order to enable the very large number of illiterate and uneducated voters to identify the political affiliations of the candidates for election; and to show which of the candidates are eligible for the reserved seat; but the said order cannot affect the nature of the election nor does it purport to do so. Similarly a candidate who has made the prescribed declaration under section 33 may withdraw his candidature under section 37 which would mean that he is no longer contesting any seat in the constituency; but that again cannot justify the inference that his candidature was in regard to a reserved seat for which election was separately intended to be held. In fact, in regard to a double-member constituency election recognises no compartments at all; it is one general election with reservation of seats; that is all.

It was then contended by the appellant that even if it may be open to a member of the scheduled tribe to seek election either for the reserved seat or failing that for the general seat he ought to file two nomination papers in that behalf. In our opinion this contention is not well founded. It is conceded that there is no provision for the presentation of two nomination papers for two different seats in the same constituency. Indeed such an assumption would be inconsistent with the basic character of the election from a double-member constituency. In our opinion, the true position is that a member of a scheduled caste or tribe does not forego his right to seek election to the general seat merely because he avails himself of the additional concession of the reserved seat by making the prescribed declaration for that purpose. The claim of eligibility for the reserved seat does not exclude the claim for the general seat; it is an additional claim; and both the claims have to be decided on the basis that there is one election from the double member constituency.

In this connection we may refer by way of analogy to the provisions made in some educational institutions and universities whereby in addition to the prizes and scholarships awarded on general competition amongst all the candidates, some prizes and scholarships are reserved for candidates belonging to backward communities. In such cases, though the backward candidates may try for the reserved prizes and scholarships, they are not precluded from claiming the general prizes and scholarships by competition with the rest of the candidates. We are,

therefore, satisfied that the High Court was right in rejecting the appellant's contention that respondent 1 could not have been validly elected for the general seat from the constituency of Parvatipuram.

That takes us to the alternative contention raised by the appellant against the validity of respondent 1's election. That contention is that respondent 1 had ceased to be a member of the scheduled tribe at the material time because he had become a Kshatriya. In dealing with this contention it would be essential to bear in mind the broad and recognised features of the hierarchical social structure prevailing amongst the Hindus. It is not necessary for our present purpose to trace the origin and growth of the caste system amongst the Hindus. It would be enough to state that whatever may have been the origin of Hindu castes and tribes in ancient times, gradually castes came to be based on birth alone. It is well known that a person who belongs by birth to a depressed caste or tribe would find it very difficult, if not impossible to attain the status of a higher caste amongst the Hindus by virtue of his volition, education, culture and status. The history of social reform for the last century and more has shown how difficult it is to break or even to relax the rigour of the inflexible and exclusive character of the caste system. It is to be hoped that this position will change, and in course of time the cherished ideal of casteless society truly based on social equality will be attained under the powerful impact of the doctrine of social justice and equality proclaimed by the Constitution and sought to be implemented by the relevant statutes and as a result of the spread of secular education and the growth of a rational outlook and of proper sense of social values: but at present it would be unrealistic and utopian to ignore the difficulties which a member of the depressed tribe or caste has to face in claiming a higher status amongst his co-religionists. It is in the light of this background that the alternative plea of the appellant must be considered.

The evidence adduced by respondent 1 shows that all the document from 1885 to 1928 consistently described him as a Mukka Dora or a member of the scheduled tribe. The appellant has, however, produced documentary evidence which indicates that from 1928 onwards respondent 1 has described himself and the members of his family as belonging to the Kshatriya caste. Oral evidence led by the appellant is intended to show that respondent has for some years past adopted the customs and the rituals of the kshatriya caste. It shows that marriages in the family of respondent 1 are celebrated as they would be amongst the kshatriyas, and homa is performed on such occasions. It is also attempted to be shown that the family of respondent 1 is connected by marriage ties with some kshatriya families, that a Brahmin priest officiates at the religious ceremonies performed by respondent 1, and that he wears a sacred thread. The High Court has held that even if the documentary and oral evidence adduced by the appellant is accepted at its face value, it falls far short of establishing his plea that respondent 1 had become a kshatriya at the material time. The caste-status of a person in the context would necessarily have to be determined in the light of the recognition received by him from the members of the caste into which he seeks an entry. There is no evidence on this point at all. Besides the evidence produced by the appellant merely shows some acts by respondent 1 which no doubt were intended to assert a higher status; but unilateral acts of this character cannot be easily taken to prove that the claim for the higher status which the said acts purport to make is established. That is the view which the High Court has taken and in our opinion the High Court is absolutely right. Therefore the alternative plea made by the appellant cannot succeed.

In the result the appeal fails and is dismissed with costs in favour of respondent No. 1.

(Sd.) B. P. SINHA, J.

(Sd.) JAFAR IMAM, J.

(Sd.) P. B. GAJENDRAGADKAR, J.

(Sd.) K. N. WANCHOO, J.

Dated 20th May, 1959.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION

CIVIL APPEAL No. 539 OF 1958

Shri V. V. Giri—*Appellant*.

Vs.

Shri Dippala Suri Dora and Ors.—*Respondents*.

KAPUR, J.

I regret I am unable to agree with the judgment prepared by my learned brother Gajendragadkar J. and I shall proceed to give my reasons for my dissent.

In an election for Parliament the candidate asks for the votes of the electors by offering himself for a seat in a parliamentary constituency and it is a fundamental principle of elections that the voters exercise their suffrage in favour of a candidate who is standing for a particular seat in a single or in a two-member constituency. The language used in the Constitution as well as in the Election Laws tends to show that the election though in a constituency is for the filling of a seat and it is for the filling of that seat that the voters in a constituency exercise their right to vote. The Constitution itself shows that the election is for filling a seat in a constituency.

The scheme of the Constitution itself when it deals with Parliament and election to Parliament supports this view. Parliament, its composition and qualification for membership of Parliament are dealt with in Chapter II of Part V of the Constitution. Article 81 deals with the composition of the House of the People. Sub-clause (a) of clause (1) of Article 81 lays down that there shall be not more than 500 Members chosen by direct election from territorial constituencies and not more than 20 members to represent Union territories. Clause (2) of Article 81 provides that to each State shall be allotted a certain number of seats in the House of the People in such manner that the ratio between the number and population of the State is the same for all States and sub-clause (b) provides that the State shall be divided into territorial constituencies in such manner that the ratio between the population of each constituency and the number of seats allotted to it is the same throughout the State. Article 84 provides for the qualifications of persons to be chosen to fill a seat in Parliament and in clause (c) it is laid down that the qualifications shall be such as may be prescribed by an Act of Parliament.

Part XV deals with Elections. Under Article 324 there is one general electoral roll for every territorial constituency and there is no exclusion from such roll on the ground only of religion, race, caste, creed, sex or any of them. Articles 327 confers on Parliament the power to make provision with respect to elections to Legislatures. Part XVI of the Constitution makes special provision relating to certain classes and under Article 330 seats are reserved in the House of the People for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and it also provides for the proportion that these seats shall bear to the total number of seats allotted to any State and the reservation seats and special representation are to cease after 10 years (Article 334). These provisions show that the emphasis is on seats. The number of seats is fixed so also reserved seats and election is to fill a seat and for that purpose qualifications of candidates are prescribed by Parliamentary legislation.

A perusal of these various articles mentioned above shows that there is no separate electoral roll and that the elections are on the basis of joint electorate. Although there is reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes there is no exclusion of Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes from what are called general seats and every citizen without any consideration of caste, creed or sex is entitled to vote as well as stand for election provided he is otherwise qualified. The reservation of seats was a concession given to the Scheduled castes and Tribes because of their social and educational backwardness and it had to have only a temporary existence and it must be conceded that although there is a reservation of a certain number of seats for the Scheduled Castes and Tribes the members of these castes or tribes are not excluded from contesting general seats.

In order to carry out the intention of the Constitution in regard to elections two Acts were enacted by the Parliament. The Representation of the People's Act, Act 43 of 1950 (hereinafter called the 1950 Act) and the Representation of the People's Act, 1951, Act 43 of 1951 (hereinafter called the 1951 Act). The objection of 1950 Act was to provide for allocation of seats and delimitation of constituencies for election and the object of the 1951 Act was to provide for the

conduct of elections to the House of Parliament etc. and the qualifications and disqualifications for membership. In section 2(f) of the 1950 Act a Parliamentary constituency is defined as a constituency provided for the purpose of election to the House of the People. In part II of that Act provisions are made for the allocation of seats in the House of the People and for reservation of seats in that House for Scheduled Castes and Tribes for filling up of seats in that House and all these provisions show that the seats in the House of the People allotted to the various States have to be filled by direct elections. It is significant that in all these provisions the word used is 'seat' and the election is to fill a seat.

Coming to the 1951 Act, election is defined in section 2(d) to mean an election to fill a seat or seats in either House of Parliament. In section 2(e) an elector means the person whose name is entered in the electoral roll of a constituency. Section 4 of the 1951 Act lays down the qualifications for membership of the House of the People and a person is not qualified to be chosen to fill a reserved seat in the House unless he is a member of a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe and he is an elector for any Parliamentary constituency. In the case of any other seat the only qualification required is that he is an elector in a Parliamentary constituency. Part V of 1951 Act deals with nomination of candidates. Section 31 provides for public notice of elections and section 32 for nomination of candidates for election. Under this section no person may be nominated as a candidate for election to fill a seat unless he is qualified to fill that seat. Section 33 deals with presentation of nomination papers and the requirements for a valid nomination. Under sub-section (1) a nomination paper completed in the prescribed form and signed as required under that provision has to be presented to the Returning Officer and under sub-section (2) where in a constituency any seat is reserved the candidate is not qualified to be chosen to fill that seat unless his nomination papers contain a declaration by him specifying the caste or tribe to which he belongs and sub-section (6) provides that a candidate can file more than one nomination paper for election in the same constituency. Under section 34 for a valid nomination for election a deposit has to be made which in the case of members of Scheduled Castes or Tribes is Rs. 250 and in other cases Rs. 500.

The contention raised on behalf of the appellant was that these various provisions of the 1951 Act show that the election is for filling a seat and therefore when a member of the Scheduled Caste or Tribe contests an election he has to make a choice as to which seat he is contesting. There is no prohibition against his standing for election for the general constituency but if he wants to do so he has to indicate to the electors that he is so standing because when the electors vote they vote for the election of the candidate to that particular seat and to no other. This is made further clear by the fact that only one vote out of the two which every elector has the right to cast can be polled in favour of one candidate.

Every candidate has to have a symbol the necessity for which arises because of the illiteracy of the general electorate. Each party has allotted to it a symbol. In the present case the successful candidate Mr. Dippala Suri Dora was standing for the reserved seat on behalf of the Socialist Party and had been allotted the symbol of a tree which was his party symbol. In the case of a reserved seat the distinguishing feature is the black circle round the symbol so that the electors would know where to cast their vote in the case of a Scheduled Caste or Tribe candidate. It is true that the Form 2A is the same whether the candidate is contesting a reserved seat but in the case of a person contesting a reserved seat there is a further declaration to be made that he belongs to Scheduled Caste or Tribe. It is also true that in Form 34 when notice of nomination is given the Form used is the same for both the seats but in column (6) of this Form the particulars of the Caste or Tribe are to be given presumably to show which of the candidates belongs to a Scheduled Caste or Tribe otherwise indicating the caste is meaningless. Similarly in Form 7A which is for the final list of contesting candidates after withdrawals have taken place the names of candidates are given along with their address symbols allotted to them but candidates belonging to members of the Scheduled Castes or Tribes are distinguished by separate special marks against their names. All these distinguishing features have been provided so that electors when they cast votes for the various candidates know which of them is contesting the reserved seat and which is contesting the general seat. If that is not the object the giving of the caste would be meaningless, if not against the ideal of castelessness.

It was contended that section 32 only deals with nominations for election to fill a seat but it has nothing to do with qualifications which are laid down in section 33 and that sub-sections (2) and (6) of section 33 showed that the election was for a constituency and not for a seat but this argument ignores the definition of election which means election to fill a seat and therefore where the word

'election in a constituency is used it is to be construed as election to fill a seat in a constituency. Besides sub-section 2 of 33 makes it clear that a candidate cannot be qualified to be chosen to fill a reserved seat in a constituency unless he makes a particular declaration. The emphasis is again on a seat. It is true that a candidate has to make a deposit for due nomination for election from a constituency but here again the word 'election' must be read as election to fill a seat from a constituency. These various actions indicate therefore and particularly the definition of the word election in section 2(d) of the 1951 Act that when a candidate offers himself for election in a constituency he does so to fill a particular seat in a constituency.

At a poll every elector can cast one vote in favour of one candidate and another in favour of another. It was contended that it was open to an elector to caste both his votes in favour of the two candidates standing for a general seat or the two candidates for the reserved seat or one for the general seat and the other for reserved seat and that there was no law which enjoins on an elector to caste one vote for the general seat and the other for the reserved seat. But this will lead us nowhere because if there are only four candidates as they were in the present case two belonging to Scheduled Castes or Tribes and two non-Scheduled Caste candidates then the voter who castes both his votes one for one Scheduled Caste and the other for the other or one for the non-scheduled caste and the other for the other non-Scheduled Caste candidate would be wasting his votes. One has to presume that the elector when he takes the trouble of going to the polling booth and to vote is not going to waste his votes.

In the present case the party which set up Mr. Dippala Suri Dora set him up as a candidate for the Scheduled Caste constituency which is clear from the application on behalf of the party setting him up. The final list of candidates for Parliament Ext. P3(c) also shows that Mr. Dippala Suri Dora was a candidate for the reserved Seat in Parvathipuram double-member constituency. The nomination papers filed by him also show that he was being nominated for election from the Parvathipuram reserved parliamentary constituency. Thus as far as Mr. Dippala Suri Dora was concerned he had made it quite clear to the electorate that he was seeking their suffrage for filling a reserved seat in the constituency and in this view of the matter as far as he and the electors were concerned the contest was for the reserved seat and not the general seat and the people voted for him for filling the reserved seat and not the general seat.

Counsel for the respondent Mr. Dippala Suri Dora submitted that the mere fact that that respondent filed his nomination papers in a particular manner does not give a different interpretation to the various provisions of the law and if under the law a nomination like that of the respondent Mr. Dippala Suri Dora was a nomination for both the seats the mere fact that he had filled his form differently would make no difference. This contention is correct but as I have indicated above the election is to fill a seat in the constituency and the nomination must be taken to fill that seat and no other.

Reliance was next placed on Sections 53, 54 and 55 of the 1951 Act to support the case put forward on behalf of the respondent Mr. Dippala Suri Dora. No doubt in sub-section (4) of section 54 it is laid down that in a case where the number of contesting candidates qualified to be chosen to fill the reserved seat exceeds the number of such seats and the total also exceeds the total number of seats to be filled then after the poll has been taken the qualified candidate receiving the largest number of votes for the reserved seat has to be declared elected and then such of the remaining candidates as have secured the largest number of votes have to be declared elected to fill the remaining seats and there is an illustration added to the section which supports the case of the respondent. But in view of section 8 of the Delimitation Commission Act 1952 which makes provisions for readjustments and delimitations it is doubtful if the provisions of section 54(4) retain their efficacy. Under section 8 col. (2) of Delimitation Act it is provided that all constituencies have to be single member constituencies or two member constituencies and wherever practicable seats may be reserved for Scheduled Caste or Tribe in a single-member constituency but in every two-member constituency one seat has to be reserved for Scheduled Caste or Tribe. This provision destroys the effect of section 54. If in a single-member constituency a seat can be reserved which means that only a Scheduled Caste candidate can be elected to that seat the effect of reservation of seat in the double-member constituency will also be that when a member of the Scheduled Caste offers himself for election to a reserved seat he can be elected only to that seat and to no other. This is also supported by the definition of electoral rights in section 79 of the 1951 Act which is defined as a right of a person to stand or not to stand as a candidate at an election i.e. an election to fill a seat in

either House of Parliament. The electoral right which a citizen has is to stand for election to fill a seat and successful candidate is one who is elected by securing the largest number of votes cast for that seat. This necessarily leads to the conclusion that the respondent Mr. Dippala Suri Dora who offered himself for election to fill a reserved seat could only be elected to that seat and not to the general seat.

The next contention raised on behalf of the appellant was that if a member of the Scheduled Caste or Tribe wants to contest both the seats i.e. general and reserved he would have to file two nomination papers and pay two deposits. In view of what has been said above and in view of sections 32 and 33 and the definition of the word 'election' such candidate has to file two nomination papers one for the general seat and the other for the reserved seat setting out the necessary qualifications which are required under the law. Similarly he will have to make two deposits under section 34 for the same reason.

A question of some importance has been raised as to whether a member of Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe can by his own act transform himself into a different and higher caste. That depends upon the view one takes of the caste system and whether caste is dependent upon birth or it varies as a consequence of *Guna*, *Karma* and *Subhawana* that is merit or qualities actions and character. In Hinduism caste had its origin in vocation and was not dependent upon birth. Birth as the sole criterion of caste is a much later development and caste became rigid and hereditary when vocations became hereditary. Caste was nothing but division of labour. There is a high authority to support the view that in Hinduism caste was dependent upon actions and not on birth. In Bhagwat Gita in the fourth Discourse it is stated:

"The four castes were created by me in accordance with their aptitude and actions; know me the author of these castes, though I am actionless and inexhaustible".

There are Verses in the Mahabharata also which go to support this. One such Verse is given as follows:—

"Truth, Charity, fortitude, goods conduct, gentleness, austerity and compassion—he in whom these are observed is a Brahmana. If these marks exist in a Sudra and are not found in a twice-born, the Sudra is not a Sudra nor the Brahmana a Brahmana".

(Teaching given by Yudhisthira).

Even in Bhagwata Purana it is stated:—

"One becomes a Brahmana by his deeds and not by his family or birth; even a Chandala is a Brahmana, if he is of pure character".

in the Chandogya Upanisad there is the interesting incident of Satyakama who was raised to the position of a Brahmana because he had spoken the truth. Thus it was his character and not his birth which determined his caste. Amongst the Hindus many have raised themselves to the position of Brahmana by their good qualities and one such instance is of Sage *Matanga* who was a *Chandala*. Vishwa Mitra was a Kshatriya and became a Brahman. Hinduism might have become static at one stage but its modern history shows that this is not so now and it would not be wrong to say that caste in Hinduism is not dependent upon birth but on actions. The whole theory of *karma* is destructive of the claim of caste being dependent upon birth.

In my opinion Mr. Dippala Suri Dora had by his actions raised himself to the position of a Kshatriya and he was no longer a member of the Scheduled Caste or Tribe and on that ground also his election cannot be supported.

I would therefore allow this appeal, set aside the order of the High Court and restore that of the Tribunal. The appellant will be entitled to costs of this Court as well as of the Courts below.

(Sd.) J. L. KAPUR, J.

[No. 32/83/57/11391.]

S.O. 1481.—Whereas the election of Shri Raghunath Singh Kiledar, as a member of the House of the People from the Hoshangabad constituency has been called in question by an election petition presented by Shri Vinaya Kumar Diwan;

And whereas by its notification No. 82/2/59/4656, dated the 17th March, 1959, the Election Commission appointed Shri M. Husain, the then District and Session Judge, Hoshangabad, as Member of the Election Tribunal constituted for the trial of the said election petition;

And whereas the said Shri M. Husain consequent on his transfer to Chhindwara, has resigned the membership of the said Tribunal and a vacancy has accordingly occurred in the office of member of the Tribunal;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 86 of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby appoints Shri S. M. Pagnis District and Sessions Judge, Hoshangabad to fill the said vacancy.

[No. 82/2/59.]

By Order,

DIN DAYAL, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 23rd June 1959

S.O. 1482.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that the system of booking accommodation in pilgrim ships for Haj pilgrims specified in the Schedule annexed hereto should be enforced during the Haj Season in 1960;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 289C of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (21 of 1923), the Central Government hereby exempts Messrs. Mogul Line, Bombay and every other shipping company engaged in pilgrim traffic from Bombay to the Hejaz, from such provisions of the said Act and the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules 1933, as are not in conformity with the aforesaid system of booking accommodation in pilgrim ships carrying pilgrims from Bombay to Jedda during the year 1960.

THE SCHEDULE

System of Booking Accommodation at Bombay for Haj Pilgrims

1. Schedule of sailings.—Every Shipping Company shall announce a provisional schedule of outward sailings 6 to 9 months in advance. Firm dates of sailings shall be advertised by the Shipping Company at least 15 days in advance as required under the provisions of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923. The penal provisions of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 shall operate with reference to the firm sailing dates as advertised.

2. Advance reservations of passages.—(i) Reservation lists for all sailings announced in the provisional schedule shall be opened by the Company simultaneously and intending pilgrims will have the option of availing passages in whatever ship they like. Such reservations shall be made only on payment of a deposit of Rs. 100 per adult and Rs. 50 per child accompanied by applicant's full particulars with three copies of his photographs (in case of male applicant) out of which one will be pasted on the receipt issued by the Shipping Company for reservation of passages. The other two copies of the photographs together with the particulars of the applicant will be passed on to the Port Haj Committee, Bombay by the Shipping Company. When reservations of a particular ship are complete, the Shipping Company shall refuse to accept any further deposits for that particular ship.

(ii) A cabin class pilgrim may make an application for reservation of a deck passage for his servant, and may in genuine cases take any other servant than the one mentioned in the application.

3. Registration in waiting lists.—Persons whose deposits for advance reservation are received after the reservation of accommodation on all the ships is complete shall be kept on the common waiting lists with the shipping company. Persons who may not have made any advance reservation of passages but who may reach Bombay and ask for passages, shall also have get their names registered on waiting lists with the shipping company. Registration of such persons on the waiting lists will be made on an application for registration on waiting lists accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 10 per passenger and a copy of the photograph of the person concerned. Registration on waiting lists shall be made strictly in order of the receipt of deposits aforesaid by the shipping company.

4. Purchase of tickets.—All persons who may have made advance reservations of passages shall have to purchase their tickets at least 3 days before the sailing date. Such of the persons as fail to purchase tickets 3 days in advance shall be deemed to be not travelling in those ships. Passages not previously booked in particular ships or released by passengers who do not purchase their tickets 3 days in advance shall be offered according to the order referred to in paragraph 3 to the persons whose names are registered on the waiting lists.

5. Treatment of deposits when passages are availed of.—The deposit of Rs. 100 or Rs. 50 or Rs. 10, as the case may be, shall be accounted towards the cost of passage when the passage has been availed of.

6. Treatment of the deposit when the passage is not availed of.—When a person has reserved his passage and does not intend to avail of the same and gives 10 clear days' notice of his intention to the company in advance of the sailing date then his deposit shall be refunded in full.

(ii) In the case of a person who has reserved his passage but is prevented from availing of the same due to unforeseen circumstances, such as death in the family the deposit may be refunded to him in full; any dispute that may arise shall be referred in the first instance to the Chairman, Port Haj Committee, Bombay, and if the Chairman's decision is not acceptable to the pilgrim concerned or to the shipping company, the Chairman shall refer the matter to the Presidency Magistrate or the Magistrate of the first class exercising of jurisdiction in the Port. The decision of the Magistrate shall be final and there shall be refunded to the pilgrims any amount allowed to him by such decision.

(iii) A person who has reserved his passage by a particular ship but is unable to avail of the same and desires to travel by a subsequent ship, may be given full credit in respect of his deposit towards the cost of passage.

(iv) In all other cases where a person has reserved his passage but does not avail of the same, a deduction of 10 per cent. will be made while refunding the amount deposited by him.

(v) Where a person has got his name registered on the waiting list and does not avail of the passage when offered, a sum of Rs. 10 shall be forfeited from his deposit and the balance, if any, shall be refunded to him by the Shipping company.

(vi) When a person who has got his name registered on the waiting list and is not offered any passage, the amount paid by him as deposit, shall be refunded to him in full.

7. Scrutiny.—The records of the shipping company in respect of reservation of passages as well as waiting lists shall be open to scrutiny by the Central Government, Chairman of the Port Haj Committee, Bombay, Executive Officer, Port Haj Committee, Bombay or 2 members of the Port Haj Committee, Bombay nominated by the Chairman, or any officer or officers, nominated by the Committee for this purpose.

[No. F.17(54)-IAT/59.]

T. P. N. KAUL, Dy. Secy.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH

Aligarh, the 5th June, 1959

S.O. 1483.—Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1957.

(1) Permanent Endowment [E.C. Res. No. 14 (a), Dated 21st december, 1952 and F.C. Item No. 4, dated 29-11-1952].

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957.

Liabilities		Assets	
	Rs. as. p.		Rs. as. p.
<i>Muslim University Reserve Fund</i>		<i>Permanent Reserve Fund Investment</i>	
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	30,00,000 0 0	Rs. 30,00,000 at 3% Stock Certificates No. D.H. 591 Conversion loan 1946 at par	30,00,000 0 0
TOTAL . . .	30,00,000 0 0	TOTAL . . .	30,00,000 0 0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh

(2) Permanent Reserve Fund (E.C. Res. No. 14(a) dated 21-12-1952 and F.C. Item No. 4 dated 29-11-1952.

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.		Rs.	as. p.
<i>Muslim University Permanent Reserve Fund</i>			<i>Investments</i>		
<i>(Non-Permanent Reserve Fund)</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet	20,00,000	0 0	Rs. 9,14,400 @ 3% Stock Certificate No. D. H. 590 Conversion loan 1946 at cost	8,55,686	0 9
			Rs. 5,87,600/- @ 3% Stock Certificate No. D. H. 630 Conversion loan 1946 at cost	5,59,368	2 7
			Rs. 3,42,500/- @ 3% Stock Certificate 1963-65	3,35,572	10 9
			Rs. 5,500/- at 3% Stock Certificate No. 17 loan 1896-97 at cost	3,740	0 0
			Rs. 1,10,000/- @ 3% Conversion loan 1946 at cost	1,12,126	10 6
			Rs. 6,400/- @ 3% Conversion loan 1946 at cost	6,400	0 0
			Rs. 10,000/- at 3% Conversion loan 1946 at cost	10,000	0 0
			Purchase of a house from Dr. S. Moinul Haq	18,621	10 6
			Purchase of a house from Mr. S. Wali Mohd.	39,645	5 0
			Purchase of a house from Mr. Saeed Ifikhar	10,000	0 0
			Purchase of two wings of English house from M. U. High School	43,670	1 6
			Cash with M. U. Fund Account (State Bank of India, Aligarh)		19,94,830 9 7
					5,169 6 5
TOTAL	20,00,000	0 0	TOTAL	20,00,000	0 0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

(3) M. U. Floating Reserve Fund

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities

Assets

	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.		Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.
<i>Muslim University General Reserve Account.</i>							<i>Loan</i>						
As per last Balance Sheet	₹	3,72,663	12	8			Purchase and sale of commodities and Building material	37,458	10	1			
Govt. Grant for purchase of Evacuee property in the Vicinity of University		1,54,000	0	0			Add : Expenditure during the year	1,71,079	13	3			
Govt. Grant for purchase of Kashana		35,000	0	0				2,08,538	7	4			
Overdraft (From M. U. Fund Account)		37,008	7	11			Less Receipt during the year	57,116	8	0	1,51,421	15	4
							Purchase of paper for University				8,803	10	9
							<i>Projects under constructions</i>						
							(a) Women's College Hostel	90,378	12	9			
							(b) Construction of a Hostel of 4 Halls						
							Executive Council Resolution No. 30 dated 29-10-44 and F. C. Res. No. 2 dated 12-6-1946	93,267	13	9	1,83,646	10	6
							<i>Purchase of Evacuee property</i>						
							Sarfaraz House	50,000	0	0			
							Mahmooda Begum's Quarters	55,000	0	0			
							Shahjahan Manzil	38,000	0	0			
							Shakhsana	11,000	0	0	1,54,000	0	0
							Purchase of Kashana				35,000	0	0
							Purchase of Memon Manzil				19,300	0	0
							Purchase of Taleem Manzil				46,500	0	0
TOTAL							TOTAL				5,98,672	4	7

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

(4) M. U. Special Floating Reserve Fund

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.	Rs.	as. p.	Rs. as. p.
<i>Grants from States</i>			<i>Investments</i>		
As per last Balance Sheet			Rs. 3,05,700 at 4% loan 1960-70 at cost	2,49,220	0 0
1. Bhopal State Grant for Science College	2,48,479	7 8	Rs. 85,300 at 4% loan 1960-70 at cost	87,645	12 0
2. H. H. Ruler of Bhopal for Flying Club	50,000	0 0	Rs. 50,000 at 3% Conversion loan 1946 at par	50,000	0 0
3. Bhawalpur State Grant for General Buildings	65,000	0 0	Rs. 25,000 at 3% conversion loan 1946 No. D.M.O. 10119 at cost	23,830	11 5
4. Mahmoodabad State Grant for General Buildings	38,000	0 0	Rs. 5,000 at 3% loan 1957 at cost	5,225	0 0
5. Haji Mohd. Zahoor, Mohd. Saeed Grant for General Buildings	500	0 0	Rs. 2,000 at 4% B. P. T. Deliverance Board loan 1917 at cost	1,920	0 0
6. Sir A. Rauf, Donation for Scholarship	50,000	0 0	Rs. 500 Shahjahanpur Flour Mills Co. (5 shares at Rs. 100 each) at par	500	0 0
7. Late Prof. Moinuddin Deposit for Art Gallery	21,375	13 2	Purchase of Building material out of Auchinleck Fund (As per last Balance Sheet)		28,851 12 6
8. Cost of Waqf House of Mr. Naziruddin Khan of Shahjahanpur	1,600	0 0	House purchased from Mr. Haziq		4,000 0 0
	4,74,955	4 2	House purchased from Mr. S. A. Jalil		10,230 2 0
Less amount transferred to Engg. College for construction of Roofing of Assembly room under E. C. Res. No. 3 dated 1-8-1954	35,000	0 0	<i>Cash with M. U. Fund Account</i>		
	4,39,955	4 2	State Bank of India, Aligarh		2,28,928 0 9

4. M. U. Special Floating Reserve Fund—*contd.*

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.	Rs.	as. p.	
Add amount received on amount of Redemption of security for Rs. 3,500 @ 4½% 1955-60	3,500	0 0			
	4,43,455	4 2			
Less expenditure transferred to investments	3,272	8 0	4,40,182	12 2	
<i>Auchinleck Memorial Fund</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet			99,753	6 0	
<i>Polytechnic Account</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet			1,50,415	4 6	
TOTAL			6,90,351	6 8	

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

(5) M. U. Trust Fund Account

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957.

Liabilities		Assets	
	Rs. as. p.		Rs. as. p.
<i>General Scholarship Fund</i>		<i>General Scholarship Fund Investments</i>	
As per last Balance Sheet	1,07,773 5 9	Rs. 49,000/- @ 4% loan 1960-70 at par	49,000 0 0
<i>Arabic Scholarship</i>		Rs. 2,500 @ Upper India Cooper Paper Mills Co. Ltd. 25 shares at Rs. 100/- each at cost	2,400 0 0
As per last Balance Sheet	64,605 6 5	Rs. 2,000/- @ 3% Conversion loan 1946 at cost	1,979 2 8
<i>Prizes and Medals</i>			
Sir Shah Mohd. Sulaiman	1,000 0 0	Rs. 54,239/- Building at cost	54,239 0 0
Lady Ali Shah	1,000 0 0	Cash with M. U. Fund Account (State Bank of India, Aligarh)	155 3 1
Prizes and Medals	10,345 3 3		1,07,773 5 9
<i>Saifi Gold Medals</i>	5,500 0 0	<i>Arabic Scholarship Fund Investment</i>	
Col. Haider Khan Gold Medal	1,005 8 0	Rs. 26,000/- @ 4% loan 1960-70 at par	26,000 0 0
		Rs. 20,200 at 3% Conversion loan 1946	20,200 0 0
<i>Poor Student Fund</i>		Rs. 18,261/8/4 Building at cost	18,261 8 4
As per last Balance Sheet	2,000 0 0	Cash with M. U. Fund Account (State Bank of India, Aligarh)	143 14 1
		<i>Prizes and Medals Fund Investment</i>	
		Rs. 3,300/- @ 3% loan 1970-75 at cost	3,250 1 6
		Rs. 1,000/- @ 3% Victory loan 1957 at cost	1,008 12 0
		Rs. 2,445/- Building at cost	2,445 0 0

(5) M. U. Trust Fund Account—*contd.*

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	as.	p.		Rs.	as.	p.
				Rs. 3,000/- @ 3 1/2% 10 years Treasury S. D. Certificate	3,000	0	0
				Rs. 5,000/- @ 4% U. P. State Dev. loan 1963	5,050	4	3
				Cash with M. U. Fund Account (State Bank of India Aligarh)	4,096	9	6
				<i>Poor Student Fund Investment.</i>			
				Rs. 2,000/- Building at cost		2,000	0 0
TOTAL			1,93,229 7 5	TOTAL			1,93,229 7 5

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

(6) Muslim University Building Fund

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.		Rs.	as. p.
<i>General Building Fund</i>			<i>Buildings and Lands</i>		
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	33,80,394	6 7	As per last Balance Sheet . . .	33,80,626	2 8
<i>Electrification Fund</i>			<i>Electrification Fund Investment</i>		
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	2,79,139	2 6	As per last Balance Sheet . . .	2,79,139	1 11
<i>Drainage Scheme</i>			Cash with M.U. Fund Account (State Bank of India, Aligarh) . . .	7,929	10 11
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	5,701	4 5			
<i>Hand Pump and Water Pipe Line</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	2,450	2 0			
TOTAL . . .	36,67,694	15 6	TOTAL . . .	36,67,694	15 6

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

(7) Depreciation Fund

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957.

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.	Rs.	as. p.	Rs. as. p.
<i>On Buildings</i>			<i>Investments</i>		
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	5,92,626	13 10	Rs. 7,34,000 at 4% loan 1960-70 at cost	5,98,390	0 0
Add : Depreciation for the year . . .	75,655	0 0	Rs. 50,000 at 4% loan 1960-70 at cost . . .	51,375	12 0
	6,68,481	13 10	Rs. 35,000 at 4% loan 1961-66 . . .	31,193	0 0
Less expenditure	90,833	1 3	Rs. 1,17,000 at 4% loan 1960-70 . . .	1,19,559	6 0
			Rs. 900 at 4% loan 1960-70 . . .	911	4 0
			Rs. 2,100 at 3% loan 1958 at cost . . .	2065	14 0
			Rs. 1,20,000 at 3% loan 1963-65 . . .	1,11,622	7 0
<i>On Electric Installation</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	2,48,839	9 0	<i>Cash with M. U. Fund Account</i>		
Add : Depreciation for the year . . .	13,273	0 0	State Bank of India, Aligarh . . .		4,99,067 15 4
	2,62,112	9 0			
Less expenditure . . .	1,181	6 9			
<i>On Motor Pumps</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	11,084	0 0			
Add : Depreciation for the year . . .	1,503	0 0			
<i>On Science Equipments</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	1,31,642	11 10			
Add : Depreciation for the year . . .	23,922	0 0			
Add : Miscellaneous receipt . . .	104	0 0			
	1,55,668	11 10			
Less : expenditure . . .	14,443	6 6			

(7) Depreciation Fund—*contd.*

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.	Rs.	as. p.	
<i>On Furniture</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	1,00,154	1 3			
Add Depreciation for the year . .	35,516	0 0			
	<u>1,35,670</u>	<u>1 3</u>			
Less Expenditure	1,057	9 3	1,34,602	8 0	
	<u>24,355</u>	<u>0 0</u>			
<i>On Motor Car and Station Wagons</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	24,355	0 0			
Add Depreciation for the year . .	4,858	0 0			
	<u>29,213</u>	<u>0 0</u>			
<i>On Machines and Cycles</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	14,656	0 0			
Add Depreciation for the year . .	4,169	0 0			
	<u>18,825</u>	<u>0 0</u>			
Less expenditure	3,599	13 9	15,254	2 3	
Depreciation Fund on Mumtaz House			32,660	1 11	
Depreciation Fund on Science Labs. .			60,000	0 0	
<i>Interest Account of Depreciation Fund</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet . . .	1,09,416	8 0			
Add receipt during the year . . .	40,667	2 0	1,50,083	10 0	
	<u>14,14,185</u>	<u>10 4</u>			
TOTAL			TOTAL		14,14,185 10 4

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

(8) Addition and alteration to the Engg. College Building Account

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	as.	p.		Rs.	as.	p.
<i>Central Govt. grant for Building</i>				<i>Building under Construction</i>			
As per last Balance Sheet	4,69,000	0	0	<i>Engg. College Building Account</i>			
Income by Miscellaneous refund	93,642	3	1	As per last Balance Sheet	7,98,877	14	1
Loan from Medical College Account	25,000	0	0	Less receipt for the year	712	10	0
Loan from Special Floating Reserve							
Fund (For roofing of Assembly							
Room & Radio communication							
Lab.)	35,000	0	0	Add expenditure	7,98,165	4	1
Advance from M.U.	2,08,567	10	0		48,396	7	9
<i>Accumulated Deficit Carried over to Fund</i>							
<i>Account Balance Sheet</i>				Less amount transferred to Revenue	8,46,561	11	10
As per last Balance Sheet	2,11,443	4	9	Account.	47,683	13	9
Deficit for the year	47,683	13	9				
	2,59,127	2	6	Court expenses against Mohanlal			29 5 0
				Chhadha			
				Contingencies Account			846 8 0
				<i>Addition and alteration to Engg. College</i>			
				<i>Revenue Account</i>			
				As per last Balance Sheet	2,11,443	4	9
				Add Deficit for the year	47,683	13	9
							2,59,127 2 6
				Cash with the State Bank of India			
				M.U. Fund Account.			31,456 2 0
TOTAL	10,90,336	15	7	TOTAL	10,90,336	15	7

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(9) Tibbiya College Fund

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets							
	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.		Rs.	as.	p.	
<i>Tibbiya College Building Fund</i>				3,31,451	15	9	<i>Tibbiya College Building Account</i>				3,31,451 15 9
<i>Eye Surgery Fund</i>							<i>Tibbiya College Boarding House Account</i>				2,755 0 6
As per last Balance Sheet	2,623	12	9	2,623	12	9	<i>Tibbia College Students Account</i>				7,561 0 6
<i>Kitabul Nab</i>							<i>Tibbiya College Revenue Account</i>				
As per last Balance Sheet	398	2	0	398	2	0	As per last Balance Sheet	4,72,129	14	0	
Depreciation on Building	7,000	0	0	7,000	0	0	Add Deficit for the year	1,10,733	0	3	5,82,862 14 3
<i>Depreciation on X-Ray Machine</i>											
As per last Balance Sheet	2,000	0	0				Cash with M.U. Fund Account				4,056 9 0
Add Depreciation for the year	1,500	0	0								
	3,500	0	0	3,500	0	0					
Govt. Grant for Building				7,000	0	0					
Advance from M. U.				1,71,446	10	6					
<i>Net Deficit carried over to Fund Account</i>											
<i>Balance Sheet</i>											
As per last Balance Sheet	2,94,533	14	9								
Add Deficit for the year	1,10,733	0	3	4,05,266	15	0					
TOTAL				9,28,687	8	0	TOTAL				9,28,687 8 0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
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Muslim University Aligarh.

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

(Sd.) OBAIDUR REHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

(II) Fund Account

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	as. p.		Rs.	as. p.
Capital in furniture, fittings, apparatus and equipment			Furniture, fittings, apparatus and equipment		
Reserve Fund (Girls' High School Account)	5,76,890	1 4	Building Account (Women's College)	5,76,890	1 4
Suspense Account	18,100	0 0	Coling apparatus for Mosque	20,871	14 0
Riding School Account	20,840	11 8	As per last Balance Sheet	2,623	8 0
Water Cooler apparatus	550	0 0	Less receipt during the year		
Salaries payable	2,623	8 0		2,23,184	8 6
Sale proceeds of bricks purchased out of Aftab Hall common room Fund	15,363	2 6		92,151	8 3
				1,31,033	0 3
	7,008	13 0	Add outstanding Income for the year	1,32,933	12 6
				2,63,966	12 9
<i>Cash Balances</i>					
Reserve Fund	5,169	6 5	Advances against salaries	3,428	13 0
Floating Reserve Fund	37,008	7 11	Advance on Account	1,92,442	7 10
Special floating Reserve Fund	2,28,928	0 9	Permanent advances to departments	18,553	4 0
Trust Fund	4,395	10 8	Advance to Engg. College	2,57,782	15 8
Building Fund	7,929	10 11	Advance to Tibbiya College	1,71,446	10 6
				6,43,654	3 0
Depreciation Fund	4,99,067	15 4	<i>Loans to</i>		
College of Engg. & Technology	54,368	8 0	M.U. Provident Fund Account	18,000	0 0
Addition and alteration to Engg. College	31,456	2 0	M.U. Tibbiya College for Non-Recurring grants	24,561	3 6
			Medical Department	3,000	0 0

Tibbiya College	4,056	9	0				
	8,35,371	15	1				
	37,008	7	1	7,98,363	7	2	

Current Account Balances

M.U. Girls' High School Current Account	6,768	3	6				
Cost of lost books or Lyton Library	1,409	8	7				
Interest Account (Women's College)	828	9	0				
Library Deposit Account	1,775	14	0				
Boys Fund City High School	8,708	1	3				
Boys Fund M.U. Branch School	164	14	0				
Girls' Fund (Girls' High School)	3,499	12	0	23,134	14	4	

Terminal Examination fee (Science)	4,787	3	0				
Terminal Examination fee (Arts)	1,029	3	6				
T.B. Sanitorium, Fund	292	12	0				
M.U. School Museum Account	405	2	5				
M.U. School Montessori Section	2,972	0	0				
Mosque Fund	2,619	13	3				
Grave Yard Fund	221	0	3				

Rent of Yusuf Villa Nasheman Account	2,039	1	0				
Foreign Study loan account	511	9	6	14,877	13	2	

Miscellaneous Deposits

Agriculture College Account	8,194	3	6				
Tarwala Bungalow Mosque Fund	102	8	0				
Ballona Waqf Fund	104	12	3				
Administrative and Ministerial Staff Association	1,606	10	0				
Blind School Amenities Fund	410	15	6				
Water Charges Cl.	632	15	6				
Women's College Bus Account	1,100	0	0				

M.U. Girls' High School	4,000	0	0				
Loan to Blind School	1,000	0	0				
Sahabzada Sajid Ali Khan	2,000	0	0				
Tibbiya College Dawakhana Account (1956-57)	13,703	6	2	66,264	9	8	

Sir William Marris Scholarship Account	124	8	0				
Games Fund	3,120	0	0				
Construction of Electricity Department Staff Quarters	26,011	6	3				
Construction of Safi Hostel	1,134	5	6				
Rock Feller foundation Account	1,065	14	3				
University Staff Club Account	615	0	0				

Rent of Wali Manzil	30	1	0	32,101	3	9	
Contribution Account of various Dep'ts.	22,808	0	0				
Medical College Account	245	1	0	23,053	1	0	

Central Govt. Grants for Special Purposes duly approved by U.G.C.

1. For Aeronautic Scheme in Chemistry Department	226	14	0				
2. Constitution of Geology Lab.	3,378	13	6				
3. Govt. grant for work charge establishments in the estimate if drainage	828	6	0				
4. Govt. grant of Tibbiya College, (N.R.)	1,739	1	9				
5. Govt. grant for Library for purchase of books, journal on Scientific Subjects	1,500	6	3				
6. Govt. grant for construction of new Library Building	45,596	5	3				
7. Govt. grant for Mathematics Deptt.	11,046	7	0				
8. U.P. Government grant for Scientific Research under Dr. A. M. Khan Botany Deptt.)	12	9	0				

(II) Fund Account—(contd.)

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.	
Vendors security Deposit Account .	68	0 0		Govt. grant for University Polytechnic to meet the additional maintenance charges and deficit .	44,431	10 9	1,08,760 9 6
Col. Haider Memorial Fund .	10	0 0					
Rent of Shahjehan Manzil .	242	0 0					
S. S. Dining Hall Account .	242	13 0					
Rent of Mohd. Amin Hostel .	864	3 0					
M.U. Industries Account .	32	0 0	13,610 14 9	Deficits			
Security Deposit Account .	47	8 0		Revenue Account			
				As per last Balance Sheet .	24,76,640	9 10	
				Revenue expenditure for the year .	50,11,498	1 9	
					74,88,138	11 7	
				Less Revenue Receipts (Appendix D)	51,32,311	8 1	
					23,55,827	3 6	
Security Deposit Account (Women's College)	11,404	3 0		Less amount received from U.G.C. to meet the deficit for 1955-56 .	4,00,000	0 9	19,55,827 3 6
Electric Accessories Account (Ele. Deptt.)	15,931	5 9		R.D.H. Account .	7	9 0	
Rent of Conference .	72	6 0	27,455 0 9	Vice-Chancellor's Fund .	600	0 0	
Salary stamps Account .	263	7 0		R.D.H. Account Women's College .	9	14 0	
Hire of Gowns Account .	552	10 0	616 1 0	Staff Club Women's College .	2,685	5 3	
Advance against Salaries (W. College Account)	25	0 0		Liabilities account Women's College	194	7 0	
Blind School Account (old) .	598	2 3		Salaries payable Women's College .	8,377	14 5	
Proctorial Fine Account .	424	2 0		House rent Women's College .	77	8 0	
Petty Cash Account .	0	0 6		Suspense Account Women's College	284	15 0	
Advance from M.U. Deposit Account	95,900	0 0	90,947 4 9	Advance on Account Women's College	2,709	5 0	14,946 13 3
Medical Study loan .	148	0 0					
Handicraft material for Blind School	477	14 6		Investment Women's College			
Sultania Historical Society .	135	0 0		Rs. 25,000 3% Funding loan 1966—68			26,117 7 6
N. C. C. Fines .	2,318	9 3		Investment M.U. Girl's High School			
Majaz memorial Conference fund .	202	0 0		Rs. 12,000 @ 4% loan 1960—70 .			18,100 0 0
Cost of bricks of unfinished M. M. Hostel	231	12 0		Syed Husain's Chair Account .	285	15 0	
Cost of books M.U. School .	40	4 3		Unesco Coupon Scheme .	8,878	10 0	9,164 9 0
				General Provident Fund Account .	2,835	12 5	
				Income-tax Account .	50	9 0	

University School Magazine and Reading room account	40 15 3	
Surplus Money of Drug Store	200 4 3	3,794 11 5
Sale of publication (History Deptt.)	294 10 6	
Sale of publication (Islamic Studies)	369 2 3	
Sale of publication (Historical Research)	102 4 0	
	20 1 0	788 1 0
Association of Scientific workers of India A/c	10 0 0	
Dr. Kaith Lyll visit Account	5,284 11 0	5,294 11 0
<i>Trust Fund Interest Account for Scholarships Prizes and Medals out of Endowment</i>		
As per last Balance Sheet	3,667 15 11	
Add interest received during the year	5,761 10 0	
	9,429 9 11	
Less expenditure during the year	6,667 0 0	2,762 9 11
Unspent Balances and Govt. grants (Central) for special purposes Appendix (A)	13,28,182 12 0	
Unspent Balances of U.P. Govt. Grant for special purposes Appendix (B)	78,225 8 3	14,06,408 4 3
Loan from Medical College Fund		4,32,000 0 0
<i>Miscellaneous Deposits for Scholarship Prizes and Medals</i>		
Sir Shah Mohd. Sulaiman Gold Medal	424 12 0	
Stipends for Education Department	10,600 0 0	
Watumal Foundation Scholarship	200 0 0	
Quadria Scholarship	30 0 0	
Mohd. Amin Scholarship for Engg. College Students	4,200 8 0	

Old Boys' Association Account	15 12 0	2,902 1 5
Cash book balance of Women's College at the time of merger into fund Account	60,187 12 10	
Cash book balance of Girls' School at the time of merger into fund Account	6,616 13 6	
Cash book balance of Karachi Bank Account	587 10 0	
Cash book balance M.U. Fund Account	32,765 14 2	1,00,158 2 6

(11) Fund Account—(contd.)

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	A. p.	Rs.	A. p.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. p.
Mohd. Amin Scholarship for University Students	4,250	8 0					
Farhat Memorial Prize Account	5,075	0 0					
Haji Mohd. Zahoor Mohd. Saeed Scholarship	1,635	0 0					
Sir Shah Mohd. Sulaiman Scholarship	11,065	9 3					
Lady Ali Shah Gold Medal donated by A.M. Salim	235	5 0					
A.M. Mustafa for General Scholarship	1,000	0 0					
Donation from Sir Agha Khan for Scholarship	2,000	0 0	40,716	10 3			
Boarding House dues Account			528	13 3			
<i>Donation Account</i>							
H.H. the Rampur Donation for Pol Science Books	2,209	2 0					
Donation for Theology books	3,473	6 0					
Donation for Islamic Studies books	8,702	0 9					
Donation for Islamic Studies buildings	1,500	0 0					
Donation for Hindi and Sanskrit books	100	0 0					
Donation for Blind School	886	5 3	16,870	13 3			
Provident Fund Account (Women's College)	2,133	0 0					
Loan on Provident Fund Account (W. College)	1,327	0 0					
Interest on Provident Fund loan (Womens' College)	18	5 0					
Hospital dues (Women's College)	278	13 6					
Dinner Account (Women's College)	5	0 0					

Magazine Account (Women's College)	1,732	4	0		
Donation Account (Women's College)	2,048	0	0	7,542	6 6
Balance out of Non-Recurring Govt. Grant (Women's College)	1,318	9	0		
Building Fund (Women's College)	20,871	14	0		
U. P. Govt. Grant for building (Women's College)	25,000	0	0		
Girl's High School Cash transferred by Bank	2,942	12	0		
U.P. Govt. Grant for Maintenance (W. College) of Hostel	14,135	15	3		
B.C. of Sheikh Abdulla Account (W. College)	25	0	0	64,294	2 3
<i>Depreciation Fund Women's College</i>					
As per last Balance Sheet	9,000	0	0		
Add Depreciation for the year	9,000	0	0	18,000	0 0
Women's College Library books	57	8	0		
Women's College Cash balance transferred by the Bank	49,763	11	10	49,821	3 10
GRAND TOTAL				38,65,402	4 3
				TOTAL	38,65,402 4 3

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN
Hony. Treasurer
Muslim University, Aligarh.

APPENDIX "A"

Showing Unspent Balances of Central and Provincial Government Grants for 1956-57

	Rs.	a.	p.
Central Government Grant			
1 For Scientific Research Training Scholarship Scheme under Dr. P. S. Gill	3,463	7	3
2 For Research in Humanities	2,206	10	9
3 Grant from Social Welfare	0	6	9
4 For Post Development Botany Department	2,538	5	3
5 For Research in Chemical and investigation of Kharif Seeds	733	0	0
6 For Development in Bio-Chemistry Department	4,846	4	9
7 Govt. Grant for extension Service in Education Department	3,624	15	8
8 Govt. Grant of Rs. 10,80,000/- for Engg. College Equipment	3,156	5	9
9 Govt. Grant for National Sample Survey Scheme under D. P. Mukherjee, Economics Department	1,442	9	0
10 Govt. Grant for Regional Survey in Geography Department	871	0	0
11 Govt. Grant for International Geography Seminar (Geography Deptt.)	100	14	0
12 Govt. Grant for Rs. 15,000/- for Equipment (Geology Deptt.)	16	14	0
13 Govt. Grant for Mathematical Books	0	4	7
14 Govt. Grant for Ophthalmology Department Building	5,000	0	0
15 Govt. Grant of Rs. 1,67,500/- for Post Graduates under Dr. P. S. Gill	1,345	8	0
16 Govt. Grant for Research Post Graduates Development in Physics Department	25,357	7	0
17 Govt. Grant for Research Scholarship under Dr. P. S. Gill	5,783	6	3
18 Govt. Grant for Fundamental Research in Physics Department	767	8	0
19 Govt. Grant for Social tension Philosophy Department	1,116	7	0
20 Govt. Grant for Tibbiya College (Recurring)	8,715	14	0
21 Govt. Grant of Rs. 1,10,000/- for the completion of unfinished Hostels (M.M. Hostel)	6,600	6	3
22 Govt. Grant for construction of Women's College and Hostel Building	58,588	10	3
23 Govt. Grant for purchase of equipment Zoology Department	2	5	0
24 Govt. Grant for Youth Welfare Programme	70	2	0
25 Govt. Grant for Youth Welfare Programme in Engg. College	90	0	0
26 Govt. Grant for Research in Tibbiya College	68,041	2	0
27 U.G.C. Grant Development in Botany Department of Rs. 40,000/- for purchase of equipment	3,646	12	6
28 For Implementation of Scheme of Development in Botany Department	11,168	8	0
29 For Development of Higher Scientific Educational Research	4,943	12	0
30 For Development in Chemistry Department for purchase of equipment	7,753	12	0
31 For Implementation of schemes of Development in Chemistry Deptt. of Rs. 80,000/-	1,927	9	9
32 For Research in Chemistry Department	18,564	0	0
33 For Implementation of scheme of Development in Bio-Chemistry of Rs. 75,000/-	30,902	11	3
34 Grant for Rs. 40,000/- for Development of Higher Scientific Education, Department of Geology	4,144	3	6
35 Grant in system of Examination in respect of M.U. Aligarh	1,729	3	3
36 Grant of Rs. 1,00,000/- for purchase of furniture for Hostel	18,217	6	3
37 Grant for purchase of Workshop equipment for Higher Scientific Education of Rs. 30,000/-	30,000	0	0
38 Grant for purchase of books and journals on Scientific and Technical Subjects	28,054	8	6
39 Grant of Rs. 4,24,000/- for Microwave (Physics Deptt.)	83,965	0	0

	Rs.	a.	p.
40 Grant for Rs. 2,48,000/- for Gulmarg Observatory (Non-Recurring)	1,83,926	7	6
41 Grant for Rs. 26,400/- for Gulmarg Observatory	19,210	6	0
42 Grant for Implementation of the Scheme of History of Urdu Literature of Rs. 7,000	4,939	5	6
43 Grant of Rs. 50,000/- for development in Science subjects Zoology Department	0	2	6
44 Grant of Rs. 45,000/- for implementation of development Scheme Zoology Department	1	7	0
45 Grant for personal allowance to Lecturers	3,651	7	0
46 Grant for Historical Research in Indian History	18,091	12	3
47 Grant for the construction of Physics Lab.	94,402	4	0
48 U.G.C. Grant for purchase of Scientific equipment for Higher Scientific Education Physics Department	46,400	0	0
49 U.G.C. Grant for purchase of Scientific equipment for Higher Scientific Education Chemistry Department	40,000	0	0
50 U.G.C. Grant for purchase of Scientific equipment for Higher Scientific Education Botany Department	16,983	3	0
51 U.G.C. Grant for purchase of Scientific equipment for Higher Scientific Education Zoology Department	25,604	0	9
52 U.G.C. Grant for purchase of Scientific equipment for Higher Scientific Education Mathematics Department	12,375	4	0
53 U.G.C. Grant for purchase of Scientific equipment for Higher Scientific Education Geology Department	25,000	0	0
54 For implementation of project relating to the preparation for Reading Material General Education	15,000	0	0
55 Grant for improvement of instruction for Diploma Courses in Engg. College	99,260	10	0
56 Grant for purchase of Library books of Rs. 40,000/-	20,687	7	6
57 Grant for purchase of books Gulmarg Observatory	23,000	0	0
58 Grant for publication submitted to International Geography Seminar	9,185	0	0
59 Grant for Scholarship awarded to Mr. Mehboob	621	12	0
60 Grant for Engg. College equipment	2,00,000	0	0
61 Grant for Sanskrit and Arabic Scholarship	1,687	8	0
62 Grant of Rs. 8,000/- for Social Welfare	2,094	6	9
63 Grant for Finite and Infinite Matrices and their Eigen values under Dr. S. M. Shah, Mathematics, Deptt.	3,720	0	0
64 Govt. Grant of Rs. 2,00,000/-	6,279	5	0
65 Grant for Study of Microwave Spectra of different topic species of Physics Department (C.S.I.R. Grant)	772	10	0
66 Grant for Scheme on Molecular Spectra Hologen in the Vacuum Ultra Violet Region (C.S.I.R.) grant	1,385	0	0
67 Iran Govt. Annual Grant of Rs. 5,000/-	5,000	0	0

13,28,182 12 0

U. P. Govt. Grant

68 For practical Training Engg. College Scholarship	1,710	5	0
69 Cultural Scholarship Grant from Indian Cultural relation through Vice-Chancellor	6	0	0
70 For Saponins under Dr. M. O. Farooq, Chemistry Department	713	6	6

U. P. Government Grant—(Contd.)		Rs. a. p.
71	For Research on clouring material under Dr. M. A. Aziz, Chemistry Department	877 3 6
72	For Research on D.D.T.T.C.P. under Dr. M. O. Farooq, Chemistry Department	1,723 4 0
73	For Research and manufacture of Glucose, Chemistry, Deptt.	48 3 0
74	For preparation of Matephosphate under mr. Deshmukh Chemistry Department	350 0 0
75	For Scientific Research work under Dr. A. R. Kidwai, Chemistry Department	1,717 9 0
76	Govt. Grant for studies Chemistry Department	1,000 0 0
77	For Gluconic Acid Fommentation Bio-Chemistry	4,720 0 0
78	Survey of living of the Ex-Criminal Tribes Economics Deptt.	3,687 7 0
79	Govt. Grant for Research in Coal Geology Department	3,525 10 0
80	Govt. Grant of Rs. 8,400/- for Mathematics Department (Under Dr. J. A. Siddiqi) for Research on generalized classes of Quasi Analytic functions	2,670 0 0
81	Govt. Grant for Research on Mathematics under Dr. S. M. Shah	250 0 0
82	Govt. Grant for Research on Integral function under Dr. S. M. Shah and Dr. Farooq	0 0 9
83	Govt. Grant for Research in Insoling under Dr. A. Rao (Chemistry Deptt.)	1,913 5 6
84	Govt. Grant for Standardization of Electric circuit in Cosmic Rays under Dr. P. S. Gill	1,952 12 6
85	Govt. Grant for Research work for Rals Ahmad Physics, under Dr. P. S. Gill	1,150 0 0
86	Govt. Grant for Rare events in Cosmic Rays under Dr. P. S. Gill	2 14 6
87	Govt. Grant for study of heavy masons using nuclear emulsion under Dr. P. S. Gill	674 11 0
88	Govt. Grant for Tibbiya College	88 15 0
89	Govt. Grant for Tibbiya College	7 6 0
90	Govt. Grant for Research in Harmonous avely generalised Transforms, Trigonometrical Series etc.	1,800 0 0
91	Govt. Grant for construction of a hall in Girls' High School	29,971 0 0
92	Govt. Grant under Dr. Riayat Khan, Botany Department	2,300 0 0
93	Govt. Grant under Dr. Malik	2,300 0 0
94	Govt. Grant for Tibbiya Collge of Rs. 11,000/- (Non-Recurring)	10,295 7 0
95	U. P. Govt. Grant for Physics Department	2,770 0 0
TOTAL		78,225 8 3

APPENDIX "B"

Showing the Deficit during the Year 1956-57.

Department	As per last Balance Sheet			Deficit(—) or surplus (+) as per Revenue Account during the year			Total Deficit(—) or surplus (+) during the year			Remarks
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Medical Department .	1,42,434	7	2	49,407	12	0	1,91,842	3	2	
Garden and Lands .	87,622	2	3	31,222	14	9	1,18,845	1	0	
M. U. Gazette .	11,471	11	9	3,722	12	6	15,194	11	3	
Ahmadi School for the Blind .	5,978	11	0	14,557	5	3	20,536	0	3	
Conservancy Department .	68,369	7	9	39,284	1	6	1,07,653	9	3	
Polytechnic Department .	51,421	7	6	10,501	15	3	61,923	6	9	
Electricity Department .	+40,858	12	6	+2,933	1	6	+43,791	14	0	
Telephonic Department .	10,530	7	0	4,076	11	9	14,607	4	9	
M.U. High School .	1,10,390	13	5	36,961	1	1	1,47,351	14	6	
M. U. City High School .	1,00,103	4	2	30,990	15	9	1,31,094	3	11	
M.U. City Branch School .	13,343	15	6	5,341	13	0	18,685	12	6	
Women's College .	2,91,719	1	5	1,67,432	9	6	4,59,151	10	11	
Girls' High School .	17,222	9	9	11,284	12	0	28,507	5	0	
Agriculture Farm and Fort .	81,449	3	5	16,687	0	0	98,136	3	5	
Property Department .	18,037	3	4	7,488	10	4	25,526	13	8	
Engineering College .	7,66,562	15	7	2,80,751	1	3	10,47,314	0	10	+4,73,515
Addition and alteration Tibbiya College .	2,11,443	4	9	47,683	13	9	2,59,127	2	6	Accumulated deficit to the end 1952-53
Proctorial Department .	2,94,533	14	9	1,10,733	0	3	4,05,256	15	0	
Examination Department .	10,006	14	8	..	..	..	10,006	14	8	
Muslim University .	33,152	7	5	16,253	13	9	49,406	5	3	+1,77,595
Revenue A/c .	77,272	2	11	+10,87,760	11	0	+10,10,488	8	1	Accumulated deficit to the end 1952-53
Institute of Ophthalmology .	72,835	3	0	28,114	10	0	1,00,949	13	0	
Institute of Islamic Studies .	41,597	14	6	57,382	3	6	98,980	2	0	
	25,17,499	6	4	9,69,880	6	2	34,10,107	9	7	
	40,858	12	6	10,90,693	12	6	10,54,280	6	1	
	24,76,640	9	10	1,20,813	6	4	23,55,827	3	6	

PROVIDENT FUND ACCOUNT

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957.

Liabilities		Assets	
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
<i>Provident Fund Account</i>		<i>Investments</i>	
(a) As per last Balance Sheet	21,79,488 15 1	Rs. 36,000 at 3% U.P. Loan 1961-66	32,731 14 0
(b) Add members subscription and Departmental contribution University and Allied Institutions	2,88,809 2 6	Rs. 2,76,500 at 3% loan 1963-65	2,66,230 0 4
	24,68,298 1 7	Rs. 60,000 at 3% 1st. Dev. loan 1970-75	52,730 7 6
Less Provident Fund paid to members.	64,893 7 11	Rs. 17,700 at 3% Vict. loan 1957	17,434 8 0
		Rs. 43,000 at 3% loan 1963-65	39,793 0 0
<i>Interest Account</i>		Rs. 66,000 at 3½% National Plan Loan 1964	65,566 14 0
(a) As per last Balance Sheet (undistributed)	55,329 2 9	Rs. 1,00,000 at 4% U. P. loan 1963	99,500 0 0
(b) Add Interest earned during the year	71,986 0 3	Rs. 6,92,400 at 4% loan 1960-70	7,28,751 4 0
		Rs. 20,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1957 2nd issue)	19,900 0 0
Investment Depreciation Fund	7,186 10 10	Rs. 17,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	16,915 0 0
Mr. Rafi Rahmat Ullah's Account	8,082 4 6	Rs. 4,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. Loan 1967	3,985 0 0
Miscellaneous Account	18 15 0	Rs. 2,500 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	2,487 6 0
Suspense Account	43 3 11	Rs. 1,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	995 10 0
University loan Account (M.U. Fund)	18,000 0 0	Rs. 10,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	9,965 10 0
		Rs. 25,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	24,890 10 0
		Rs. 25,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	24,890 10 0
		Rs. 1,500 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	1,494 13 6
		Rs. 6,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	5,996 4 0
		Rs. 25,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	24,968 12 0
		Rs. 5,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1967	4,915 10 0

Rs. 57,600 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1968	57,312	0	0		
Rs. 53,000 at 4% U.P. State Dev. loan 1968	49,031	4	0		
Rs. 4,25,000/- 12 years Post Office National Savings Certificates	4,25,000	0	0		
Rs. 1,43,000/- 12 years Post Office National Savings Certificate	1,43,000	0	0		
Rs. 50,000/- 12 years Post Office National Savings Certificate	50,000	0	0		
Rs. 5,000/- 7 years Post Office National Savings Certificate	5,000	0	0		
				21,73,486	11 4
<i>Loan Account</i>					
(a) Loan to subscribers	1,21,810	1	5		
(b) Building loan investment	200	0	0		
				1,22,010	1 5
Proforma interest on National Savings Certificates					
				1,75,234	14 11
<i>Outstanding Account</i>					
(Personal and University contribution)					
(a) M. U. Fund Account	57	2	0		
(b) Women's College Account	2,133	0	0		
(c) Electricity Department	28	11	0		
				2,218	13 0
Cash Book Balance as on 31st March, 1957				91,100	6 3
TOTAL	25,64,050	14	11	TOTAL	25,64,050 14 11

(Sd.) OBaidur RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

MEDICAL COLLEGE

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities		Assets	
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
		<i>Investments</i>	
Individual Donation	23,99,578 12 6	Rs. 1,00,000 @ 3% Victory loan 1957 .	1,00,750 0 0
Estate Donations	16,05,000 0 0	Rs. 10,00,000 @ 3% Victory loan 1959-61 .	10,05,666 10 8
(7 years National Savings Certificates Investment Fund)	1,20,000 0 0	Rs. 21,00,000 @ 3% 1st Development 1960-70 .	20,82,257 2 5
12 years National Savings Certificates (Contribution for Medical College Account, (Keeping payable to M.U. Fund Account,	50,000 0 0	Rs. 2,00,000 @ 3% W.P. loan 1961-66 .	2,10,591 13 3
	6,912 0 0	Rs. 50,000 @ 4% Development loan 1963 .	49,750 0 0
<i>Interest Account</i>		Rs. 2,80,000 @ 3% Conversion loan 1946 .	2,86,449 12 3
As per last year Balance Sheet	7,54,839 14 7	Rs. 1,00,000 @ 3% Funding loan 1966-68 .	1,04,490 4 9
Add receipt during the year	1,11,607 4 0	Rs. 37,500 @ 3% G.P. Notes 1957 .	37,476 5 0
TOTAL	8,66,447 2 7	Rs. 1,00,000 @ 3% G.P. Notes 1957 .	1,00,000 0 0
<i>Less transaction during the year</i>		(1) 70,000 } Seven years National Saving Certificates {	70,000 0 0
Transferred to Medical Study Loan	25,000	(2) 50,000 }	50,000 0 0
Transferred for investment in small Saving scheme	50,000	(3) 50,000 12 years National Savings Certificates	50,000 0 0
Transferred to M. U. Fund Account contribution	50,000		
Transferred to Bank Commission	22-8-0	Short Deposit of H.M. King Saudi Donation with the Central Bank of India	10,08,470 0 0
Income from rent of Mudhurest	1,35,022 8 0		10,08,470 0 0
	375 0 0		
<i>Current Account</i>		<i>Medicines Account</i>	
Pathology Examination	166 11 0	As per last Balance Sheet	1,07,918 10 11
Blood Test	103 0 0	Add expenditure during the year	166 2 9
Prospectus Account	61 7 0		
Lab. income	275 8 0	TOTAL	1,08,084 13 8
House rent	282 11 0	Less income during the year	6,438 10 9
Rent and establishment account	4 0 0		

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(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer
Muslim University, Aligarh.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNT

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets.		
	Rs. a. p.	R. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
All India Muslim Educational Conference current account	644 10 10	644 10 10	<i>Staff Securities Investments</i>		
<i>Duty Society Account</i>			Rs. 750 @ 4% loan 1960-70 at cost	738 12 0	
Duty Society	4,007 8 2		Rs. 250 @ 3% conversion loan 1946	241 6 6	
Construction of Duty Society Building	8,600 0 0		Rs. 150 @ 3% conversion loan 1946	144 13 6	1,125 0 0
R.D.H. Account	10,370 14 0	22,978 6 2	Deposit with Hydro Electric Engineer Roorkee		
General Reserve Fund		451 3 0	Post Office Cash Certificate	2,097 4 0	2,097 4 0
<i>Securities</i>			<i>General Reserve Investments</i>		
Staff security	500 0 0		Rs. 550 @ 4% loan 1960-70 at cost	541 3 0	
Personal deposits	13,509 0 0		Rs. 5,300 @ 3% loan 1961-66 at cost	5,001 14 0	
Building Contractor's Security	44,234 14 0		Rs. 25,000 @ 3% U.P. loan 1961-66 at cost	23,963 4 0	
M.U. Cashier's security	1,074 12 0		Rs. 50,000 @ 3% G.P. Notes 1963-65 at cost	44,111 7 8	
Compounder's security	149 8 0		Rs. 1,00,000 @ 3% Victory loan 1957	1,00,791 10 8	
Electric consumers' security Deposit A/c	1,898 15 0		Rs. 25,000 @ 3% G.P. Notes 1963-65 at cost	24,159 13 8	
M.U. City High School B.H. security	50 0 0		Rs. 25,000 @ 3% G.P. Notes 1963-65 at cost	24,155 3 9	2,22,724 8 9
Agriculture Inspector's security	500 0 0		<i>Miscellaneous Accounts</i>		
Flour Mill security	1,000 0 0		Loan to M.U. Fund Account	90,900 0 0	
Security deposit for Tibbiya College	645 10 3		Dr. Zakir Hussain Account	329 8 9	
Security of Mr. Zamir Hasan Naqvi (Cashier)	500 0 0		Ex-Criminal tribe survey	200 0 0	
Security deposit for coal	250 0 0	65,257 3 3	Blind School Revenue Account	996 3 6	92,425 12 3
Vendors' security deposit	944 8 0		Outstandings	30,081 15 6	
<i>Electric Department</i>			Petty Cash	10 0 0	
Electric Accessories	17,759 14 1		Cash with State Bank of India, Aligarh	37,515 2 7	67,607 2 1
Electric Department Revenue Account	51,483 14 11				
Electric Deposit Account	5 10 0				
Provident Fund loan	147 0 0	69,506 7 0			
Provident Fund Account	110 0 0				
Club and Societies Hall establishment	3,409 14 0	3,409 14 0			

Syed Hussain Chair's Account . .	7,331	15	0	
Syed Hussain Fellowship Account .	1,806	11	0	
Furnishing the office of Syed Hussain	26	12	0	9,165 6 0

Miscellaneous Deposits

Donation from members of Court .	12,105	4	0	
All India Economic Conference Account	61	4	0	
Federation Account	64	12	3	
Interest Account	95,988	14	10	
Islamic History and Culture Fund .	675	15	5	
Indian Political Science Conference .	24	9	9	
M. U. Staff Club	90	7	3	
M. Mubarak Husain Account . . .	4,714	9	0	
Mohd. Amin Hostel Account . . .	259	12	3	
N.C.C. Account	1,014	3	6	
Poor Students Fund	2,421	7	1	
Rent of Sarfaraz House	438	8	0	
Recovery of Government money .	250	0	0	
Suspense Account	4,826	8	6	
Sir Salar Jang Scholarships . . .	58	11	0	
Scholarship for Arabic Students Account	294	6	0	
Vice-Chancellor's Fund	9,624	7	10	
Vice-Chancellor's flood relief Fund .	10,500	0	0	
V. C's Fund Students Conference .	600	0	0	
Tarwala Bungalow Mosque Fund .	299	6	4	

DEPOSIT ACCOUNT—(contd.)

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
K.B.S. Abdullah's Birthday .	360	0 0			
Kashmir needy students Fund .	750	0 0			
International students service .	10,194	10 9			
I. S. I. Unit Aligarh Branch .	516	6 0			
International Council for the Afro Asian Geography.	4,896	0 0			
Donation by H.M. King Saud of Arabia	50,000	0 0			
M. U. Industries Account .	474	10 0			
C.Z.G. Sale of Plants . . .	1	0 0	2,11,605	13	
Advance on Account. . . .	..		2,870	11 1	
TOTAL . . . . .	..		3,85,979	11 1	
			TOTAL . . . . .	..	3,85,979 11 8

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Muslim University Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Department)

For the year ended on 31st March, 1957

	Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>Salaries</i>						
Teaching Staff	9,32,318	5	3			
Administrative Staff	1,00,837	4	0			
Ministerial Staff University Main	1,35,095	1	0			
Ministerial Staff Building Department	2,503	13	0			
Technical Staff University Main	88,879	14	0			
Technical Staff Building Department	23,797	12	0			
Subordinate Staff University Main	49,295	9	3			
Subordinate Staff Building Department	2,904	15	0			
Temporary Staff in leave vacancy	75,190	12	0			
Temporary Staff in Balance Sheet	1,289	15	6			
Salaries University Chowkidar	6,879	0	0			
Overseas Modified Scholarship out of General Savings	6,772	6	0			
Special Increments to teachers out of U.P. Government Grant	1,488	0	0			
Dearness Allowance University Main	2,74,702	1	0			
Dearness Allowance Building Department	10,376	0	0			
Provident Fund University Main	73,695	14	0			
				I. University Main		
				(i) <i>Grants-in-Aid</i>		
				Central Government Grants Block Grant	31,86,000	0 0
				U. P. Government Grants		
				General	64,400	0 0
				B. Ed. Stipends	4,000	0 0
				Former Ruling States Grants		
				Rampur	6,000	0 0
				Sir Salar Jung Estate	1,187	8 0
				(ii) <i>Fees from Students</i>		
				Tuition Fees (Faculties) of Theology, Arts and Science	3,83,275	12 0
				Admission Fees	12,603	8 0
				Transfer Certificate Fee.	4,914	0 0
				Business Training Class Fee	778	0 0
				Interest on Investments		
				Permanent Endowments	89,887	4 0
				Permanent Reserve Fund	55,465	0 0
				Special Floating Reserve Fund	11,536	12 0
					1,56,889	0 0

Expenditure				Income			
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
Provident Fund Building Department	357	8	0	Waqfs and Endowments			
Other Allowances	7,958	11	9	Karnal Waqf	2,790	0	0
General T.A.	29,148	3	3	Mohiuddin Art Gallery	600	0	0
T.A. to E.C. Members	2,579	12	0	Royalties	2,400	0	0
Gratuities	1,501	1	0	Muslim University Press	1,475	0	0
				Flour Mill			
Other Expenses (Recurring)				Rents			
Contingencies				Boarding Houses	29,965	7	0
Department of English	220	11	3	Residential Quarters and Bungalows	53,092	9	3
Department of History	143	14	0	Electric Fittings in Residential Quarters	2,312	7	0
Department of Political Science	125	0	0	Society Garden Quarters	150	0	0
Department of Philosophy	150	0	0	Society Garden Building	660	0	0
Department of Economics	97	14	0	Shops and Stalls	1,256	0	0
Department of Commerce	50	0	0	Other Income			
Department of Arabic	138	8	0	Contributions and Collection charges			
				Dawakhan Tibbiya College	25	0	0
Department of Persian	50	0	0	Staff Club	300	0	0
Department of Urdu	50	0	0	Old Boys Association	50	0	0
Department of Sanskrit and Hindi	75	0	0	Works Charge Establishment	33,624	11	0
Department of Law	134	15	6	Miscellaneous Income			
Department of Education	503	0	0	Late payment, Class discipline and Proctorial Fines	180	3	6
Department of Mathematics	174	11	0	Cost of Books (Lost)	644	5	0
Department of Military Science	45	12	0	Vendors License Fee	885	0	0
Vice Chancellor's Office	1,649	9	6	Cost of Identity Cards	5	8	0
Pro-Vice-Chancellor's Office	556	10	6				

Registrar's Office	28,087	1	0		
Central Accounts Office	4,034	0	0		
Boarding House Office	1,491	14	6		
Steward's Office	381	9	9		
Faculty of Theology	49	6	0		
Faculty of Arts	393	10	9		
Faculty of Science	157	7	6	34,595	1 6
Proctor's Office	388	0	6		
Proctorial Department	99	3	0		
Lytton Library	2,612	13	3		
Information Office	27	14	0		
Office of the Appointment Board	7	6	0		
Nazim Shia Section	114	1	0		
Nazim Sunni Section	580	3	0		
Business Training Class	187	5	0		
Building Department	1,099	6	0	5,116	3 9
<i>Lab. Running Expenses</i>					
Psychological Lab.	996	3	6		
Physics Department	11,188	11	0		
Chemistry Department	47,702	15	3		
Bio-Chemistry Department	2,992	9	6		
Zoology Department	8,894	9	0		
Mathematics Department	683	8	0		
Botany Department	8,295	9	6		
Geography Department	688	0	0		
Geology Department	2,840	15	3	84,283	1 0
<i>Printing and Binding Charges</i>					
Education Department	74	1	3		
Registrar's Office	26,169	10	6		
Central Accounts Office for Accounts Registers	3,167	1	3		
Central Accounts for Budget and Audit Reports	3,591	12	9		
Boarding House Office	1,299	13	3		
Faculty of Arts	964	4	3		
Faculty of Science	644	15	0		
Lytton Library	4,373	14	0		
Binding of M. S. S.	3,127	12	0		
Printing of Hand List of New Additions Lytton Library	249	6	0		
Advertisement Charges—Registrar's Office	19,075	10	0		
Building Department	888	4	6	63,626	8 9

Miscellaneous	80,061	13	9		
Library Fines	830	4	0	82,607	2 3
Fees against adjustment of Previous years advances under the head M. U. B. H. A/c (Rs. 46,695/11/6) and Sir Syed Hall (Rs. 26,044/9/- as per Audit Objection)				72,740	4 6
<i>By Adjustment of Accounts noted below as per Audit Objections</i>					
Reserve Against Order	37,899	11	11		
Sundry Liabilities	57,282	10	10		
Undisbursed Salaries	26,604	8	10	1,21,787	4 7
Breakage of Property Department	748	7	9		
Breakage of Geography Department	13	0	0		
Breakage of Chemistry Department	6,500	8	6		
Breakage of Physics Department	499	5	3		
Breakage of Geology Department	42	0	0		
Breakage of Sc. Lab. Edn. Department	16	0	0	7,819	5 6
Income by adjustment against expenditure of preceding out of Revenue	1,200	0	0	1,200	0 0

M. U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—(contd.)

Expenditure			Income			
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
<i>Purchase of Books</i>						
Department of English . . .	2,774	0 0				
Department of History . . .	2,585	0 0				
Department of Political Science . . .	1,632	8 0				
Department of Philosophy . . .	2,701	11 0				
Department of Economics . . .	2,575	8 3				
Department of Commerce . . .	1,153	12 0				
Department of Persian . . .	736	4 0				
Department of Arabic . . .	1,127	0 0				
Department of Urdu . . .	1,035	4 0				
Department of Sanskrit and Hindi . . .	2,227	5 3				
Department of Law . . .	1,892	8 0				
Department of Education . . .	2,353	7 9				
Department of Physics . . .	6,019	15 6				
Department of Chemistry . . .	2,636	2 0				
Department of Zoology . . .	2,928	6 0				
Department of Mathematics . . .	2,732	0 0				
Department of Botany . . .	2,739	1 0				
Department of Geography . . .	1,915	2 0				
Department of Geology . . .	5,020	6 0				
Department of Theology . . .	1,499	10 0				
Department of Manuscript . . .	150	0 0				
Department of General . . .	3,152	14 0				
Department of Engineering . . .	5,331	8 0				
Department of Reserve . . .	4,058	8 0	60,977	12	9	
<i>Other Charges</i>						
Apparatus, Maps and Charts, Edu. Deptt. . .	1,175	7 0				
Apparatus, Maps & Charts Geog. Deptt. . .	1,199	13 0				
Apparatus, Maps & Charts Geology Deptt. . .	373	1 0				
Publication of Books by Members of Teaching Staff (Faculty of Arts) . . .	4,759	2 0	7,507	7	0	
Monographs (Faculty of Science, . . .	3,109	9 6				
Purchase of Books & Journals-Lytton Library . . .	8,963	8 9	12,073	2	3	

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[PART II

Vice-Chancellor's Car (Petrol and Mobil Oil)	2,163	10	3		
Vice-Chancellor's Car (Registration etc.)	1,315	1	0		
House Tax	18,264	1	9		
Rent of the Old Boys Guest Room & Elec. Charges	11	6	6	21,754	3 6
Watering Charges Guest Room (Old Boys)	3	8	0		
Watering Charges Central Accounts Office	733	1	0		
Watering Charges Nazim Sunni	48	5	6		
Watering Charges Geography Deptt.	25	8	0		
Ramzan Expenses Shia Section	100	0	0		
Ramzan Expenses Sunni Section	396	15	0		
Cemetery Expenses	56	12	0		
Library Training Class Expenses	169	8	0		
Cataloguing Accessories—Lytton Library	2,167	9	0		
Exhibition Expenses	200	0	0		
Annual Function Photo—Proctor's Office	140	0	0		
Night Watch Expenses	197	9	9	4,238	4 0
Excursion Zoology Deptt.	2,000	0	0		
Excursion Botany Deptt.	1,000	0	0		
Excursion Geology	2,637	13	6		
Station Wagon Expenses—Physics Deptt.	1,330	4	9		
Cyclostyles Composition Lessons—English Department	1,392	12	3		
Micro Films—Economic Deptt.	250	0	0		
Hand work material (Edu. Deptt.)	125	11	0		
Perishable (Edu. Deptt.)	25	5	0		
Books for Pupil teacher (Edu. Deptt.)	111	8	0		
Film Strips (Edu. Deptt.)	66	12	0		
Workshop Expenses—Physics Deptt.	1,463	2	6		
Field work for Cosmic Rays—Physics Deptt.	8,605	7	9	19,008	12 9
Repairs of Cycle—Proctor's Office	225	0	0		
Repairs of Typewriters Proctor's Office	49	6	0		

M. U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—*contd.*

Expenditure	Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.
Badges	36	2	6
Elect. Charges Lecture Rooms and Offices	35,000	0	0
Elect. Charges Vice-Chancellor's House	134	3	0
Specimens Geology Deptt.	1,211	3	0
Glassware Chemical Deptt.	980	11	6
Filed Survey Camp (Geography)	1,199	11	0
Service Charges and repair of Machine of Culter Room and Air Condition- ing plant and Temperature Tank of Glass House	326	0	0
Annual Repairs to Calculating Math. Department	150	0	0

General Miscellaneous Expenses

Entertainment Expenses	6,958	5	3
Unforeseen Expenses	25,341	3	7
Extension Lectures	1,961	15	0
Telephone Rents	3,565	3	0
Liveries	11,377	8	3
Improvement of Uny. Lands	2,200	1	0
Encouragement of cultural activi- ties	2,737	10	3
Fire Insurance Premium—Library and Labs.	992	4	0

Exchange and Commission	453	12	6			
Interest on Loans and Overdrafts	4,861	2	0			
University Car Expenses	1,762	4	3			
Sir Syed Day Expenses.	1,058	4	6	14,065	6	6

Rent of Conference Hall with electricity	1,448	10	0			
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Repair of Water Cooler	95	0	0	1,543	10	0
University Publications Freeship & Half freeship to students	96,853	0	0	96,853	0	0

Miscellaneous Expenditure out of General Savings of the Budget	22,112	11	9	22,112	11	9
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Outstanding Liabilities	535	8	0	535	8	0
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Expenditure for the visit to the Republic China				400	0	0
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Expenditure by adjustment against Income of the preceding year out of Revenue account				3,917	0	0
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Inter-Varsity Cricket Tournament	2,500	0	0			
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Cataloguing Indexing the Seminar Library (Geog. Department)	382	0	0			
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Payment of custom duty on equipment for research in Plant Pathology (Botany Department)	10,000	0	0			
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N.R.S.C. Re-organisation Scheme	1,198	11	0			
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Rent of the Old Boys Guest Room and Electric Charges (Steward's Office)	110	7	6			
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Electric Fans and Fittings in the New Lecture Room of the upper storey of S.M. East	1,709	13	6			
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Watering charges for the guest room in the Old Boys Lodge	42	8	0	15,943	8	0
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Depreciation

On Buildings	75,655	0	0
On Electric Fittings	13,273	0	0
On Motor Pump Sets	1,503	0	0
On Apparatus and Appliances	23,922	0	0
On Furniture and Equipment	35,516	0	0

M. U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments) —*contd.*

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
On Motor Cars and Station Wagons	4,858 0 0		
On Typewriters and Cycles	4,169 0 0		
On Machines and Equipment—			
Engg. College	40,500 0 0		
On Machines and Equipment—			
Tibbiya College	1,500 0 0		
On Machines and Equipment—			
Women's College	9,600 0 0		
On Machines and Equipment—			
Telephone	900 0 0	2,10,796 0 0	
<i>Maintenance Grants</i>			
Riding School	3,000 0 0		
National Cadet Corps	1,500 0 0		
Indian Council of World Affairs	2,500 0 0		
Aftab Hall	504 0 0		
Armoury	492 0 0		
Duty Society	324 0 0		
Vice-Chancellor's House rent	1,716 0 0		
Guest House	810 0 0		
Staff Club	1,404 0 0		
		12,250 0 0	
<i>Subscriptions</i>			
Indian Institute of Internal Affairs	100 0 0		
Indian Library Associations	25 0 0		
Inter University Board	1,000 0 0	1,125 0 0	
<i>Scholarships</i>			
Islamic Studies	2,040 0 0		
Sanskrit	871 0 0		
Muslim History and Philosophy	400 0 0		
B. Ed. Stipends	4,220 0 0		

Studentship	14,605	0	0			
Merit Scholarship	9,679	0	0			
General Merit Scholarship	2,343	0	0	34,158	0	0
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Annual repairs of Building	28,978	2	0			
Petty Works	1,410	10	6			
Repairs of Roads	6,827	1	6			
Repairs of tool and plants	148	13	6	37,364	11	6
<hr/>						
<i>Historical Research</i>						
Salaries Research Staff	25,432	5	0			
Salaries Office Staff	6,909	6	0	32,341	11	0
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Office contingencies				1,241	14	6
Travelling Allowance				411	7	0
Purchase of books journal manuscripts						
Rotographs and Micro-Film				11,633	15	3
Publication for remuneration				14,221	7	6
Purchase of furniture and Almirah (N.R.)				384	13	0
<hr/>						
<i>Non-Recurring</i>						
<i>Purchase of Apparatus and Appliances</i>						
Philosophy Department	3,096	8	0			
Physics Department	23,061	8	6			
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Geography Department	3,000	0	0			
Geology Department	2,000	0	0			
Microscope Geology	1,887	0	6	33,045	1	0
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<i>Purchase of Maps and Charts</i>						
History Department	6	14	0			
Geography Department	2,000	0	0			
English Department	197	0	0	2,203	14	0
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<i>Purchase of Furniture</i>						
English Department	1,482	9	0			
Political Science Department	981	4	0			
Philosophy Department	499	6	0			
Commerce Department	500	0	0			
Arabic Department	200	0	0			
Sanskrit and Hindi	1,354	8	0			
Law Department	366	5	0			

M. U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—*contd.*

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Education Department . . .	7 11 6		
Physics Department . . .	988 0 0		
Botany Department . . .	375 0 0		
Chemistry Department . . .	976 10 9		
Mathematics Department . . .	731 12 6	8,463 2 9	
Zoology Department . . .	1,873 5 0		
Geography Department . . .	1,216 8 0		
Geology Department . . .	2,890 14 0		
P. V. C's Office . . .	1,194 8 0		
Registrar's Office . . .	3,332 0 0		
Central Accounts Office . . .	2,538 9 9		
Steward's Office . . .	689 5 0		
Property Department . . .	2,424 11 0		
Lytton Library . . .	9,309 7 9		
Dean's Office Faculty of Arts . . .	991 1 0		
Engg. College Mosque . . .	99 9 0	26,559 14 6	
<i>Purchase of Typewriters</i>			
English Department . . .	952 2 0		
Political Science Department . . .	844 12 0		
Botany Department . . .	906 13 3		
Geography Department . . .	1,199 2 3		
Central Account Office . . .	1,086 1 0		
Lytton Library . . .	1,102 15 6		
Information office . . .	440 1 0	6,531 15 0	
<i>Purchase of Cycles</i>			
English Department . . .	159 14 0		
Mathematics Department . . .	249 13 0		
Zoology Department . . .	247 4 0		
Property Department . . .	248 12 9		
Lytton Library . . .	248 9 6		
Nazim Sunni Section . . .	249 3 0	1,403 8 3	

<i>Printing and Binding</i>			
Steward's Office	110	0	0
Property Department	90	0	0
Lytton Library	4,967	13	0
Nazim Sunni Section	100	0	0
		5,267	13 0

<i>Publication</i>			
Arabic Department	1,066	6	6
Vice-Chancellor's Office	1,200	0	0
		2,266	6 6

<i>Electric Installation and Accessories</i>			
Philosophy Department	193	4	0
Law Department	18	6	0
Botany Department	1,207	5	0
Central Accounts Office	762	14	0
Lytton Library	1,349	11	0
History and Political Science	1,000	0	0
Lectures rooms and Offices	9,385	14	6
Residential quarters	717	7	0
New Telephone Exchange	2,806	4	0
Extension of service line	2,933	0	0
Sanskrit and Hindi Department	598	2	0
		20,972	3 6

<i>Installation of Ceiling Fans</i>			
Education Department	1,451	10	0
Registrar's Office	394	5	6
Boarding House Accounts Office	250	0	0
Steward's Office	185	15	0
Quarter No. 4 Hali Road	217	14	6
		2,499	13 0
Dean, Faculty of Arts	168	0	0*
		*168	0 0

<i>Repairs of Furniture etc.</i>			
History Department	200	0	0
Political Science	67	4	0
Education Department	27	0	0
Mathematics Departments	250	0	0
Zoology Department	200	0	0
Repairs of Pumping Set	1,294	13	6
Repairs of Typewriter (Zoology)	50	0	0
Repairs and replacement of apparatus (Zoology)	1,499	2	0
Repairs of old instruments (Geography)	300	0	0

M. U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—*contd.*

Expenditure	Income		
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Charts, Diagrams models (Economics)	250 0 0		
Mounting of maps and charts (Educational)	128 14 0		
Mounting and binding of charts (Zoology)	200 0 0		
Mounting and binding of maps (Geology)	287 3 9	4,754 5 3	
<i>Purchase of Durries</i>			
English Department	300 0 0		
Education Department	282 1 3		
Nazim Sunni Section	40 0 0	622 1 3	
<i>Purchase of Clock-Stop Watches</i>			
Geology Department	151 4 0		
Central Accounts Office	200 0 0		
Education Department	167 0 0		
Purchase of chicks Engineering Department	26 4 0		
Purchase of Crockery Property Department	2,966 4 9		
Purchase of Crockery Nazim Shia	20 10 0	3,531 6	
<i>Miscellaneous</i>			
Card Index Cabinet (Eng. Department)	132 3 0		
Research Scheme (Economics)	714 10 0		
Statistical Training (Economics)	3,618 13 9		
Remuneration to Editor's (Arabic, Department)	1,750 0 0		

Purchase of Law Reports (Law Department)	2,071	4	0	
Material for Project (Education)	299	2	0	
Roll up black board (Education)	749	8	6	
Test Scales (Education)	600	6	6	
Cleaning the gas and water pipe (Botany)	1,800	0	0	
Photographs for well-known Mathematicians (Mathematics Department)	100	0	0	
Cards Cabinet for Seminar Library (Mathematics Department)	208	0	0	
Cyclostyling Tutorial Papers (Mathematics Department)	221	1	0	12,265 0 9
Electric Equipments (Mathematics Department)	451	15	0	
Museum specimen (Zoology Department)	997	0	0	
Survey Instruments (Geography Department)	1,250	0	0	
Purchase of Geographical Journals	480	0	0	
Purchase of books Shia Theology	1,000	0	0	
Training in Accountancy (C.A.'s Office)	900	0	0	
Steel Card Cabinet (Library)	964	0	0	
Cyclostyling Synopsis and Bibliography	1,983	13	0	
Court expenses including Sirohi Waqf	4,527	1	0	
Free Foreign Scholars	1,250	0	0	
Purchase of Elect. Blower	458	8	0	
Development of University Grounds and Osar Lands	9,896	2	3	
Elect. requirement for Dark Room History Department	162	5	0	
Payment of Government Loan of Rs. 1,10,000	3,334	0	0	27,654 12 3

M.U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—*contd.*

Expenditure				Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.
Subsidy to University Halls . . .	2,500	0	0	2,500	0	0
Printing Charges (Miscellaneous) . .	740	0	0	740	0	0
Inter University Athletic Account . .	1,737	0	0			
Prime Minister's Visit Account . . .	24	6	6			
King Saud's Visit Account . . .	2,048	13	0	3,810	3	6
Total Recurring and Non-Recurring . .				29,09,993	14	4
BUILDING						
<i>Faculty of Science</i>						
Construction of storm water drain and other drainage in Chemistry Department	2,981	14	0			
Laboratory for Bio-Chemistry with preparation, culture and staff room in Chemistry De- partment	8,717	1	6			
Additions and alterations to Myco- logy Section of Botany Depart- ment	1,711	9	0			
Painting of girders of Botany De- partment	309	0	0			
Providing Dado up to 6' high in the passage and corridor of Botany Department	656	6	0			
Barbed wire fencing around Science Block	1,301	10	0			
<i>Faculty of Arts</i>						
Construction of a dark room from History Department	887	0	0			
Converting of Mushraq Manzil into lecture theatre	1,371	8	0	17,936	0	6

Closing verandah and plastering the main corridor Zoology Department (L-12)	5,067	10	0	5,067	10	0
Reflooring and drainage work of Research of Unani Medicine (L-18)	1,740	10	0	1,740	10	0
Additions and alterations in the Philosophy Department	982	0	0			
Providing one door in Chairman's Office after closing the verandah (Philosophy Department)	373	0	0			
Construction of two lecture rooms on the top of Commerce Department	7,617	0	0			
Sanitary fittings in Commerce Department	2,563	1	0			
Conversion of a verandah in Asman Manzil and Mushtaq Manzil for History and Political Science Department	3,581	3	0			
<i>Faculty of Engg. and Technology</i>						
Construction of a drain along the workshop of Engg. College	920	0	0			
Alteration of a window in Electrical Machine Lab.	334	14	0	14,389	2	0
				982	0	2
Providing expanded metal over doors and windows in Engg. College	2,923	3	0			
Construction of shed and laying of foundation for the installation of Hydraulic lift in Engg. College	2,260	15	9	5,184	2	9
<i>Faculty of Medicine</i>						
Construction of Karkhana Dawasazi (Tibbiya College Dawakhana)	3,053	0	0	3,053	0	0
Construction of stair case for dais (Library Hall Tibbiya College)	66	10	0			
Supplying and erecting an overhead tank in Tibbiya College Dawakhana	7,099	15	9	7,166	9	9

M.U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—contd.

	Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>Schools and Colleges</i>						
<i>M.U. City High School</i>						
Construction of a boundary wall at City High School	990	0	0	990	0	0
Construction of a room for leather craft class in City High School	6,855	11	0			
Construction of a room for tailoring class room	2,274	12	0			
<i>Qazi Para School (Aligarh City)</i>						
Construction of a boundary wall and gate at Qazi Para School	999	8	0	10,129	15	0
<i>Training College</i>						
Construction of a room for co-ordinator and Asstt. Co-ordinator in Training College	4,643	1	0			
Construction of lavatory with 2 Indian seats and wash hand basins etc. in Training College	1,256	4	0	5,899	5	0
<i>Miscellaneous</i>						
Construction of a room in University Mosque	2,900	14	0			
Providing black boards in various departments	38	6	0			
Construction of a large room with Verandah in the University Hospital	6,496	10	0			
Construction of boundary wall at Staff Club	1,519	1	0			
Distemping of Dado inside University Mosque	825	5	0			
Relaying of the Hauz Floor of University Mosque with mosaic	450	0	0	12,234	4	0

Sanitary installations at No. 8 Shibli Road	1,479	0	0		
Protection to pumping sets	117	7	0		
Hand pumps and water pipe lines	1,169	10	6		
Purchase of tools and plants for Building Department	500	0	0		
Enlarging and re-arranging Building Department stock yard	5,291	2	0		
<i>Administrative Offices</i>					
Construction of two partition walls in Principal's Office, Tibbiya College	1,150	10	0	9,707	13 6
Additions and alterations to Registrar's Office	365	4	0		
Extension of existing building and new construction of the offices and sotes of N.N.C. Head Quarters	13,620	6	0		
Construction of a covered motor park	2,731	12	0		
Construction of additional rooms adjacent to the Steward's Office	15,343	11	0		
Sanitary fittings in Treasurer's Office	1,633	0	0	33,694	1 0
<i>Residential Quarters</i>					
Additions and alterations to English House occupied by the N.C.C. Staff	430	10	0		
Sanitary fittings in the two Bath rooms of rooms No. 5 University Road	2,826	6	0		
Provision of a Grease Trap and Soak Pit in A.M.O.'s house	76	1	0		
Repairs to roof of Zahoor Ward kitchen	2,523	0	0		
Additions and alterations to No. 2 University Road	2,408	2	0		
Minor improvements to residential houses with rental value of Rs. 50 and less.	4,758	6	0	13,022	9 0

M.U. Revenue Account (Faculties of Arts, Science and Miscellaneous Departments)—*contd.*

Expenditure	Income		
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>Aftab Hall</i>			
Cement flooring in the Dining Hall of Morrison Court	2,337 0 0		
Cement flooring in Warden's room and provision of a new almirah in Mumtaz House	763 15 0	3,100 15 0	
Providing wire gauze over sky lights of Dining Hall of Mumtaz House	358 15 0		
Construction of a new common room building	13,881 4 0		
<i>Sir Syed Hall</i>			
Providing wire gauze over back windows of Hall	2,689 4 0	16,929 7 0	
Providing windows in certain rooms of S.S. Hall for light	1,750 0 0		
<i>S.S. Engineering Hall</i>			
Fly proofing of new kitchen of M. Hostel	1,500 10 0		
Additions and alterations to Common Room S.S. Engineering Hall	1,612 14 3		
Making brick apron in Amin Hostel	1,128 14 0	5,992 6 3	
Site clearance of the demolished house near the entrance gate of Saheb Bagh	100 0 0		
Construction of vegetarian Mess	1,264 8 0		
Construction of an additional room Bath room at Amin Hostel	5,035 13 0		

V.M. Hall

Making brick apron in front of two hostels	1,824 14 0	8,225 3 0
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Extension of stage in the Marris Hall	3,500 0 0	
Construction of a stair case near dispensary	244 10 0	3,744 10 0

Development of University Campuses

Sanitary improvements	8,328 11 3	
Providing country seat type lavatory with septic tank 2 Nos. (Training College)	1,244 0 0	
Irrigation Channels and water supply in the University Area	4,485 0 0	

New Roads

Approach road to Amin Hostel	2,240 6 0	
Other New Roads	2,432 5 0	
Modernisation of Roads	7,345 8 0	

Additions and Alterations

Residential Buildings	11,695 0 0	
Non-residential buildings	18,015 3 9	55,786 2 0

Construction of a boundary wall of Blind School	251 8 0	
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Additions and alterations to No. 4 University Road	921 0 0	1,172 8 0
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Total Building programme	2,37,148 5 9	
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Total Recurring and Non-recurring	29,09,993 14 4	
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Grand Total	31,47,142 4 1	
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Surplus during the year	10,87,760 11 0	
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TOTAL	42,34,902 15 1	
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TOTAL	42,34,902 15 1	42,84,902 15 1
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(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,

Hony. Treasurer,

Muslim University, Aligarh.

Abstract Revenue Account of the M.U. Fund

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income							
	Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.
A. Muslim University including Faculties of Theology, Arts and Science Departments	31,47,142	4	1				A. Muslim University including Faculties of Theology, Arts and Science Departments	42,34,902	15	1	
B. Other Departments:							B. Other Departments:				
1. Medical Department	95,281	7	0				1. Medical Department	45,873	11	0	
2. Conservancy Department	51,859	2	0				2. Conservancy Department	12,575	0	6	
3. Property Department	15,001	2	5				3. Property Department	7,511	8	1	
4. Garden and Lands	32,173	8	9				4. Garden and Lands	950	10	0	
5. Agriculture Farm and Fort	48,726	2	3				5. Agriculture Farm and Fort	32,039	2	3	
6. M.U. Gazette Account	3,912	1	6				6. M.U. Gazette Account	189	2	0	
7. Examination Department	2,26,934	7	9				7. Examination Department	2,10,680	10	0	
8. Electricity Department	1,31,218	9	9	37,52,248	13	6	8. Electricity Department	1,34,151	11	3	46,78,874 6 2
C. Allied Institutions:							C. Allied Institutions :				
1. College of Engg. and Technology	3,86,086	3	6				1. College of Engg. and Technology	1,05,335	2	3	
2. Polytechnic Department	62,102	3	0				2. Polytechnic Department	51,600	3	9	
3. Telephone Section	5,673	13	9				3. Telephone Section	1,597	0	0	
4. Tibbiya College	1,79,121	4	6				4. Tibbiya College	68,388	4	3	
5. M. U. High School	80,467	1	6				5. M. U. High School	43,506	0	5	
6. M.U. City High School	72,095	5	6				6. M. U. City High School	41,104	5	9	
7. M.U. City Branch School	6,736	14	0				7. M.U. City Branch School	1,395	1	0	
8. Women's College	2,15,140	4	6				8. Women's College	47,707	11	0	
9. M.U. Girls' High School	51,311	15	6				9. M.U. Girls' High School	40,027	3	6	
10. Ahmadi School for the Blind	18,891	7	3	10,74,626	9	4	10. Ahmadi School for the Blind	1,334	2	0	
11. Addition and Alteration to Engg. College	48,396	7	9				11. Addition and Alteration to Engg. College	712	10	0	
12. Islamic Studies	57,382	3	6				12. Islamic Studies				
13. Ophthalmology	78,844	0	0	1,84,622	11	3	13. Ophthalmology	50,729	6	0	4,53,437 1 11
TOTAL				50,11,498	1	9	TOTAL				51,32,311 8

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Medical Department Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>University Health Service</i>				<i>University Health Service</i>			
<i>Medical Department</i>				<i>Medical Department and Drug Stores</i>			
(i) Salaries				(a) Fee from students :—			
Ministerial staff	2,322	1	0	University and Engg. College .	29,549	8	0
Technical staff	38,175	3	0	M.U. High School	1,373	9	0
Subordinate staff	3,171	3	0	Medical Examination fee	3,205	12	0
				Health Programme fee	8,438	10	0
				Women's College and Hall	3,306	4	0
(ii) Dearness Allowance							45,873 11 0
Ministerial staff	1,341	6	0				
Technical staff	8,790	12	0				
Subordinate staff	3,332	9	0				
Conveyance Allowance	2,104	8	3				
(iii) Provident Fund							
Ministerial staff	77	10	0				
Technical staff	2,385	3	0				
(iv) Other Expenses							
House concession to compounders and Nurses	1,112	1	6				
Contingencies printing & stationery	1,608	3	0				
Electricity concession to qualified Nurses	67	3	6				
				Deficit for the year 1956-57			49,407 12 0
							95,281 7 0
Electric charges	1,686	11	0				
Water supply	28	1	6				
Hot weather expenses	8	1	9				
Repairs of furniture	94	12	0				
Uniform and dhobi allowance to Nursing staff	315	13	9				

	Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Consultation fee	130	0	0			
Pathology examination	454	8	0			
Hospital equipment	1,155	13	0			
Purchase of medicines	13,319	9	0			
Medical examination	602	12	0			
X-ray examination	730	8	0			
Health education	68	4	0			
Preventive health measures	25	0	0			
Anti-malaria expenses	4,312	12	9			
Medical comforts	489	7	0			
Special diet for patients	243	10	0			
Telephone charges	411	0	0	24,104	11	9
Electric Fans	804	13	3			
Additions and alterations to out patient Department	980	7	6			
Steel Racks for Record Room	371	1	9			
Bed side lockers for W.C. Sick Room	153	12	9			
Matresses for W.C. Sick Room	150	0	0			
Hospital Trolley	160	14	9			
Diathermy	3,850	0	0	6,471	2	0
<i>General Medical College Store</i>						
(i) Salaries						
Technical staff	50	0	0	50	0	0
(ii) Dearness allowance	50	0	0	50	0	0
(iii) Other Expenses						
Contingencies	117	10	0	117	10	0
TOTAL	95,281	7	0	95,281	7	0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University Aligarh.

Conservancy Department Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure					Income										
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.				
<i>Conservancy Department</i>					<i>Conservancy Department</i>										
<i>(i) Salaries</i>					<i>Other Income</i>										
Technical staff	1,637	11	0		Contribution from S.S. Hall	3,000	0	0							
Subordinate staff	18,376	14	0	20,014 9 0	Contribution from V.M. Hall	1,200	0	0							
<i>(ii) Dearness Allowance</i>					Contribution from Aftab Hall					3,000	0	0			
Technical staff	600	0	0		Contribution from Sulaiman Hall	1,200	0	0							
Subordinate staff	16,266	7	0		Contribution from Tibbia College	500	0	0							
Conveyance allowance	60	0	0	16,926 7 0	Contribution from M.U. High School Boarding House	1,436	0	0							
<i>(iii) Other Expenses</i>					Sanitary tax from residential quarters					1,592	13	0			
Contingencies	160	13	0		Sale of Compost	45	0	0							
Maintenance of carts	648	8	3		Income from slaughter house	518	3	6							
Disinfectants poisons etc.	198	8	3		Income from Slaughter House from Women's College	83	0	0	12,575	0	6				
Slaughter house expenses	509	3	0	11,526 0 9											
					Net deficit for the year					39,284	1	6			
Purchase of Ferguson Tractors	11,998	12	9												
Purchase of Tyres and Tubes for Carts	159	15	0												
Purchase of Powerine and other oils Tractor	1,233	5	6	13,392 1 3											
TOTAL					51,859	2	0	TOTAL					51,859	2	0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Property Department Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957.

Expenditure				Income					
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>Property Department</i>				<i>Property Department</i>					
(i) <i>Salaries</i>							<i>Other Income</i>		
Ministerial Staff	3,065	3	0				Rent of Agricultural Land	1,500	0 0
Subordinate Staff	780	11	0	3,845	14	0	Lease of Land (99 years)	295	11 0
							Hire of furniture and Crockery	1,167	13 1
(ii) <i>Dearness Allowance</i>									
Ministerial Staff	1,385	3	0				Sale of grass	856	0 0
Subordinate Staff	737	2	0	2,122	5	0	Sale of wood	3,140	4 0
							Washing charges	39	12 0
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>							Miscellaneous	512	0 0
Ministerial Staff	146	13	0	146	13	0			6,511 8 1
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>							Deficit for the year		7,489 10 4
Contingencies	289	10	3						
Temporary Labour	139	6	6						
Repairs of furniture	1,144	1	0						
Court expenses	5,040	13	0						
Land Revenue	2,131	6	8						
Washing Charges	141	3	0	8,886	2	5			
TOTAL				15,001	2	5	TOTAL		15,001 2 5

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University Aligarh.

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

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(iii) <i>Other Charges</i>				
V.M. Hall	515	2	6	
Education Department	254	14	6	
Vice-Chancellor's Office	279	2	0	
				1,049 3 0
Cemented Gamlas Boxes and tin				
Drums	300	0	0	
Purchase of earthen gamlas	600	0	0	
Development of plots adjacent to the post office and the Union and vacant plots of Central Zone Garden including Engineering Science Laboratories	27	0	0	
Development of plots around Physics Department	468	0	0	
Construction of a shed for keeping gamlas and seed Pans	350	0	0	1,745 0 0
TOTAL				32,173 8 9
				TOTAL . 32,173 8 9 32,173 8 9

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

Purchase of Typewriter . . .	957	8	9		
Purchase of new tools and imple- ments including spare parts of machinery . . .	692	3	6		
Purchase of cycle . . .	255	3	6		
Furniture . . .	289	10	0		
Gunny bags . . .	357	7	0	2,552	0 9

Aligarh Fort

(i) <i>Salaries</i>					
Technical staff . . .	2,756	6	0	2,756	6 0
(ii) <i>Allowance</i>					
Dearness allowance . . .	540	0	0		
Conveyance allowance . . .	600	0	0	1,140	0 0
(iii) <i>Other expenses</i>					
Wages . . .	4,734	14	0		
Rent of agricultural land . . .	1,500	0	0		
Contingencies . . .	353	14	0		
Cultivation charges . . .	2,084	8	0		
Seeds . . .	935	4	6		
Watering charges . . .	1,689	11	3		
Manure . . .	3,156	3	0	14,454	6 9
Cleaning and boaring of wells . . .	1,471	9	3	1,471	9 3
TOTAL . . .	..			48,726	2 3

TOTAL . . . 48,726 2 3

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

University Gazette Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>M. U. Gazette</i>							
Salaries							
Technical Staff . . .	1,680	0	0	1,680	0	0	
<i>Other Expenses</i>							
Printing charges . . .	2,130	5	6				
Postage	50	0	0				
Stationery	41	12	0				
Maintenance of cycle . . .	10	0	0	2,232	1	6	
TOTAL . . . . .	..			3,912	1	6	3,912 1 6

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Honry. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

M. U. Gazette

Subscription

Deficit for the year 1956-57 . . .

Rs. a. p.

189 2 0

..

Rs. a. p.

189 2 0

3,722 15 6

TOTAL

3,912 1 6

Examination Department Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
<i>Examination Department</i>		<i>Examination Department</i>	
(i) Salaries		(a) Fees from Students	
Administrative staff. . . .	5,374 5 0	Examination fee	1,67,576 10 0
Ministerial staff	7,165 12 0	Enrolment fee	15,058 13 0
Subordinate Staff	612 0 0	Registration fee	7,428 6 0
Temporary Staff	721 13 3	Diploma and Certificate fee	7,109 10 0
			1,97,173 7 0
(ii) Allowances		(b) Other Income	
1. Dearness Allowance		Sale of Syllabus	165 4 0
Administrative staff. . . .	960 0 0	Miscellaneous Income	13,341 15 0
Ministerial staff	2,700 0 0		13,507 3 0
Subordinate staff	585 0 0		
2. Travelling and Halting allowance	18,466 12 0	TOTAL	2,10,680 10 0
(iii) Provident Fund			
Administrative staff	18 2 0		
Ministerial staff	771 4 0		
(iv) Other Charges			
Contingencies	13,064 12 3	Deficit for the year	16,253 13 9
Printing charges	10,720 13 3		2,26,934 7 9

Electricity Department Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

		Expenditure		Income	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>Electricity Department</i>				<i>Electricity Department</i>	
(i) <i>Salaries</i>				<i>Sale of Electricity</i>	
Administrative staff . . .		2,080 0 0		University lecture rooms and offices	42,369 14 0
Ministerial staff . . .		3,108 4 0		Engineering College, Tibbiya College	
				Residential quarters, Clubs and	
				Societies	26,368 3 0
Technical staff		5,122 1 0			
Subordinate staff		4,332 9 0	14,642 14 0	University Halls	62,810 2 9
				M.U. School and Hostel	2,603 7 6
					1,34,151 11 3
(ii) <i>Dearness Allowance</i>					
Administrative staff		205 5 0			
Ministerial staff		1,289 8 0			
Technical and Vocational staff		2,280 0 0			
Subordinate staff		3,315 13 0	7,090 10 0		
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>					
Ministerial staff		333 3 0			
Technical and Vocational staff		238 6 0			
Subordinate staff		268 9 0	840 2 0		
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>					
Government Charges and Royalties					
to licences		1,07,089 7 9			
Maintenance		427 7 3			
					1,34,151 11 3

Electricity Department Revenue Account—*contd.*

Expenditure		Income			
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Contingencies	594 15 9		Brought forward	1,34,151 11 3	1,34,161 11 3
Up-keep of garden	141 4 0				
Telephone charges	150 0 0				
Laying out of garden	25 2 0				
Furniture and Steel Almirah	232 4 3				
Purchase of tools	84 6 9	1,08,644 15 9			
		1,31,218 9 9			
Surplus for the year 1956-57		2,933 1 6			
TOTAL		1,34,151 11 3	TOTAL	1,34,151 11 3	1,34,151 11 3

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Honry. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

For the year ended 31st March, 1957.

[illegible]

College of Engg. and Technology Revenue—contd.

	Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
2. Mechanical Engineering Department						
(i) <i>Salaries</i>						
Teaching Staff	42,733	13	0			
Ministerial Staff	1,806	4	0			
Technical Staff	5,538	7	0			
Subordinate Staff	1,952	14	0	52,031	6	0
(ii) <i>Allowances (Dearness Allowance)</i>						
Teaching Staff	6,107	8	0			
Ministerial Staff	840	0	0			
Technical Staff	2,152	8	0			
Subordinate Staff	1,897	12	0			
Travelling and Halting Allowance	166	11	0	11,164	7	0
(iii) <i>Other Expenses</i>						
Contingencies	124	0	0			
Consumable Material for Hydraulic Lab.	3,142	11	0			
Printing Charges	71	14	0			
Instructional Tours	1,149	10	6			
Special Lecture Course	100	0	0			
Expenditure on Project Work	140	1	0			
Periodicals	174	1	0	4,902	5	6
3. Civil Engineering Deptt.						
(i) <i>Salaries</i>						
Teaching Staff	33,972	5	0			
Ministerial Staff	910	9	0			
Technical Staff	890	5	0			
Subordinate Staff	1,725	10	0	37,498	13	0
(ii) <i>Allowances (Dearness Allowance)</i>						
Teaching Staff	5,864	13	0			

Ministerial Staff	420	0	0	
Technical Staff	389	8	0	
Subordinate Staff	1,666	10	0	
Travelling and Halting Allowance .	73	11	0	8,414 10 0

(i) Other Charges

Contingencies	138	12	6	
Running and Maintenance of Survey instruments	199	13	6	
Maintenance testing Lab. and consumable materials	587	15	3	
Printing Charges	144	8	3	
Instructional Tours	1,448	5	0	
Survey Camp	1,000	0	0	
Special Lecture Course	105	0	0	
Project Work	476	2	0	
Periodicals	154	0	6	
Cycle Allowance for demonstrators	120	0	0	4,374 9 0

General Department

(i) Salaries				
Teaching Staff	18,225	3	0	18,225 3 0

(ii) Allowances (Dearness Allowance)				
Teaching Staff	3,048	11	0	3,048 11 0

(iii) Provident Fund				
Teaching Staff	12,970	11	0	12,970 11 0

Principal's Office

(i) Salaries				
Administrative Staff	17,256	15	0	
Ministerial staff	11,560	8	0	
Subordinate Staff	3,241	6	0	22,057 13 0

(ii) Dearness Allowance				
Administrative Staff	1,167	7	0	
Ministerial staff	5,751	9	0	
Subordinate staff	3,314	10	0	
Travelling and halting allowance .	23	7	0	10,257 1 0

College of Engg & Technology Revenue—*contd.*

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>			
Administrative staff . . .	118 10 0		
Ministerial Staff . . .	133 14 0	252 8 0	
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>			
Contingencies . . .	2,252 4 0		
Printing Charges . . .	1,305 2 9		
Telephone Charges . . .	5,001 0 0		
Power Electricity . . .	219 12 0		
Water Charges . . .	243 7 3		
Repairs of Furniture . . .	43 8 0		
Contribution to Medical Deptt.	5,135 12 9		
College Exhibition . . .	1,746 7 0	15,847 5 9	
(6) <i>Workshop</i>			
(i) <i>Salaries</i>			
Administrative staff . . .	10,201 1 0		
Technical staff . . .	25,500 11 0		
Subordinate staff . . .	4,177 8 0	39,879 4 0	
(ii) <i>Allowances (Dearness Allowance)</i>			
Administrative staff . . .	1,620 0 0		
Technical staff . . .	9,951 9 0		
Subordinate staff . . .	3,298 7 0	14,870 0 0	
(iii) <i>Other Expenses</i>			
Contingencies and First Aid			
Medicines . . .	148 2 0		
Running expenses and Maintenance			
of Machines . . .	1,719 0 3		
Workshop Vehicles . . .	1,139 14 9		
Registration Fee . . .	588 10 0		
Workshop licence renewal fee . . .	250 0 0		
Premium of employees State Insurance Corporation . . .	90 15 0		

Printing Charges	89	12	9				
Consumable materials Depreciation on machines	11,226	15	3	15,253	5	6	
(7) <i>Deptt. of Electrical Engineering</i>							
Furniture of Elect. Labs.	205	1	0				
Lights and Fans for Elect. Lab.	1,630	9	0				
Erection of Machines in Transmission Lab.	365	0	0				
Erection of Equipment in Radio Lab.	583	14	6	2,784	8	6	
(8) <i>Deptt. of Mechanical Engineering.</i>							
Furniture	660	14	9				
Elect. Fittings	695	7	0				
Erection of Machines	12,619	9	0	13,975	14	9	
(9) <i>Engineering College Office</i>							
Racks for Library and Office	976	2	0				
Racks for General Stores	1,042	2	0				
Furniture for Class Rooms	1,957	4	0				
Furniture for Office	473	2	0	4,448	10	0	
Fans and Installation in Class room and Offices	3,178	11	6				
Iron and Steel Materials for Education purposes	465	1	9	3,643	13	3	
(10) <i>Engineering College Workshop</i>							
Typewriter	960	6	6				
Car Washing Plant	3,325	15	0	4,286	5	6	
GRAND TOTAL				3,86,086	3	6	
				TOTAL	3,86,086	3	6

(Sd.) OBaidur RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Aligarh University Polytechnic (Diploma Classes) Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>University Polytechnic (Diploma Classes)</i>		<i>University Polytechnic</i>	
(i) <i>Salaries</i>		<i>Fees from Students</i>	
Teaching staff	38,200 0 0	Tuition fee	26,388 0 0
Ministerial staff	1,381 2 0	Admission fee	762 0 0
Technical staff	630 0 0	Test examination fee	3,334 14 0
Subordinate staff	1,609 12 0	<i>Other Income</i>	
Additional staff	600 0 0	Sale of prospectus	1,115 9 9
		Govt. Grant to meet the deficit	20,000 0 0
			51,600 3 9
(ii) <i>Allowances</i>			
<i>Dearness Allowance</i>		Deficit for the year 1956-57	12,501 15 3
Teaching staff	8,586 0 0		
Ministerial staff	840 0 0		
Technical staff	420 0 0		
Subordinate staff	1,500 0 0		
Travelling and halting allowance	92 12 0		
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>			
Teaching staff	1,727 1 0		
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>			
Instructional tours	2,000 0 0		
Survey Camps	300 15 6		
Elect. and Mech. Engg. Project	199 6 0		
Consumable material for heat engine and Hydraulic Labs.	377 9 0		
Running expenses	298 2 0		
Office contingencies	644 3 6		
Consumable material for Electric Laboratory	919 11 9		
Printing charges	376 5 9		
Telephone charges	50 0 0		
Admission*examination expenditure	399 9 3		

Civil Engineering Project . . .	99	15	3		
Repairs of furniture . . .	70	0	0		
Furniture for office and class room .	779	10	0	6,515	8 0

TOTAL . . .				62,102	3 0
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TOTAL . . .				62,102	3 0
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(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University Aligarh.

Telephone Deptt., Revenue Account

For the year ended at 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
93	Telephone Department	Rs.	a p.	Rs.	a. p.	Telephone Department	Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p.
	(i) Salaries					Rent of Telephone	1,547 0 0
	Technical staff	3,248	10 0			Rent of Loud Speaker	50 0 0 1,597 0 0
	(ii) Allowance						
	Dearness Allowance—Technical staff	1,278	0 0				
	Repairs and replacement . .	444	0 0				
	Tools and accessories . . .	456	7 3				
	Contingencies	246	12 6	5,673	13 9		
						Deficit for the year 1956-57 . . .	4,076 13 9
	TOTAL			5,673	13 9	Total	5,673 13 9

(Sd.) ORAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income					
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>Tibbiya College</i>									
(i) <i>Salaries</i>									
Teaching staff.	63,560	4	0				50,000	0	0
Ministerial staff	4,897	4	4						
Technical staff	12,378	2	0				6,380	8	0
Subordinate staff	8,344	3	0	89,179	13	0	205	0	0
(ii) <i>Allowance Dearness allowance</i>									
Teaching staff	10,418	1	0				6,261	8	0
Ministerial staff	2,523	6	0				1,912	0	0
Technical staff	5,721	6	0						
Subordinate staff	8,115	11	0				22	8	0
Travelling & halting allowance	535	0	0	27,313	8	0	122	0	0
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>									
Teaching staff	4,644	10	0						
Ministerial staff	46	8	0						
Technical staff	90	4	0	4,781	6	0	3,292	12	3
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>									
Printing	899	12	3						
Stationery	374	6	0						
Contingencies	1,906	10	3						
Advertisement charges	349	0	0						
Repairs and renewal of furniture	295	12	0						
Water works charges	442	2	0						
Upkeep of gardens	299	15	3						
Rent of society building	660	0	0						
Telephone charges	50	0	0						
Liveries for nurses	200	0	0						
Electric current charges	2,308	0	0						
Public telephone	522	0	0						
Scholarships	2,082	0	0	10,389	9	9			

Tibbiya College Revenue Account—contd.

	Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
					Rs.	a. p.
					68,388	4 3
1 <i>Anatomy Department</i>						
Equipment	199	10	0			
Apparatus and appliances	250	0	0	449	10	0
2 <i>Pathology Department</i>						
Equipment	403	13	0			
Share from income	710	15	0	1,114	12	3
3 <i>Physiology Department</i>						
Instruments, chemical and equipment	95	15	3	95	15	3
4 <i>X-Ray Department</i>						
X-Ray films	2,563	3	3			
Equipment and chemicals	390	9	0			
Share from income	1,366	8	0	4,320	4	3
5 <i>Surgical Indoor Department</i>						
Medicines and dressings	2,497	13	9			
Surgical instruments	260	8	0			
Surgical equipments	622	8	6			
Aprons	199	9	0			
Diet for patients	3,382	10	0			
Repairs of instruments and appliances	182	12	0			
Accessories for maintaining patients	311	1	3			
Crockery	98	4	6			
Repairs of beds etc.	149	4	0	8,154	7	3
6 <i>Medical Indoor Department</i>						
Diet for patients	3,673	3	6			
Dress for patients	73	2	0			
Accessories for maintaining patients	142	5	6			
Aprons	24	0	0			
Repairs and renewal of beds etc.	99	8	0			
Crockery	48	0	0			
Purchases of medicine	2,850	15	6	6,911	2	6

7	<i>Unani Dispensary</i>				
	Purchase of medicine	12,777	13	0	
	Repairs and polish of furniture	50	0	0	
	Contingencies	324	12	3	13,152 9 3
8	<i>Library</i>				
	Purchase of books	595	13	0	
	Journals and newspapers	162	15	0	
	Binding of books	185	12	0	944 8 0
9	<i>Research Department</i>				
	Chemicals	872	9	0	
	Mechanical and glass apparatus	510	15	0	1,383 8 0
10	<i>Science Department</i>				
	Chemicals and apparatus	897	9	9	
	Charts and models	51	0	0	
	Contingency	82	4	0	1,030 13 9
11	<i>Publications</i>	728	1	6	728 1 6
12	<i>Herbarium</i>				
	Botanical garden	204	0	9	
	Museum medicines	199	14	9	403 15 6
13	<i>Unani Pharmacology</i>				
	Medicines	170	9	3	170 9 3
14	<i>Contribution</i>				
	Conservancy Department	500	0	0	500 0 0
	Electric fans for the hospital and main buildings	374	0	0	
	Furniture of different Deptts	2,795	11	9	3,169 11 9
	Hot-air over Dissecting Micros- cope and Chemical Balances	607	12	0	
	Water supply extension for Science	1,148	15	6	
	Purchase of text and reference books on account of the change of syllabus	294	4	3	

68,388 4 3

Tibbiya College Revenue Account—*contd.*

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Printing of Arabic Text books .	527	0 0	2,577	15 9	68,388 4 3
Atomical models and Charts .	500	0 0			
blood calculator (13 keys)	501	0 0			
Electric Suction apparatus for					
operations	833	8 0	Deficit for the year		1,10,733 0 3
Medical charts & maps for class-					
rooms	200	0 0			
Biological slides	114	7 6			
Hand water pump for hospital					
Building	200	0 0			
TOTAL		1,79,121 4 6	TOTAL		1,79,121 4 6

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

For the year ending 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
<i>Muslim University High School</i>							<i>Muslim University High School</i>
(i) <i>Salaries</i>							(a) <i>Grants</i>
Teaching staff	45,789	3	0				U. P. Government Grant
Administrative staff	1,440	0	0				
Ministerial staff	2,999	3	0				
Technical staff	630	0	0				(b) <i>Fees from Students</i>
Subordinate staff	3,577	12	0	54,436	2	0	Tuition fee
							Supervision fee
							Punkha fee
(ii) <i>Allowances</i>							
(I) <i>Dearness Allowance</i>							(c) <i>Other Income</i>
Teaching staff	13,354	4	0				Fines
Ministerial staff	1,260	0	0				
Technical staff	420	0	0				
Subordinate staff	3,600	0	0	18,634	0	0	
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>							
Teaching staff	2,202	3	0				
Ministerial staff	167	12	0	2,369	15	0	Deficit for the year
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>							
Office contingencies	918	12	0				
Wood for Woodcraft	47	5	6				
Stationery and books for teachers	83	15	0				Carried over
Telephone rent	50	0	0				
Repairs and replacement of furniture	46	8	0				
Upkeep of Geography	178	7	0				
Hot and cold weather charges	250	0	0				
Co-curricular activities	458	5	6				
Petty repairs	33	0	0				
Liveries for peons	157	6	0				
Library	497	1	6				
Nature Study	5	15	0				
Boy Scouts	147	1	6				
Prizes and medals	299	15	6				
Punkha charges	155	4	0				
Maintenance of garden	319	7	6	3,648	8	0	

M. U. High School Revenue Account—*contd.*

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	
For ceiling fans	414	0 0			
Equipment for School Gymnasium	500	0 0			
Improvement of Minto Circle Garden	464	8 6	1,378	8 6	
TOTAL			80,467	1 6	
					TOTAL 80,467 1 6

(Sd.) OBaidur RAHMAN KHAN,

Hony. Treasurer,

Muslim University, Aligarh

M.U. City High School Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>M.U. City High School</i>			<i>M.U. City High School</i>		
(i) <i>Salaries</i>			(a) <i>Grants</i>		
Teaching staff	34,503	8 0	U.P. Government grant	16,604	0 0
Ministerial staff	2,957	8 0			
Subordinate staff	3,377	6 0	(b) <i>Fees from Students</i>		
			Tuition fee	23,043	3 0
(ii) <i>Dearness allowance</i>			Transfer certificate fee	77	13 0
Teaching staff	10,644	14 0	Admission fee	506	1 6
Ministerial staff	1,643	0 0			
Subordinate staff	3,177	15 0	(c) <i>Other Income</i>		
			Fines	570	0 0
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>			Miscellaneous	303	4 3
Teaching staff	1,691	9 0			
Ministerial staff	131	13 0			
(iv) <i>Other expenses</i>					
Contingencies	634	11 6			
Rent and taxes	126	14 3			
Petty repairs additions and alterations and fittings	783	5 9			
Repairs and replacement of fur- niture	1,000	0 0			
			Deficit for the year		30,990 15 9
Reorganisation of Secondary Education and Development of Hobbies	44	0 0			
Up-keep of Science	847	0 0			
Up-keep of Agriculture	146	11 0			
Up-keep of Garden and water supply	499	8 0	Carried Over		72,095 5 6

M.U. City High School Revenue Account—contd.

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Up-keep of Art	99	6 3			
Up-keep of Geography	199	6 0			
Up-keep of History	298	0 0			
Up-keep of Library	665	0 0			
Hot and cold weather expenses	75	8 0			
Books and Stationery for teachers	319	12 6			
Prizes and medals	197	12 0			
Telephone	288	0 0			
Up-keep of tailoring	385	11 0			
Up-keep of leather work	399	14 0	4,421	8 9	
Furniture for tailoring and leather work	1,598	10 0			
Purchase of Sewing Machine	325	0 0			
Purchase of Sewing Machine for leather craft	1,385	10 6			
Equipment for Agility Exercises	487	10 9			
Renovation of School Band	368	8 0			
Completion of tube well	206	4 0			
Mackenzie School Course and Scouting equipment	75	0 0			
Installation of Electricity	2,510	9 0	6,957	4 3	
TOTAL			72,095	5 6	
			TOTAL		72,095 5 6

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Muslim University City Branch School Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.
<i>Muslim University City Branch School</i>			<i>Muslim University City Branch School</i>		
(i) Salaries			Fees from Students		
Teaching staff	2,865	1 0	Enhanced Tuition fee for D.A.	1,389	1 0
Subordinate staff	444	0 0	Other Income		
			Miscellaneous	6 0 0	
(ii) Dearness, allowance					1,395 1 0
Teaching staff	1,991	7 0			
Subordinate staff	300	0 0			
(iii) Provident Fund					
Teaching staff	158	7 0			
(iv) Other expenses					
Contingencies	50	0 0			
Petty repairs	48	0 0			
Repairs and replacement of furniture	399	15 0			
Books and stationery	80	0 0			
Basic	100	0 0			
Library	100	0 0			
Teaching aids	200	0 0	Deficit for the year		5,341 13 0
TOTAL		6,736 14 0	TOTAL		6,736 14 0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Women's College Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure

Income

	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
<i>Women's College</i>								<i>Women's College</i>							
(i) <i>Salaries</i>								(a) <i>Grants</i>							
Administrative staff	2,137	5	0					U.P. Govt. Grant	20,500	0	0		20,500	0	0
Teaching staff	1,31,725	4	0					(b) <i>Fees From Students</i>							
Ministerial staff	8,806	8	0					Tuition fee	25,443	8	0				
Technical staff	3,690	0	0					Admission fee	617	8	0				
Subordinate staff	5,232	0	0	1,51,591	1	0		Transfer Certificate fee	31	0	0				
(iv) <i>Allowances Dearness allowance</i>								Library fee	387	7	0		26,479	7	0
Teaching staff	20,242	7	0					(c) <i>Other Income</i>							
Ministerial staff	3,667	7	0					Rent from quarters	718	0	0				
Technical staff	630	12	0					Late payment fine	10	4	0		728	4	0
Subordinate staff	5,259	6	0	29,800	0	0									
(iii) <i>Provident Fund</i>															
Teaching staff	6,479	8	0												
Ministerial staff	140	1	0												
Technical staff	120	0	0	6,739	9	0									
(iv) <i>Other Expenses</i>															
Contingencies	1,199	4	3					Deficit for the year 1956-57					1,67,432	9	6
Library books	5,559	6	6										2,15,140	4	6
Upkeep of Science	4,963	4	6												
Domestic Science Lab expenses	49	2	0												
Printing and Advertisement	383	3	6												
Up-keep of gardens	682	10	9												
Repairs and purchase of furniture	386	0	0												
Telephone rent and extension charges	400	0	0												
Hot and cold weather	375	12	0												

College Day Celebration	249	14	9						
Up-keep of Cycle	50	0	0						
Miscellaneous	236	3	6						
Electricity expenses	882	5	0						
Art and Craft	499	3	0	15,916	0	9			
Sports equipment	583	1	0						
Art and Craft equipment	999	15	6						
Science equipment	3,929	1	6						
Purchase of Library furniture	1,000	0	0						
Purchase of Class room furniture	1,319	11	3						
Domestic Science Lab. equipments	1,971	8	0						
Purchase of Library books	1,290	5	0	11,093	9	9			
TOTAL				2,15,140	4	6			

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

[illegible]

Purchase of Domestic Science equipment	150	0	0		
Purchase of Science apparatus	299	12	0		
Purchase of Durri and Safe	665	2	0		
Purchase of 7 Electric fans and installation	850	0	0	1,964	14 0
TOTAL				51,311	15 6
				TOTAL	51,311 15 6

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hon'g. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer.
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Addition and alternation to Engg. College Receipt and payment statement

As at 31st March, 1957

Payments			Receipts		
Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
To salaries and payment of outstanding liabilities to Contractors			6,923	4	0
To expenditure roofing of Assembly room			5,704	10	0
To previous year's expenditure met out of Floating Reserve Fund, towards payment of Contractor's bills			4,312	7	9
To amount of Advances written off by E. C. under Resolution No. dated					
Advance against Chhadha	22,300	0 0			
Advance against International Syndicate	4,906	2 0			
Advance against New India Builders	3,000	0 0			
Advance against Sangram Singh	1,250	0 0			
			31,456	2	0
TOTAL			48,396	7	9
			TOTAL		
			48,396	7	9

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
<i>Institute of Ophthalmology</i>	Rs.	a.	p.				
(i) Salaries				<i>Institute of Ophthalmology</i>	Rs.	a.	p.
Teaching staff	18,072	3	6	Fees from Students			
Ministerial staff	2,513	4	0	Blood Test fee	729	6	0
Technical staff †	5,079	9	0				
Subordinate staff	1,385	3	0	<i>Other Income</i>			
Other staff	375	0	0	Contribution from Medical College Fund	50,000	0	0
Other Ministerial staff	1,111	11	0				
				Deficit for the year 1956-57			
Dearness Allowance							
(ii) Allowances							
Teaching staff	1,541	15	0				
Ministerial staff	819	11	0				
Technical staff †	962	8	0				
Subordinate staff	1,395	0	0				
Other staff	345	0	0				
Other ministerial staff	345	5	0				
Non-practising allowance	2,497	3	6				
(iii) Provident Fund							
Teaching staff	641	0	0				
(iv) Other expenses							
Boarding uniform and electricity allowance	558	0	0				
Running expenses	4,029	6	3				
Contingencies	3,768	6	3				
Extra lecture	475	0	0				
Library and reading room	1,578	1	0				
Telephone	297	13	0				

Institute of Ophthalmology Revenue Account—(Contd.)

Expenditure]				Income			
	Rs.	a	p.	Rs.	a	p.	Rs. a. p.
Uniform to servants staff for summer and winter	240	0	0				
Hostel rent	2,540	12	0				
Hostel establishment	1,378	12	3				
Non-practising allowance to Pathologists	520	8	9	15,386	11	6	
Equipment for pathological and Bacteriological laboratory	6,039	9	6				
Special equipments for Ophthalmology Section	6,510	9	9				
Furniture	1,398	1	0				
Purchase of books	2,081	15	9				
Equipments for museum	2,557	5	3				
Photographic Section	1,995	12	3				
Purchase of typewriter	350	0	0				
Cost for securing the services of a visiting Professor	3,241	4	0				
Purchase of Magnetophone	2,198	2	0	26,372	11	0	
TOTAL				78,844	0	0	78,844 0 0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

University Medical Drug Store Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
<i>Drug Store</i>		Sale of medicines	Rs. 24,237 6 0
(a) Salaries	2,207 11 0		Rs. 24,237 6 0
(b) Provident Fund . . . . .	..	
(c) Dearness allowance	868 8 0		
(d) Stationery and Printing	123 1 6		
(e) Contingencies	75 9 6		
(f) Overhead charges	496 3 0		
(g) Local Purchase of medicines	115 5 0		
(h) Purchase of medicines	20,150 11 9		
Surplus for the year 1956-57	200 4 3		
TOTAL	24,237 6 0	TOTAL	24,237 6 0

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Honv. Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

Dawakhana Tibbiya College Revenue Account

For the year ended 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
Dawakhana				Sale of Medicines			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.
							Rs. a. p.
Recurring							91,068 14 7
(1) Salaries	13,316	0	9				
(2) Provident Fund	760	12	9				
(3) Dearness allowance	4,129	7	6				
(4) Daily Wages	476	1	9	18,682	6	9	
Other Expenses							
(1) Medicines	48,760	0	3				
(2) Containers and Packing Materials	12,185	7	6				
(3) Fuel	1,199	10	6				
(4) Advertisement	3,271	10	0				
(5) Printing Blocks and Designs	8,388	8	0				
(6) Stationery	484	6	9				
(7) Contingency	676	3	6				
(8) Repairs	364	3	0				
(9) Postage	14,98	13	9				
(10) Carriage	320	4	0				
(11) Freight Railway and Motor	832	5	3				
(12) Discount	2,136	5	0				
(13) Telephone charges	288	0	0	80,402	13	6	
Non-Recurring							
(1) Steel container for raw medicines	499	8	0				
(2) Copper containers	395	8	9				
(3) Ordinary Balance	30	0	0				
(4) Jars	198	0	0				
(5) Ceiling fans and light	641	8	0				
(6) Furniture and furnishing expenses	278	0	0				
(7) Machinery and instruments and its fitting expenses	3,644	7	9	5,687	0	6	
TOTAL				1,04,772	4	9	
				Deficit for the year			13,703 6 2
				TOTAL			1,04,772 4 9

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

M. U. Boarding House Account
General Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Establishment fee for D. O. M. S.	343	8	0	Students Revenue account	1,80,970	14	8
Hostel Rent D. O. M. S.	1,780	15	0	Exchange & Commission	33	14	0
Vendors Licence Fee	107	0	0	Advance account	16,938	6	6
Vendors Deposit Account	40	0	0	V. C's. Fund	2,460	8	9
Enrolment Fee	448	0	0	V. M. Hall Account	23,330	12	0
Library admission fee	8	0	0	Outstanding Account	19,744	8	0
Shopkeepers Licence fee	74	50	0	Sir Suleman Hall Account	28,084	4	0
				Economic Society	152	5	0
Arabic Society	923	15	3	Riding Fee account	2,853	8	7
Binnot Club	164	5	5	Tennis Club	4,164	3	3
Botanical Society	1,759	6	1	M. U. S. Union account	5,037	2	6
Chemical Society	3,377	11	11	Hockey Club	5,160	2	9
Commerce Society	494	7	8	Football Club	5,117	1	1
Education Society	305	1	1	Cricket Club	5,845	13	6
German Society	2,210	2	10	Athletics Club	3,736	15	6
Geographical Society	1,665	10	6	Gymnasium Club	2,661	5	7
Historical Society	1,697	11	5	Swimming Bath Club	3,830	7	6
Hindi & Sanskrit Society	575	0	0	Cash at bank	75,070	6	6
Law Society	235	6	5				3,85,192 11 8
Mathematical Society	59	9	2				
Persian Society	415	14	8				
Geological Society	792	14	6				
Physical Society	1,322	5	4				
Philosophical Society	88	15	2				
Political Society	1,367	6	6				
Urdu Society	102	0	3				
Urdu Magazine	387	11	9				
Zoological Society	2,816	3	0				
English Society	255	6	7				
English Magazine	5,401	6	3				
Dramatic Society	200	14	6				
Engineering Society	688	9	6				
Engineering Magazine	1,986	8	3				
Engineering Degree Tour	2,983	10	3				

M. U. Boarding House Account—(Contd.)

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.
Polytechnic Society	1,986	7	0				
Polytechnic Journal	3,451	12	6				
Polytechnic Instructional Tour	2,563	7	0				
Tibbi Society	129	12	2				
Tibbi Magazine	747	10	0				
Tibbi Terminal Examination fee	168	0	0				
Sunni Theology Account	321	12	0				
Tibbi Library Fee	19	0	0				
Rafi Relief Society	4,083	7	0	45,749	9	11	
Club and Society Establishment fee				225	7	5	
Literary Society Reserve Fund				3,338	6	1	
Games Account				52,578	5	1	
Games Reserve Fund Account				1,498	0	0	
M. U. S. Union Reserve Fund				1,558	15	2	
Riding School Reserve Fund				75	0	0	
Scholarship Account				2,902	9	0	
Security Deposit				5,140	0	0	
Duty Loan Account				13,415	0	0	
Club & Society				20,764	4	9	
Reserve Fund Account				14,721	2	6	
Suspense Account				3,073	11	3	
Sir Abdur Rauf Scholarship a/c				1,500	0	0	
Students Deposit Account				9,523	0	0	
Liabilities Account				1,992	1	0	
M. M. Non-Collegiate House				17,757	0	6	
Muslim University Account				19,969	10	0	
N. R. S. C. Hall Account				30,541	14	3	
Kashmir Government Scholarship Account				2,091	15	6	
Cost of Tender forms				137	3	0	
General Liveries Account				16	4	0	

Prime Minister National Fund	180	13	3
Annual Fee	1	15	0
3% Security Loan	412	4	0
Mr. Sayeed Ali Account	151	0	6
Training College Library fine	18	0	0
Earnest Money	120	0	0
Subscription for Riding Reviews	4	0	0
M. U. Fund Account	1,32,933	12	6
TOTAL	3,85,192	11	8

TOTAL	3,85,192	11	8
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(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

M. School Boarding House Account

Balance Sheet as on 31st March 1957

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	
Tuition fee	14,075	0 0	Students Current account		75,022 5 8
Enhanced tuition fee	510	8 0	Student Dead account		593 9 3
Supervision fee	348	0 0	Boarding House furniture		110 3 9
Medical fee	269	14 0	Punkha fee		3 0 0
Enrolment fee	155	0 0	Cash at Bank in Hand		6,886 9 4
Room rent	522	0 0	Deficit		
Class fines	446	1 0	As per last balance sheet	9,373 4 10	
Other fines	4	0 0	Add deficit for the year	953 8 0	10,326 12 10
Proctorial fines	98	14 0			
Transfer certificate fee	72	11 0			
English House account	13,895	9 9			
English house revenue fund	493	14 0			
Swimming Bath fee	339	2 2			
Tennis fee	167	8 6			
Riding fee	82	0 0			
Skating	36	0 0			
Deposits Account			624	10 8	
Students Deposit Account			19,578	8 0	
Boarding House Reserve fund			3,372	10 11	
4% School Reserve fund			3,822	4 4	
Cultural Activities			10,314	13 0	
Food fund	3,832	14 9	500	0 0	
Electric account	832	5 5			
Science fee	3,524	11 1			
Cinema fee	2,812	14 7			
Examination fee	985	14 4			
Ink fee	3,216	8 5			
Post Card fee	1,374	2 10			

Refreshment fee	2,268	6	3				
Art & Craft Account	203	8	3				
Glass Panes	381	1	8				
Library Reading & Magazine fee	1,221	11	8				
Games fee	1,202	14	6				
Athletic sports	1,274	8	8				
Common Room	303	1	0				
Commerce fee	403	6	9	23,838	2	2	
TOTAL				92,942	8	10	
				TOTAL			92,942 8 10

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh.

M. U. School Boarding House

Revenue Account for 1956-57

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	
<i>To Revenue Account</i>			<i>To Revenue Account</i>		
Contribution to conservancy . . .	1,436	0 0	Dhobi Wages	553	12 0
Subordinate Staff salaries . . .	2,880	0 0	B. H. Admission fee	280	1 0
Subordinate Staff Dearness Allowance . . .	3,600	0 0	B. H. Registration fee	21	0 0
B. H. General Requisition . . .	144	13 0	B. H. Establishment fee	6,232	15 3
Exchange and Commission . . .	53	13 3	Re-admission fee	69	2 0
			Excess in Cash	4	4 0
			Net deficit for the year carried out over to the Balance sheet	953	8 0
TOTAL	8,114	10 3	TOTAL	8,114	10 3

(Sd.) A. RAUF,

Hony. Assistant Treasurer,

Muslim University, Aligarh.

Aftab Hall

General Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.
Caution money and deposit				64,932	6	9	Student Current Account. 1,80,257 10 11
<i>Hall Surplus</i>							Student Dead Account 26,277 1 2
As per last Balance Sheet	53,985	9	1				Advance to Provost 3,000 0 0
Add surplus for the year	5,304	15	10	59,290	8	11	Duty Loan 1,122 13 5
Boarding House Reserve Fund				39,368	9	10	Law Society 3 13 0
Lytton Library Books	107	9	0				Welfare Relief Fund 321 8 0
University Admission Fee	1,596	2	0				Rafi Relief 506 10 0
Medical Fee	7,808	14	10				Advance to staff 78 15 9
Anti-malaria Fee	1,694	6	0				Fixed Deposit 20,000 0 0
Lytton Library Admission Fee	158	8	5				Cash at Bank 37,331 2 8
University Enrolment Fee	643	5	0				
Terminal Examination Fee	368	9	6				
University Tuition Fee	5,687	9	2				
Enhanced Tuition Fee	4,883	6	6				
Increased Tuition Fee	1,748	10	2				
Business Training Fee	180	11	0				
Chemistry Breakage	480	8	0				
Badminton Club	681	7	0				
Medical Examination Fee	318	13	0				
Medical Check up	159	8	0				
U. O. T. C. Account	89	8	0				
Other Fines	66	9	0				
Fine for Training College	4	13	0				
Glass Panes	13	8	0				
University Magazine	246	6	1				
Literary Society	246	6	1				
Proctorial Fine	11	8	0				
University Games Fee	1,158	11	6				
University Union Fee	328	9	0				
Physics Contingency	10	9	0				
Rent of Aftab Hall	672	7	7	29,316	14	10	

Aftab Hall—*contd.*

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
							Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p.
							2,68,899 10 11
Food Fund	40,616	11	0				
Glass Panes	1,787	5	0				
Hall Reserve Fund	10,777	13	3				
Chick Account	378	6	0				
Hall Library Fines	383	10	0				
Geography Deposit	449	0	0				
Sinking Fund	7,631	6	5				
B. Ed. Books	85	0	0				
Hire of Furniture	10	13	0				
Aftab Hostel Rent	829	0	0				
Hall Fine	115	13	0				
Late Payment Fine	296	1	0				
Joint Staff payable	259	9	5				
Imprest	104	5	9				
Interest on Fixed Deposit	269	0	9				
Advance N. R. S. C.	8,000	0	0				
Advance B. H.	4,000	0	0	75,993	14	7	
TOTAL				2,68,899	10	11	
				TOTAL			2,68,899 10 11

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
 Muslim University, Aligarh

Aftab Hall

Revenue Account for the year ending 31st March, 1957

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	
To Hall Amenities	6,360	7 9	By Hall Admission Fee		
„ Electric charges	12,932	2 3	„ Hostel Fee	1,945	0 0
„ Hall Games	2,603	14 9	„ Sale of Grass	68,584	15 0
„ Provost Office Establishment	5,521	0 0	„ Miscellaneous receipts	209	0 0
„ B. House Establishment	7,404	8 0		2,567	0 9
„ Provident Fund	349	0 0			
„ Dearness Allowance	12,840	0 0			
„ Joint Staff Salary	778	13 2			
„ B. H. G. R.	1,016	8 3			
„ Printing & Binding	399	8 0			
„ Telephone Account	308	0 0			
„ Conservancy	3,000	0 0			
„ Water Supply	1,828	7 0			
„ Hostel Rent	6,250	0 0			
„ Contingency	292	14 6			
„ Bank Commission	11	10 0			
„ Improvement of Lawns	253	6 6			
„ Miscellaneous Payments	6,850	11 9			
„ Hall surplus carried over to Balance Sheet	5,304	15 10			
TOTAL	74,305	15 9	TOTAL	74,305	15 9

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

M. U. Abdullah Hall

General Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>Caution money and other deposits</i>					
(a) Caution Money	5,479	8 0]			Deposit B. Ed. Books 134 9 0
(b) Breakage	50	0 0			Electricity Account 2,414 11 9]
(c) Library Books	1,645	0 0			Games Fee 30 6 0
(d) Science Deposit	2,115	6 0	9,289	14 0	Salary Payable 0 6 0
					Cash Book Balance as at 31st March
Food Account	2,612	15 9			1957 26,048 5 1]
Kitchen establishment	2,670	1 0	5,283	5 9	
Reserve Fund			4,962	5 8	
Room Rent School	19	0 0			
Social Club	738	8 6			
Washing Charges	1,589	0 0			
Cost of Forms	18	4 0			
Fines	23	8 0			
W. College Union	163	8 0	2,551	12 6	
Rafi Relief Fund			250	0 0	
Medical Fee			118	8 0	
University Magazine			161	4 0	
Contractor Security			1,500	0 0	
Donation by the Chancellor			1,500	0 0	
Union Fee			51	8 0	
Hall surplus a/c (as per last Balance)	1,640	9 0]			
Less deficit for the current year	161	1 3	1,479	7 9	
Student's Account			1,480	10 0	
TOTAL			28,628	6 8	

(Sd.) S. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh,

M. U. Abdullah Hall

Revenue Account as on 31st March, 1957

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.
<i>To Revenue Account</i>			<i>By Revenue Account</i>		
Hall servants pay	7,679	8 0	Boarding House Admission fee	1,220	0 0
Office contingency	399	9 3	„ Establishment fee	5,187	0 0
B. H. General Requisites	907	5 9	„ Amenities fee	2,500	0 0
Printing charges	236	14 6	„ Furniture fee	715	8 0
Conservancy tax	96	0 0	U. P. Government grant	2,000	0 0
Unforeseen expenses	17	10 0	Net deficit carried over to current		
Furniture fund	405	12 0	Balance Sheet	161	1 3
Liveries	83	0 0			
Conservancy to Muslim University	83	0 0			
Maintenance of Hostel	1,874	13 9			
TOTAL	11,783	9 3	TOTAL	11,783	9 3

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

General Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Muslim University, Aligarh.

Non-Residence Students Centre

Revenue Account for the year ending 31st March, 1957

Expenditure				Income			
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
<i>To Hall Revenue Account</i>				<i>By Hall Revenue Account.</i>			
Provost Office Salaries . . .	8,997	8	0	Hall Admission Fee . . .		4,390	0 0
Joint Staff Salaries . . .	1,562	3	10	Establishment Fee . . .		13,987	0 0
Contingency . . .	980	11	3	Excess in Cash . . .		0	8 0
Bank Commission . . .	18	10	0				
Liveries . . .	35	0	0				
Reconditioning of Provost Office .	300	0	0				
Net surplus for the year carried over to Balance Sheet . . .	6,483	6	11				
TOTAL	18,377	8	0	TOTAL		18,377	8 0

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Tibbiya College Boarding House

Revenue Account for the year ending 31st of March, 1957

Expenditure			Income		
To Revenue Account	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	By Revenue Account.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Boarding House Establishment	5,661 11 6		Hostel Fee	10,606 14 0	
Contingency	62 11 6		Late Payment	128 8 0	
B.H.G.R.	223 10 0		Admission Fee	120 0 0	
Water Supply	139 8 0		Hall Fines	104 14 0	
Garden and Play ground	329 7 3		Miscellaneous Income	20 0 0	
Hall Amenities	293 5 0		Net deficit carried over to the Balance Sheet	1,865 11 0	
Electricity	2,727 14 0				
Liveries	32 0 0				
Miscellaneous Payments	3,375 11 9				
TOTAL	12,845 15 0		TOTAL	12,845 15 0	

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Tibbiya College Boarding House Account
General Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.
Caution Money and Deposits.				4,667	0	0	Student Current Account 28,500 9 9
<i>Hall Surplus :</i>							Scholarship Account 5,161 8 0
As per last Balance Sheet	36,130	7	8				Mahet's Account 663 12 0
Less deficit for the year	1,865	11	0	34,264	12	8	Central Accounts Office 21,718 2 6
							P. Cash 869 12 0
Tuition Fee	14,540	13	0				Advance Account 1,433 15 0
T. C. Admission Fee	805	2	0				Examination Fee 115 9 0
Proctorial Fine	36	8	0				Fixed Deposit 8,000 0 0
Fines	748	8	0				National Savings Certificate 3,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	3,908	7	0				Magazine Tibbi Society 297 12 0
Cost of Breakage	27	1	0				Advance to staff 315 7 0
Union Club	1,851	8	3				Cash at Bank 8,325 3 2
Enrolment Fee	437	0	0				
Surgical Instruments	5	13	0				
Breakage of P. Studio	25	5	0				
Uniform Account	8	6	0	22,394	7	3	
T. C. Society	372	4	0				
Food Fund	13,028	6	3				
Music	15	0	0				
Annual Examination Fee	22	0	0				
T. C. Magazine	145	2	3				
Food Reserve Fund	489	8	0				
Interest on Fixed Deposit	215	13	6				
T. C. Society	10	0	0				
Hall Fines	525	0	0				
Chick Account	185	8	0				
Glass Panes	134	0	0				
Identity Cards	50	4	0				
Loss of Books	39	0	0				
Guest Charges	23	0	0				
Sir Syed Hall	1,620	9	0	16,875	7	0	
TOTAL				78,401	10	11	TOTAL 78,401 10 11

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Sulaiman Hall

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets									
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Student Deposit account				1,08,815	8	0	Student Current Account	1,71,349	8	6			
Hall Surplus :							Fixed Deposit	55,000	0	0			
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	58,309	1	2				Lt. Col. Maqbool's Account	10,000	0	0			
Add this year's Balance	11,750	9	7	70,059	10	9	Outstanding Account	6,563	15	0			
Hall Reserve Fund				3,028	0	8	V.M. Hall	4,000	0	0			
Liabilities				12,334	5	3	Permanent Advance	3,000	0	0			
B.H. Reserve Fund				6,158	12	9	Food Fund (1947-48)	1,199	9	5			
Student Dead Account				2,889	15	2	University Games	95	8	0			
M.U.B. House	28,084	4	0				Petty Cash	58	14	0			
Engineering Tuition Fee	10,253	3	0				Other Fines	51	0	0			
Increased Tuition Fee	2,261	12	0				Cost of Badges	18	15	6			
Tour Expenses	1,862	6	3				Enrolment Fee	1	2	0			
University Tuition Fee	1,630	12	0				Cash at Bank	14,020	5	1			
Medical Fee	769	0	0										
Enhanced Tuition Fee	325	10	0										
Anti-malaria Fee	166	9	0										
Cost of Breakage	100	13	0										
Lytton Library Admission Fee	19	3	0										
Proctorial Fine	10	9	0										
Promotion Examination Fee	5	12	3										
Physics Apparatus	1	14	6										
Law Society	0	0	6	45,491	12	6							
Food Fund	7,819	9	9										
Glass Panes	2,546	12	6										
Badminton	348	0	0										
Identity Cards	259	3	0										
Purchase of B.T. Books	210	0	0										
Engineering Society	130	0	0										
Imprest Money	13	10	6										
Labs Accounts	40	8	0										
Hall Library Books	36	0	0										

Price of Kits	12	0	0	
Rafi Relief	28	9	0	
Joint Staff Payable	129	11	2	
Republic Day Contribution	37	0	0	
Welfare	3,389	0	0	
Students contribution to Amin Hostel	36	0	0	
Interest on Fixed Deposit	1,485	6	6	
Late payment fine	59	9	0	16,580 6 5

TOTAL 2,65,358 13 6

TOTAL 2,65,358 13 6

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

Sir Sulaiman Hall Revenue Account

For the year ending 31st March, 1957

Expenditure			Income		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>To Hall Revenue</i>			<i>By Hall Revenue</i>		
Provident Fund contribution	967	12 6	Hall Admission fee	1,920	0 0
Boarding House Servants' Pay	30,735	8 3	Hostel Fee	91,947	6 0
Provost Office Salaries	6,551	8 6	Hall fines	75	8 0
B.H. G.R.	1,181	0 6	Excess in Cash	21	2 0
Conservancy	1,200	0 0	Test Examination fee	343	4 0
Telephone	40	0 0			
Office contingency	365	10 6			
Hall Amenities	6,205	10 6			
Hall Games	6,189	8 6			
Electricity	16,508	8 0			
Boarding House Rent	11,000	0 0			
Joint Staff Salary	778	13 2			
Printing and Binding	701	8 0			
Bank Commission	19	2 0			
Liveries	112	0 0			
Net Surplus Carried over to Balance Sheet	11,750	9 7			
TOTAL	94,307	4 0	TOTAL	94,307	4 0

(Sd.) A. RAUF,

Hony. Assistant Treasurer,

Muslim University, Aligarh

V.M. Hall

General Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Liabilities			Assets									
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.			
Students deposit			55,869	14	0	Students Current account		81,313	9	7		
<i>Hall surplus account</i>												
As per last balance sheet	27,366	0 2				Students dead account	31,092	9	5			
Less deficit for the year	521	4 0	26,844	12	2	Food fund till Aug. '48	10,928	14	8			
						Col. Maqbool's Account	10,235	12	0			
Billiard account	128	14 0				Out-standing account	2,167	0	0			
Dining Hall	12,352	13 0				N.R.S.C. Account	428	3	3			
Identity Cards	371	14 0				Cost of Badges	63	9	0			
Glass panes	682	13 0				Swimming Bath	9	11	0	54,925	11	10
Coupon system of canteen	56	14 0				Fixed deposit with Allahabad Bank				5,000	0	0
Chick account	91	14 0				Permanent advance with Provost				2,919	1	6
Interest on fixed deposit	14	13 0				Cash Balance with Allahabad as on 31-3-57				6,378	6	5
Relief to students	975	1 0	14,675	0	0							
Medical fee.	3,972	6 6										
U. T. C.	3,240	0 8										
Admission fee	1,139	9 3										
Anti-malaria	964	6 9										
Enhanced tuition fee	826	9 0										
Increased tuition fee	721	15 0										
University Enrolment fee	532	14 3										
Chemistry Breakage	405	3 6										
Terminal Examination fee	372	7 6										
Medical Examination	223	13 0										
Medical check up	111	7 0										
Islamic Week	81	2 0										
Library admission fee	77	1 6										
Medical Drug	44	9 0										
Proctorial fine	30	11 0										
Physics contingency	23	0 0										

V.M. Hall—contd.

Liabilities			Assets		
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Business Training fee	13	8 0			
Class fine	3	14 0			
Physics fund	1	15 0			
Boarding House Rent fund	6,897	4 6			
Sulaiman Hall	4,000	0 0			
Cont. to conservancy	1,200	0 0			
M.U. Boarding House a/c	13,334	0 0			
Hall Reserve fund	14,923	5 9			
Self help	6	0 0	53,147	3 2	
TOTAL			1,50,536	13 4	
			TOTAL		1,50,536 13 4

(Sd.) A. RAUF,

Hony. Assistant Treasurer,

Muslim University, Aligarh.

V.M. Hall

Revenue Account as on 31st March, 1957

Expenditure		Income	
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
<i>To Revenue account</i>		<i>By Hall Revenue</i>	
Boarding House Establishment . . .	24,081 15 0	Hostel Fees	61,380 8 0
Provost Office Establishment . . .	6,088 5 0	Admission Fee	2,055 0 0
Contribution to Welfare Fund . . .	492 0 0	Sherwani Expenses	145 0 0
Boarding House General Requisites . .	694 14 6	University Contribution	4,250 0 0
Office contingencies	778 1 6	Flood Relief Fund	348 0 0
Printing and Binding	600 9 3	Miscellaneous	1,511 2 0
Telephone Account	100 0 0	Net Deficit carried over to Balance Sheet	521 4 0
Contribution to Conservancy . . .	1,200 0 0		
Liveries	230 0 0		
Maintenance of Ground	489 12 0		
Boarding House Rent Account . . .	8,500 0 0		
Awards to Students	44 7 0		
Hall Amenities	3,206 15 6		
Games Fund	2,431 12 3		
Electricity Account	15,172 5 6		
Bank Commission	19 0 0		
Miscellaneous	6,075 12 6		
TOTAL	70,205 14 0	TOTAL	70,205 14 0

(Sd.) A. RAUF,
Hony. Assistant Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh

Sir Syed Hall

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1957

Liabilities				Assets			
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
Student Deposit				Student Current Account	1,94,656	12	3
<i>Hau Surplus</i>				Student Dead Account	53,581	7	9
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	1,01,261	7	11	Lt.-Col. Magbool's Account	15,000	0	0
Add surplus for the year	21,771	10	7	Investment in 3% conversion loan	1,860	0	0
Boarding House Reserve Fund				Law Society	24	15	3
University Tuition Fee	6,887	1	6	Petty Cash	168	2	0
Enhanced Tuition Fee	1,615	13	3	Joint staff	519	1	0
Increased Tuition Fee	2,097	8	6	Advance to Provost	3,000	0	0
Business Training Fee	77	4	0	Imprest Money	200	0	0
Medical Fee (Old Balance)	958	4	0	Fixed Deposit	75,000	0	0
Medical Fee (1953-55)	123	4	0	Advanced to Tibbiya Hostel	1,620	9	0
Anti-malaria Fee	204	3	6	Advanced to staff	1,630	0	0
Terminal Examination Fee (Science)	489	9	3	Cash at Bank	39,633	3	5
Lytton Library Books	30	11	0				
Library Fines	34	2	0				
Replacement of apparatus	21	2	0				
Geology Account	6	11	6				
Urdu Seminar	11	8	6				
Hall Reserve Fund							
Scholarship Account							
Dining Hall Reserve Fund							
Chick Account	463	11	6				
Railway Concessions	307	5	9				
Food Fund	51,929	10	5				
Cashier's Security	291	8	6				
Glass Panes	2,670	10	3				
Welfare Fund	100	0	0				
Poor Boys Fund	250	8	0				
Medical Fee	222	1	0				
Cost of Books	5	10	0				
Rafi Relief	849	12	0				

Contractor's Security Deposit	.	600	0	0	
Identity Cards	.	144	2	0	
Poor Student's Relief Fund	.	3,447	8	3	61,282 7 8

TOTAL	.		3,86,894	2	8
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TOTAL	.		3,86,894	2	8
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(Sd.) A. RAUF,

Hony. Assistant Treasurer,

Muslim University, Aligarh.

Sir Syed Hall

Revenue Account as at 31st March, 1957.

Expenditure				Income			
	Rs.	as.	p.		Rs.	as.	p.
<i>To Hall Revenue Account</i>							
Provost Office Establishment	9,709	0	6	Hall admission Fee	3,070	0	0
Hall Amenities	3,403	6	6	Readmission Fee	990	0	0
Boarding House Staff Salary	23,403	8	0	Hostel Fee	1,00,300	7	0
Leave Vacancy	324	11	6	Water Supply	2,163	3	6
Hostel Rent paid to University	14,166	0	0	Excess in Cash	0	2	0
Bank Commission	9	6	0	Contribution by the University	4,250	0	0
B.H.G.R.	792	3	6	Miscellaneous Income	1,923	7	0
Electricity	15,198	11	9				
Office Contingency	904	2	3				
Printing and Binding	796	4	6				
Unforeseen Expenses	280	1	0				
Conservancy	3,000	0	0				
Garden and play-ground	729	5	3				
Liveries	379	3	0				
Telephone	254	12	0				
Joint Staff Salary	778	13	5				
Hall Games	3,372	1	9				
Visiting Team Expenses	238	4	6				
Miscellaneous Payments	13,185	9	6				
Net surplus carried over to Balance Sheet	21,771	10	7				
TOTAL	1,12,697	3	6	TOTAL	1,12,697	3	6

(Sd.) A. RAUF

Hony. Assistant Treasurer
Muslime University, Aligarh.[No. 4169-Ex.]
Y. D. KHAN, Registrar.

I have generally examined the accounts of the University for the year 1956-57 and on the basis of the general scrutiny of records and the information and explanations as furnished to me, I certify that the accounts of the University to be correct subject to following comments :—

1. Hall Accounts and Accounts of various Games and Cultural Societies:—

The accounts of the various halls, of the Female Education Fund and of the various Clubs and Societies were not produced to audit and are not certified.

2. Investments in various Accounts:—

The following securities are appearing on the asset side of the respective balance sheets, but no documents in support thereof were produced to Audit.

Particulars	Amount		
	Rs.	as.	p.
(i) Securities reported to be in deposit with the Reserve Bank of India.	10,000	0	0
(ii) Post Office Cash Certificates reported to be deposited with the Hydro Electric Engineer Roorkee (Deposit Account)	2,097	4	0
(iii) 3% of G. P. Notes, 1957 (Medical College Account)	1,00,000	0	0
(iv) In the Balance Sheet of Special Floating Reserve Fund, an Investment of Rs. 500 in the Shares of Shah Jahanpur Flour Mill Co. has been shown at its par value. No dividend appears to have been received on those shares in the recent years and their market value could not be ascertained.			

3. Buildings :—

No inventory of the land and buildings together with their individual valuation has been kept by the University.

4. Medical College Fund :—

An amount of Rs. 1,01,646/2/11 is shown as representing the stock of Medicines. It has been stated that their precise value was ascertained in 1946-47 to be Rs. 1,54,281. But no re-valuation or physical verification of the above stocks has been done in 1956-57.

5. Depreciation Fund Account :—

Lump sum amount only are provided at present for the depreciation of the various assets belonging to the University. A set of depreciation Reserve Fund Rules has been framed and approved by the Executive Council on 30th August 1958. The rules also provide a lump sum provision of Rs. one lakh on all assets. In the absence of suitable details, the adequacy or otherwise of the lump sum provision could not be ascertained. It is stated that depreciation Reserve Fund on account of the buildings held under permanent Reserve Fund and Trust Fund, etc. are also included in the lump sum provision.

6. M.U. Fund Balance Sheet:—

(a) ASSET SIDE:—

- (i) An amount of Rs. 5,76,890/11/4 has been shown as the cost of furniture, fittings, apparatus and equipment. An inventory of the furniture, etc., together with the details of the cost working to the above figure were not available, nor does it seem likely that it represents the value of the furniture, etc., with the University as the amount has stood at the same figure since 1952.
- (ii) An amount of Rs. 2,63,966/12/9 is shown under outstanding account reported to represent outstandings against the students on account of University fees, etc. It is stated that out of this sum of Rs. 82,995/14/1 has since been realised and the balance is irrecoverable.
- (iii) An amount of Rs. 192,442/7/10 has been shown under advance on account representing the advances given to the various firms and to the University Officials for supplies and disbursements for subsequent adjustment to the final heads. No up-to-date list of persons or firms against whom advances are pending was available.

(iv) An amount of Rs. 18,553/4/- has been shown against permanent advances to Head of the Departments for incurring contingent expenditure. Details of persons against whom advances were pending were not made available.

(v) The following entries appear to represent part of the deficit of the University:—

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Advances to Engineering College	2,57,782	15	8
Advances to Tibbiya College	1,71,446	10	6
Non-Recurring Grant to M. U. Tibbiya College	24,561	3	6

(vi) The following entries in the Balance Sheet as on 31st March 1957 represent old or non-recoverable balances or part of the deficit figure:—

Particulars	Amount		
	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Contribution of amount against various departments	22,808	0	0
Medical College Account	245	1	0
Cash Balance of Women's College	60,187	12	10
Suspense Account (Women's College)	284	15	0
Cash Balance of Girls' High School	6,616	13	6
Rock Feller Foundation Account	1,065	14	3
Sir William Maris Scholarship	124	8	0
Games Funds	3,120	0	0
Rent of Wali Manzil	30	1	9
M. U. Girls' High School Account	4,000	0	0
Syed Hussain Chair Account	285	15	0
R. D. H. Account Women's College	9	14	0
Staff Club Women's College	2,685	5	3
Liabilities Account	194	7	0
Salaries Payable	8,377	14	0
Advances on account	2,709	5	5
Vice-Chancellor's Fund	600	0	0
Unesco Coupon Scheme	8,878	10	0

(b) LIABILITIES SIDE :—

(i) An amount of Rs. 95,900 has been shown as advance taken from the M. U. Deposit Account. The M. U. Deposit Account, however, shows the advance to M. U. Fund Account at a figure of Rs. 90,900.

(ii) The following items which appear on the liability side of the M. U. Fund Balance Sheet either do not seem to represent any concrete liabilities as no details of the same are available, or they represent old credit balances :—

Particulars	Amount		
	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Salary Payable	15,363	2	6
Cost of bricks of unfinished M. M. Hostel	231	12	0
College of Engineering and Technology	54,368	8	0
Additions and Alterations to Tibbiya College	4,056	9	0
Additions and Alterations to Engineering College	31,456	2	0
M. U. Girl's High School Current Account	6,748	3	6
Interest Account (Women's College)	828	9	0
Library Deposit Account	1,775	14	0
Boys Fund M. U. Branch School	164	14	0
Girls' Fund (Girls' High School)	3,499	12	0
Salaries Stamp Account	263	7	0
Hire of Gowns Account	552	10	0
Advance against salaries	25	0	0
Proctorial Fine Account	424	2	0
Petty Cash Account	0	0	6
Sales of Publications (History Department)	294	10	6
Sales of Publications (Islamic Studies)	369	2	3
Sales of Publications (Historical Research)	122	5	0
Dr. Keith Lyll Visir Account	5,284	11	0
Provident Fund Account (Women's College)	2,133	0	0
Loan of Provident Fund Account	1,327	0	0

Particulars	Amount		
	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Interest on Provident Fund Loan (Women's College)	18	5	0
Hospital Dues (Women's College)	278	13	6
Magazine Account (Women's College)	1,732	4	0
Women's College Library Books	57	8	0
Women's College Cash Balance	49,763	11	10
N.C.C. Fines	2,318	9	3
Mazary Memorial Conference Fund	202	0	0
Cost of Books M. U. School	40	4	3
University School and Reading Room Account	40	15	3

7. Deposit Account :—

The nature of the following entries appearing on the asset side of the Balance Sheet of the Account could not be ascertained :—

Particulars	Amount		
	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Dr. Zakir Hussain Account	293	8	9
Ex-Criminal Tribes Survey	200	0	0
Blind School Revenue Account	996	3	6
Outstandings	30,081	15	6
Petty Cash	10	0	0

8. Provident Fund Account :—

The nature of the following entries in the Account could not be ascertained :—

Particulars	Amount		
	Rs.	As.	Ps.
M. U. Fund (Dr.)	57	2	0
Women's College Account (Dr.)	2,133	0	0
Electricity Department (Dr.)	28	11	0
Miscellaneous Deposit Account (Cr.)	18	15	0
Suspense Account (Cr.)	43	3	11

9. Additions and Alterations to Engineering College Buildings Account :—

The expenditure of Rs. 48,396/7/9 during 1956-57 on the above account included the advances against various contractors totalling Rs. 31,456/2/- written off.

10. Balance Sheet of the College of Engineering & Technology :—

The Balance Sheet of the College of Engineering and Technology College shows a figure of Rs. 4,31,869/4/5 under the head 'Advance from M. U. Fund Account'. In the M. U. Fund Account, however, the contra entry for the above, namely 'Advances to the Engineering College' is shown at Rs. 2,57,782/15/8. The discrepancy needs reconciliation.

11. Stocks :—

(a) Amount of Rs. 1,51,421/15/4 and Rs. 28,851/12/6 are shown to represent stocks of building materials purchased out of M. U. Floating Reserve Fund and Special Floating Reserve Fund respectively. In addition purchases of materials are also charged to final heads. The accounts of purchases from various sources are, however, not kept separately. The stock of building materials shown under the Reserve Funds were, therefore, not susceptible of verification.

(b) A sum of Rs. 8,803/10/9 appears as stock of paper with the University under M. U. Floating Reserve Fund. It was stated that the stock of paper exists.

(Sd.) K. G. KRISHNAMURTHY,
Senior Auditor.

(Sd.) O. P. GOEL,
Deputy Accountant General (O.A.D.)

REPLIES TO THE AUDIT COMMENTS ON BALANCE SHEET

For the Year 1956-57

MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH.

1. The re-organization of the Hall accounts has taken place this year. The entire accounts of the halls will be audited to University Audit as well as by the Government Auditors hencewith.
2. (i) The file has been traced out and will be produced for inspection.
 (ii) As the file is not traceable, necessary certificate from the Hydro Electric Engineer has been called for and will be shown to auditors as soon as it is secured. These certificates were transferred in the name of the above officer towards deposit for electric supply.
 (iii) The file is being searched, it will be produced when available.
 (iv) The matter is being pursued.
3. This is to be prepared by the Building Department.
4. Physical verification was done in 1957-58 and was shown to the Audit Party lately. Medicines that are liable to deteriorate after a certain period are usually sold out, but in certain cases losses in this account costing up to Rs. 20 have been written off by the Organising Secretary under his own authority.
5. The rules have since been framed. Revised rules will be placed before the Finance Committee and the Executive Council.
6. (a) (i) The detailed accounts of furniture, equipment, etc. are being prepared by the Steward.
 (ii) The amount which is irrecoverable will be written off by the competent authority.
 (iii) Relevant records are not available and it is difficult to establish, if the advances which according to the practice in vogue finally charged to service heads were adjusted at all. Executive Council will be requested to write off the amount.
 (iv) The amount outstanding under this head relates to the Imprest granted to the various departments which are kept by them permanently. The details are available and these were shown to the Senior Auditor. The figure has amount to Rs. 18,553/4/- in the year 1956-57.
 (v) No remarks.
 (vi) No remarks.
- (b) (i) This will be adjusted.
 (ii)

Reg.	Rs.	15,363/2/6	will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	231/12/0	will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	54,368/8/0	} these amounts are under scrutiny.
"	Rs.	4,056/9/0	
"	Rs.	31,456 2/0	} will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	6,748/3/6	
"	Rs.	828/0/0	as above.
"	Rs.	1,775/14/0	This amount is being transferred to the Deposit Account.
"	Rs.	164/14/0	it is a liability and cannot be closed.
"	Rs.	3,499/12 0	as above.
"	Rs.	263/7/0	will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	552/10/0	it is a liability and can not be closed.
"	Rs.	25/0/0	will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	424/2/0	it was a liability and was transferred to Vice-Chancellor Fund under the rules.
"	Rs.	0/0/6	will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	294/10/6	} these are liabilities and cannot be closed unless approval of Heads of Departments concerned is received.
"	Rs.	369/2/3	
"	Rs.	122/5/0	} will be closed to Revenue in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	5,284/11/0	
"	Rs.	2,133/0/0	it is a liability and is being transferred to Provident Fund Account.

Reg.	Rs.	1,327/0/0	as above.
"	Rs.	18/5/0	as above.
"	Rs.	278/13/6	it is a liability and is being transferred to Medical Drug Stores.
"	Rs.	1,732/40	paid as liability in 1957-58.
"	Rs.	57/8/0	will be closed in the year 1957-58.
"	Rs.	49,763/11/10	to be adjusted against a Dr. entry in the Assets side of the Balance Sheet above.
"	Rs.	2,318/9/3	it is a liability and was transferred to N.C.C. Account.
"	Rs.	202/0/0	this amount is being transferred to Deposit Account.
"	Rs.	40,4/0	} headmaster has been requested to offer his remarks on these items.
"	Rs.	40/15/3	

7. Deposit Account :

Reg.	Rs.	329/8/8	this amount has been realised.
"	Rs.	200/0/0	this amount is being adjusted.
"	Rs.	996/3/6	Rs. 598/3/- will be adjusted against the credit balance under the same head in the Liabilities side. The rest is irrecoverable.
"	Rs.	3,051/15/6	the details are under investigation.
"	Rs.	10/0/0	the amount is being recovered from the Cashier's salary.

8. Provident Fund :

Reg.	Rs.	57/2/0	this amount will be adjusted after scrutiny.
"	Rs.	2,133/0/0	to be adjusted against an entry of the same amount from Fund A/c as shown in the Balance Sheet.
"	Rs.	28/11/0	details are being investigated.
"	Rs.	18/15/0	} details are under investigation and will be adjusted later.
"	Rs.	43/3/11	

9. No remarks :

10. The discrepancy is being reconciled.

11. (a) A detailed replay has already been given to a similar objection in the Audit Report explaining the revised method of Stock under Suspense head.

(b) No remarks.

(Sd.) S. A. K. ZAIDI,
Accounts Officer.
Muslim University, Aligarh.

(Sd.) OBAIDUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Hony. Treasurer,
Muslim University, Aligarh.

[No. 4169-Ex.]

Y. D. KHAN
Registrar.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Expenditure)

New Delhi, the 25th June 1959

S.O. 1484.—In pursuance of clause (3) of article 77 of the Constitution and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the President is pleased to order that the following amendment shall be made in the Delegation of Financial Powers Rules, 1958, namely,

Amendment No. I

Delete Serial No. 4 of the Annexure to Schedule V of the Rules.

[No. F. 12(40)-EII(A)/59.]

R. K. RANGAN, Dy Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 24th June 1959

S. O. 1485.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 19th June 1959.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	32,72,96,000
Reserve Fund	80,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	1,62,000
National Agricultural Credit (Long-term Operations) Fund	25,00,00,000	Subsidiary Coin	3,08,000
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	3,00,00,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
Deposits :—		(a) Internal . . . . .	..
(a) Government		(b) External . . . . .	..
(1) Central Government	49,81,63,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	48,53,000
(2) Other Governments	18,29,32,000	Balances held abroad*	15,61,80,000
(b) Banks	79,88,39,000	**Loans and Advances to Governments	27,18,12,000
(c) Others	119,71,72,000	Other Loans and Advances†	61,70,10,000
Bills Payable	18,80,84,000	Investments	302,34,63,000
Other Liabilities	54,06,80,000	Other Assets	13,47,86,000
TOTAL	453,58,70,000	TOTAL	453,58,70,000

*Includes Cash & Short term Securities.

**Includes Temporary Overdrafts to State Governments.

†The item 'Other Loans and Advances' includes Rs. 3,54,68,000/- advanced to scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4)(c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act.

Dated the 24th day of June 1959.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 19th day of June 1959.

Liabilities		Assets	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	32,72,96,000	A. Gold Coin and Bullion :—	
Notes in circulation	1737,78,51,000	(a) Held in India	117,76,03,000
Total Notes issued	1770,51,47,000	(b) Held outside India	
		Foreign Securities	178,00,89,000
		TOTAL OF A.	295,76,92,000
		B. Rupee Coin	128,99,95,000
		Government of India Rupee Securities	1345,74,60,000
		Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper . . . . .	..
TOTAL—LIABILITIES . . . . .	..	TOTAL—ASSETS	1770,51,47,000

Dated the 24th day of June 1959.

H. V. R. IENGAR,
Governor.
[No. F. 3(2)-BC/59.]
A. BAKSI, Jr. Secy.

ERRATA

In the list of Government Securities, etc., held by the Reserve Bank of India, New Delhi, as on the 31st December, 1958, on behalf of Administrators, etc. published in the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3(ii), dated 21st March, 1959, as S.O. 611, the following corrections are to be made:—

Page 666, Sl. No. 8, column 6, under 3½% National Plan Loan 1964—

For “1100000” read “1,10,000”.

Page 672, Sl. No. 8—

Delete “5000” under 4% Hyderabad Loan 1963, col. 8 and add “5,000” under column 9—3 Per cent. Nizam Government Loan 1960—70F.

Page 674, top headings—

For “General” read “Central” and

For “para 101” read “para 108”.

Page 682, column 3, headings—

For “2½% 1960” read “2½% 1960”.

Page 682, column 11, headings—

For “3½% National Plan Loan 1965” read “3½% National Plan Bonds 1965”.

Page 684, column 4 heading—

For “39½% 1966—68” read “3% 1966—68”.

Page 684, column 5 heading—

For “3% 1960—70” read “4% 1960—70”.

(Department of Economic Affairs)*New Delhi, the 30th June 1959*

S.O. 1486.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 53 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949, (10 of 1949) the Central Government, on the recommendation of the Reserve Bank of India, hereby declares that the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 12 of the said Act shall not apply to the Jammu and Kashmir Bank Ltd.

[No. F. 4(53)-BC/59.]

R. K. SESHADRI, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)**ORDER****STAMPS***New Delhi, the 23rd June 1959*

S.O. 1487.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899), the Central Government hereby remits the duty with which the lease deed to be executed by the Embassy of Netherlands in India in respect of a plot of land measuring about 5.998 acres, Plot No. 6 in Block 50-F, Chanakyapuri, New Delhi, is chargeable under the said Act.

[No. 15 (F. No. 1/36/59-Stamps/Cus.VII).]

D. N. LAL, Under Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE**INCOME-TAX***New Delhi, the 25th June 1959*

S.O. 1488.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue hereby makes the following further amendments in the Schedule appended to its notification No. S.O. 660 No. 35-Income-tax dated 22nd April, 1958, namely:—

In the said Schedule under the Sub-head "IX-Madhya Pradesh and the Districts of Nagpur & Bhandara" against "Jabalpur" for the existing entry "11. C-Ward, Raipur" the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"11. Durg".

This notification shall be deemed to have taken effect from the 8th June, 1959.

Explanatory Note

NOTE.—The amendments have become necessary on account of the creation of a new Income-tax Circle at Durg.

(The above note does not form a part of the notification but is intended to be merely clarificatory).

[No. 78 (F. No. 50/27/59-IT).]

S.O. 1489.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue hereby makes the following further amendments to its notification S.O. 660 No. 35-Income-tax dated the 22nd April 1958, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification under the sub-head "XV-West Bengal" against 'L' Range, Calcutta after the existing entry "5. Murshidabad-Nadia" the following entries shall be added, namely:—

"6. Jalpaiguri Income-tax Circle, Jalpaiguri.

7. Darjeeling Income-tax Circle, Siliguri".

Explanatory Note

NOTE.—The amendments have become necessary on account of the renaming the Income-tax Circles.

(The above note does not form a part of the notification but is intended to be merely clarificatory).

[No. 79 (F. No. 50/32/59-IT.)]

D. V. JUNNARKAR, Under Secy.

CENTRAL EXCISE COLLECTORATE, BOMBAY**PUBLIC NOTICE**

Bombay, the 23rd June 1959

SUBJECT:—*Baggage Rules for passengers proceeding to Goa and Daman (Portuguese territory) by land.*

S.O. 1490.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Central Board of Revenue, No. 6037, dated the 11th December, 1924, issued under Section 6 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (XIX of 1924) and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Collector of Land Customs, Bombay hereby makes the following rules for passing free of duty the personal baggage of passengers visiting the Portuguese Possessions of Goa and Daman by land, namely:—

RULES

1. These rules shall come into force on 1st July 1959.

2. The personal baggage of a passenger is exempt from duty when it accompanies him.

Explanation.—“personal baggage” shall include used wearing apparel, and other personal household effects *in actual use*, consisting of articles specified in the *Schedule* hereto annexed provided that the articles (i) are the property of and are in the possession of the passenger and are being taken for his personal use or for the use of any member of his family travelling with him and (ii) are not intended for sale or for the use of any other person.

3. Passengers are required to declare all their belongings correctly to the Customs officers irrespective of whether the articles are dutiable and/or restricted or not. They should state the actual value of the articles.

4. **Restrictions under the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act.**—The export of gold bullion, gold coins and silver is prohibited unless covered by a permit from the Reserve Bank of India.

Export of India Currency to Goa and Daman is allowed upto a maximum limit notified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

5. **Bonafide Personal Jewellery.**—Passengers are allowed to carry personal jewellery upto Rs. 1,000 in value per adult woman passenger and Rs. 500 per any other passenger as accompanied baggage. Jewellery in excess of this limit requires a permit from the Reserve Bank of India authorities for its legal exportation.

6. **Export Trade Control Restrictions.**—All articles of personal baggage are exempt from Export Trade Control restrictions. All other articles whether controlled or uncontrolled will be allowed to be exported only if they are covered by licences to be issued by the Joint Chief Controller of Exports, Bombay.

Goods brought at the Land Customs Stations for export without Export Trade Control licence are liable to confiscation under the existing rules.

7. The above rules are liable to modification without notice.

SCHEDULE

(Please see Rule 2)

Name of Articles	Limit
1. Toilet requisites (other than toilet Soap) .	In actual use.
2. Tooth brush	One per passenger.
3. Tooth paste.	One per passenger. Restricted to two tubes per family.
4. Used goggles and spectacles	One pair per passenger.
5. Fountain Pen	In actual use.
6. Wrist Watch	In actual use.
7. New cloth and garments.	5 yards per head with a maximum of 15 yards per family.
8. Tea	1/4 lb. per adult passenger with maximum of two lbs. per family.
9. Coffee	Do.
10. Sugar	Do.
11. Fruits	In reasonable quantity for use during the journey only.
12. Home made sweets	Do.
13. Biscuits	Do.
14. Soaps	1 cake per head with a maximum of 3 cakes per family.
15. Beries	50 per head for smoker only.
16. Cigarettes.	20 cigarettes per head for smoker only.
17. Snuff.	2 tolas per head for habitual taker only.
18. Unmanufactured tobacco.	1/4 lb. per head.
19. Food stuff (excluding food grains, flours) and pulses)	2 lbs. per head with maximum of 5 lbs. per whole family.
20. Knitting wool.	Nil. (Except where the lady passenger has been doing knitting work on travel, not exceeding 2 lbs.)
21. Jaggery	1/2 lb. per head with a maximum of 2 lbs. per family.
22. Processed food	In reasonable quantity for use during the journey only.
23. Drugs and medicines.	Upto to the maximum of Rs. 25/- in value per family.

The following articles cannot be taken to Goa and Daman as accompanied baggage:—

1. Vegetables.
2. Ghee and Butter.
3. Edible Oils.
4. Dry Chillies.
5. Other spices.

Manufactured Goods—all types other than those specifically mentioned in preceding paragraphs and including

1. Sewing machine.
2. Radio.
3. Type writer.
4. Clock or time piece.
5. Table fan.
6. Table lamp.
7. Kettle.
8. Iron.
9. Sockets.
10. Camera.
11. Bicycle.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY**RUBBER CONTROL***New Delhi, the 24th June 1959*

S.O. 1491.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Rubber Act, 1947 (24 of 1947), read with sub-rule (3) of rule 3 of the Rubber Rules, 1955, the Central Government hereby notifies the nomination of Shri P. M. Mathew, Director of Agriculture, Government of Kerala, as a member of the Rubber Board, and directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.O. 2084, dated the 6th October, 1958, namely:—

In the said Notification, for the entry—

“(3) Shri K. Sivasankara Menon, Director of Agriculture, Government of Kerala, Trivandrum.”

the following entry shall be substituted, namely,

“(3) Shri P. M. Mathew, Director of Agriculture, Government of Kerala, Trivandrum.”

[No. F.15(4)Plant(B)/58.]

A. J. KIDWAI, Dy. Secy.

TRADE MARKS*New Delhi, the 26th June 1959*

S.O. 1492.—In pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 138 of the Trade Marks Rules, 1942, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1)(a) of the said rule the Central Government has removed from the Agents' Register the name of Shri G. Gardner Lewis.

[No. 6(6)-TMP/59.]

K. RAJARAMAN, Under Secy.

ORDER*New Delhi, the 25th June 1959*

S.O. 1493.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 18A of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, (No. 65 of 1951), and with reference to the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce & Industry Order No. S.O. 867 dated the 15th May, 1958, the Central Government has decided that the undermentioned Members of the Board of Management of Messrs. Jessop and Company Ltd., Calcutta, shall receive with effect from 15th May, 1958 the same remuneration from Jessop & Company, including benefits of membership of Superannuation Fund, if any, as they received as Technical Directors of the firm before the issue of the said Order.

1. Mr. S. S. H. Sitwell,
2. Mr. C. V. Graham,
3. Mr. C. E. Cargin, and
4. Mr. A. H. Mitchell.

[No. 9(18)-IA-IG-59.]

S. RANGANATHAN, Secy.

ORDER*New Delhi, the 4th July 1959*

S.O. 1494.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me under Clause 9 of the Motor Cars (Distribution and Sale) Control Order, 1959, I hereby make the following order, namely:—

- (1) Every dealer shall maintain record of the stock of motor cars received by him from the manufacturers in a register to be designated hereafter as 'Stock Register', the particulars and columns of which shall be in accordance with Annexure 'A' to this Order.

- (2) Every dealer shall maintain record of all applications for motor cars received by him in a register to be designated hereafter as 'Order Register', the particulars and columns of which shall be in accordance with Annexure 'B' to this Order.
- (3) Every dealer shall maintain record of sale of all motor cars received by him from the manufacturers in a register to be designated hereafter as 'Delivery Register', the particulars and columns of which shall be in accordance with Annexure 'C' to this Order.
- (4) Every manufacturer shall submit a monthly return in accordance with the proforma at Annexure 'D' to this Order to:
- (a) Under Secretary, Ministry of C. & I.—(one copy).
 - (b) Controller of Motor Cars, Ministry of C. & I.—(two copies).
 - (c) The authority appointed in the State to implement the Motor Car (D & S) Control Order, 1959.—(one copy each).

The return for each month shall reach the addressees before the last day of the succeeding month.

- (5) Every dealer in a State shall submit to the authority appointed in the State to implement the Motor Car (Distribution and Sale) Control Order, 1959 such periodical returns and information as are required by him.

ANNEXURE 'A'

STOCK REGISTER

Stock held on the first day of the month.	Number of vehicles received from the manufacturer during the month against the respective quotas of dealer including State Governments, Central Government, manufacturer and others.	Number of vehicles sold during the month	Balance on the last date of the month to be carried forward to the next month.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5

ANNEXURE
ORDER

Sl. No.	Full name & postal address of the applicant.	Vocation of applicant & normal place of residence.	Whether applicant pays income tax.	Whether the applicant owns or has owned any motor car and if so the make, date of purchase and sale, if any, of the last motor car.	Whether the applicant has registered for a motor car with any other dealer (if the answer is 'yes' the particulars of the order.	Number and date of bank guarantee.	Number of motor cars applied for and number registered for
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

B

REGISTER

Amendment to the original applications/cancellations with reasons thereof	Date of registration	Order of priority of registration and reasons for changes, if any.	Register Number under Motor Vehicles Act & the reasons for delayed delivery if any (to be entered after delivery).	Any other information/instruction for the dealer.	Indicate whether the delivery was made through any dealer due to change of residence of the applicant & if so particulars of the dealer.	Remarks (If the application was not registered, the reasons thereof should be indicated in this column.)
9	10	11	12	13	14	15

ANNEXURE 'C'

Sl. No.	Name and postal address of the person and the date of registration of application and order of priority as entered in the Order Register.	Date of Delivery	Date of Registration under Motor Vehicles Act and the number.	Name and address of the person to whom the delivery was made after registration under Motor Vehicles Act.	Engine no. and chassis no.	Manu- facture Invoice number	Indicate whether delivery was made against the quotas of (a) manu- facturer, (b) State Gov- ernment, (c) Central Government, (d) Special and (e) an- other dealer due to change of location of the applicant since registration.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

ANNEXURE 'D'

S. No	State	Name of the dealer	Allocation to the dealer for the month	Total for the State for the month	State quota for the month included in column 4.	Cumulative Total				Remarks
						Dealer		State Quota		
						Since 1st Jan. 1959 (total of col. 4)	Since 31-5-1959 (total of col. 4)	Since 1st Jan. 1959 (total of col. 6)	Since 31-5-1959 (total of col. 6).	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	Andhra Pradesh	.	.	.						
2.	Assam	.	.	.						
3.	Bihar	.	.	.						
4.	Bombay	.	.	.						
5.	Kerala	.	.	.						
6.	Madras	.	.	.						
7.	Mysore	.	.	.						
8.	Orissa	.	.	.						
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	.	.	.						
10.	Punjab	.	.	.						
11.	Madhya Pradesh	.	.	.						
12.	Rajasthan	.	.	.						
13.	Uttar Pradesh	.	.	.						
14.	West Bengal	.	.	.						
15.	Delhi	.	.	.						
16.	Manipur	.	.	.						
17.	Tripura	.	.	.						
18.	Himachal Pradesh	.	.	.						
19.	Andaman & Nicobar	.	.	.						
20.	Lacadive, Minicoy & Amindivi.	.	.	.						
21.	Pondicherry	.	.	.						
22.	Others	.	.	.						
TOTAL		.	.	.						

	For the month	Cumulative since 1st January, 1959	Cumulative since 31st May, 1959.
Allocation for States
Manufacturer's quota
Central quota
Special quota, if any
Amortisation by the firm
GRAND TOTAL
Production (as given in the production return to the Development Wing.)	.	.	.

Distribution : (Return for each month should reach the addressees before the last day of the succeeding month).

1. Controller of Motor Cars, Min. of C. & I. 2 copies
2. Under Secretary, Ministry of C. & I. 1 copy
3. Authority appointed in the State to implement the Motor Car (D & S) Control
Order 1 copy each.

[No. IAM/59/255.]

V. P. S. MENON,
Controller of Motor Cars.

(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 26th June 1959

S.O. 1495.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 8 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that four licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been granted authorizing the licensees to use the Standard Mark.

THE SCHEDULE

S. No.	Licence No. and Date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process covered by the licence	Relevant Indian Standard
		From	To			
1.	CM/L-129 23-6-1959	1-7-1959	30-6-1960	The Alkali and Chemical Corporation of India Ltd., 34, Chowringhee, Calcutta-16.	BHC Emulsifiable Concentrates	IS: 632-1958 Specification for BHC Emulsifiable Concentrates (<i>Revised</i>).
2.	CM/L-130 24-6-1959	1-7-1959	30-6-1960	M/s. Taj Plywood Products, 20, Ultadanga Main Road, Calcutta-4	Tea-Chest Plywood Panels	IS: 10-1953 Specification for Plywood Tea-Chests (<i>Revised</i>).
3.	CM/L-131 24-6-1959	1-7-1959	30-6-1960	M/s. East India Distilleries and Sugar Factories Ltd., Dare House, Madras-1	BHC Dusting Powders	IS: 561-1958 Specification for BHC Dusting Powders (<i>Revised</i>).
4.	CM/L-132 24-6-1959	1-7-1959	30-6-1960	Do.	DDT Dusting Powders	IS: 564-1955 Specification for DDT Dusting Powders.

[No. MDC/12(327).]

C. N. MODAWAL,
Deputy Director (Marks).

MINISTRY OF STEEL, MINES & FUEL**(Department of Mines & Fuel)***New Delhi, the 26th June 1959*

S.O. 1496.—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Department of Mines and Fuel (Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel) S.O. No. 959 dated 20th April, 1959 under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957 (20 of 1957) the Central Government gave notice of its intention to prospect for coal in the lands in the locality specified in the Schedule appended to that notification;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that coal is obtainable in the whole or any part of the said lands;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to acquire—

- (a) the lands measuring 83.75 acres described in Schedule 'A' appended hereto; and
- (b) the rights to mine, quarry, bore, dig and search for, win work and carry away minerals in the lands measuring 10.75 acres described in Schedule 'B' appended hereto.

The plans of the area covered by this notification may be inspected in the office of the Collector, Surguja (M.P.) or in the office of the Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta or in the office of the National Coal Development Corporation Ltd., (Revenue Section) "Darbhanga House", Ranchi.

Any person interested in the aforesaid lands may within 30 days of the issue of this notification, file objection to the acquisition of the whole or any part of the lands or of any rights in or over such lands to the Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

SCHEDULE 'A'

Drawing No. Rev./18/59
(Showing lands to be acquired).

Adjacent to Korca—II

Sl. No.	Name of Village	Thana	Thana No.	District	Area	Remarks
1.	Bhukbhuki	Maninagarh	156	Surguja	69.55 Acres	Part.
2.	Govt. forest	do.	..	"	14.20 "	"
TOTAL					83.75 Acres	(Approximately)

Plots to be acquired in village Bhukbhuki :

3 (Part), 4 (Part), 1/2 (Part), 18/1 (Part), 18/2 (Part), 19 (Part), 20 (Part), 21/1 (Part), 22/1 (Part), 24 (Part), 29 (Part), 32 (Part), 33 (Part), 34 (Part), 35 (Part), 36 (Part), 39 (Part), 295 (Part), Part of the Government forest.

Boundary description:—

AB line passes along the Kurasia colliery boundary.

BC line passes through Government forest and Plot No. 4 in village Bhukbhuki.

CD line passes through Plot No. 4, 3 and Reserve forest.

DE line passes along Korea Block-II Boundary.

EA line passes along Government forest.

SCHEDULE 'B'

Adjacent to Korea Block—II.

Drawing No. Rev./18/59.

(Showing lands where rights, mine, quarry, bore, dig and search for win, work and carry away minerals are to be acquired).

Sl. No.	Name of Village	Thana	Thana No.	District	Area	Remarks
1.	Bhukbhuki . . .	Manindragarh	156	Surguja	52 Acres	Part
2.	Govt. forest . . .	do.	..	"	10.23 "	Part
TOTAL					10.75 Acres (Approximately)	

Plots to be acquired:—

4 (Part), 3 (Part) and part of Government forest.

Boundary description:—

BF line passes along the Kurasia colliery Boundary.

FD line passes along the Korea Block-II Boundary.

DC line passes through Reserve Forest and Plot Nos. 3 and 4 of village Bhukbhuki.

CB line passes through Plot No. 4 in village Bhukbhuki and Reserve forest.

[No. C2-6(15)/57.]

B. ROY, Under Secy.

(Department of Iron and Steel)

New Delhi, the 29th June 1959

S O. 1497/Ess.COMM/IRON AND STEEL-2(c)/AM(45).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (c) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control) Order, 1956, the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made to the Notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel, No. S.R.O. 2041/ESS.COMM/IRON AND STEEL-2 (c), dated the 11th June, 1957, as amended from time to time, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, in columns 2 and 3 thereof, against 'OTHERS' the following entry shall be added, namely:—

2	3
"40. Secretary, World Agriculture Fair, New Delhi.	4 & 5".

2. This notification shall remain in force upto 31st March, 1960, with effect from the date of its publication in the Gazette of India, unless, before the expiry of the said period, its duration is extended by the Central Government.

[No. SC(A)-7(41)/59.]

J. S. BAIJAL, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS*New Delhi, the 25th June 1959*

S.O. 1498.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Indian Telegraph (Amendment) Act, 1957 (47 of 1957) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport and Communications No. S.O. 1300, dated the 29th May, 1959, published in Part II—Section 3 sub-section (ii) of the Gazette of India dated the 6th June, 1959, the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st day of July, 1959, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[No. 21-1/59-PHC.]

B. G. DESHMUKH, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Transport)**(Transport Wing)****PORTS***New Delhi, the 25th June 1959*

S.O. 1499.—In pursuance of Sub-Section (2) of Section 9 of the Madras Port Trust Act, 1905 (Madras Act II of 1905) it is hereby notified that, in accordance with the provisions of section 13 of the said Act, Shri E. J. M. Leigh of M/s Binny & Co. (Madras) Ltd., has been elected by the Madras Chamber of Commerce to be a Trustee of the Port of Madras with effect from 16th June, 1959 *vice* Shri E. F. G. Hunter resigned.

[No. 13-PG(20)/59.]

MISS I. INDIRA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING & SUPPLY*New Delhi, the 27th June 1959*

S.O. 1500.—In pursuance of clause (b) of section 2 of the Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property Act, 1952, (30 of 1952), and in partial modification of the notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, No. 10368-WII/52 dated the 19th December, 1952, and No. 5997-EII/53 dated the 9th October, 1953, the Central Government hereby authorises all the Collectors in the State of Madhya Pradesh to perform the functions of a competent authority under the said Act for the areas falling within their respective jurisdiction.

[No. EE. 12(9)/59.]

B. D. KUMAR, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 29th June 1959

S.O. 1501.—In pursuance of the provisions of rule 45 of the Fundamental Rules, the President hereby makes the following further amendment in the Supplementary Rules issued with the Government of India, Finance Department letter No. 104-CSR., dated the 4th February, 1922, namely:—

In part VIII of the said rules, in Division XXVI-B, in supplementary Rule 317-B-14, for the words 'two months' the words 'four months' shall be substituted.

[No. 3/8/59-Acc/1.]

S.O. 1502.—In pursuance of the provisions of rule 45 of the Fundamental Rules, the President hereby makes the following further amendment in the Special Accommodation Rules, 1950, issued with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Works, Mines and Power No. WIV-15(3)/III, dated the 19th January, 1950, namely:—

In rule 18 of the said rules, for the words 'two months', the words 'four months' shall be substituted.

[No. 3/8/59-Acc/II.]

S.O. 1503.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Supplementary Rule 317-B-1(2) of the Supplementary Rules framed in pursuance of rule 45 of the Fundamental Rules, the President hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, No. 5/2/56-Acc., dated the 4th May, 1959, published as S. O. 1048 in the Gazette of India, Part-II, Section 3(ii) dated the 9th May, 1959 namely:

In the said notification in the second column of the List against Serial No. VI, the following words, figures and brackets shall be added, namely:—

“Orthodox C type quarters Nos. 15—22,
Market Road (8)”.

[No. 5/2/56-Acc.]

R. C. MEHRA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 25th June 1959

S.O. 1504.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Sarup Singh as Assistant Settlement Commissioner for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to such officers by or under the said Act with effect from the date he took charge of his office.

[No. 5(24)/Adm(R)/59.]

M. L. PURI, Settlement Commissioner
and *Ex-Officio* Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR & EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 24th June 1959

S.O. 1505.—The following draft of a further amendment of the Calcutta Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme 1956, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (9 of 1948), is published as required by the said sub-section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 5th August 1959.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said Scheme—

(i) In clause 46, after sub-clause (4), the following sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(4-A)—(a) Where a worker has been suspended pending enquiry, he shall be paid for each day of suspension a subsistence allowance equivalent to the attendance allowance provided in clause 32 or one-fourth of his daily wage including dearness allowance, whichever is greater; provided that for the period of suspension in excess of a month, the Chairman may, in exceptional cases grant a higher subsistence allowance not exceeding half the total daily wage including dearness allowance;

(b) the subsistence allowance so paid shall not be recoverable or liable to forfeiture in any case whatsoever;

(c) where a worker is found not guilty, he shall be entitled to such payments in respect of the period of his suspension as the Administrative Body may certify that the worker would have received on the time rate basis or under clause 32 had he not been suspended, provided that the amounts so payable shall be reduced by the amount of subsistence allowance already paid during that period”.

(ii) In clause 51, the following shall be inserted at the end of sub-clause (2) as item (iii):—

“(iii)—(a) Where a worker has been suspended pending enquiry, he shall be paid for each day of suspension a subsistence allowance equivalent to the attendance allowance provided in clause 32 or one fourth of his daily wage including dearness allowance, whichever is greater; provided that for the period of suspension in excess of a month, the Chairman may, in exceptional cases grant a higher subsistence allowance not exceeding half the total daily wage including dearness allowance;

(b) the subsistence allowance so paid shall not be recoverable or liable to forfeiture in any case whatsoever;

(c) where a worker is found not guilty, he shall be entitled to such payments in respect of the period of his suspension as the Administrative Body may certify that the worker would have received on the time rate basis or under clause 32 had he not been suspended, provided that the amount so payable shall be reduced by the amount of subsistence allowance already paid during that period.

[No. Fac. 175(72)/59.]

B. K. BHATTACHARYA, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 25th June 1959

S.O. 1506.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 258 of the Constitution of India, the President hereby entrusts to the Government of West Bengal, with the consent of that Government, the functions of the Central Government under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), in so far as they relate to industrial disputes concerning the industrial establishment specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

THE SCHEDULE

Coke Oven and Bye Products Plant, Durgapur, Burdwan.

[No. LR II-4(22)59.]

S.O. 1507.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Bhagaband colliery and the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, Dhanbad.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, DHANBAD

REFERENCE No. 22 of 1959

Employers in relation to the Bhagaband Colliery

AND

Their workmen,

represented by the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh, Dhanbad.

PRESENT:

Shri Salim M. Merchant, B.A., LL.B., Presiding Officer.

Dated, the 16th June, 1959

APPEARANCES:

Shri S. S. Mukherjee, Advocate, instructed by Shri P. K. Mittar, Chief Personnel Officer,—for the Employers.

Shri S. Das Gupta, Secretary, Colliery Mazdoor Sangh,—for the workmen.

State: Bihar

Industry: Coal.

AWARD

On a joint application of the parties above-named, dated 14th October, 1958, the Central Government was pleased, by its Order No. LR II-2(155)58, dated the 14th April, 1959, made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), to refer to me for

adjudication the industrial dispute with regard to the following subject matter specified in the said joint application of the parties:

"Whether Shri Kalika Singh, Clerk Grade II, should be removed from the colliery immediately for his anti-social, anti-worker and anti-Union activities?"

2. After the reference was received, the usual notices were issued on the parties to file their respective written statements. In response to this notice, on 1st June 1959, the Secretary of the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh submitted an application dated 1st June 1959 stating that since the reference, the workmen and the said Shri Kalika Singh have amicably settled their differences and that the workmen, therefore, did not want to press this reference and praying for permission to permit them to withdraw the dispute as they had no subsisting dispute with the management on the issue referred to this Tribunal.

3. Upon receipt of this application on 3rd June 1959, notices were issued on the parties to appear before the Tribunal on 11th June 1959 when Shri S. S. Mukherjee, Advocate, and Shri P. K. Mitter, Chief Personnel Officer of the employer-company endorsed their no objection to the Union's said application to withdraw this dispute. The claim under reference is, therefore, disposed of as withdrawn.

No order as to costs.

SALIM M. MERCHANT,
Presiding Officer.

[No. LRII/2(155)/58.]

New Delhi, the 26th June 1959

S.O. 1508.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Loyabad Colliery and their workmen.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, DHANBAD

REFERENCE No. 13 OF 1959

Employers in relation to the Loyabad Colliery of Messrs. Bird & Co. (Private) Ltd.

AND

Their workmen

PRESENT:

Shri Salim M. Merchant, B.A., LL.B. Presiding Officer.

Dated the 17th June 1959

APPEARANCES:

Shri D. Narsingh, Advocate, instructed by Shri S. Das Gupta, Secretary, Colliery Mazdoor Sangh,—for the workmen.

Shri S. S. Mukherjee, Advocate, instructed by Shri P. K. Mitter, Chief Personnel Officer,—for the employers.

State: Bihar

Industry: Coal,

AWARD

The Central Government, in the Ministry of Labour & Employment, by Order No. LR.II-2(184)58, dated the 26th February, 1959, was pleased in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act (Act XIV of 1947) to refer to me for adjudication the industrial dispute between the parties above-named, in respect of the matters specified in the following schedule to the said Order:

SCHEDULE

"Whether the management of Loyabad Colliery of M/s. Bird & Co. (Private) Ltd., P.O. Bansjora (Dhanbad) was justified in placing Shri Anil Kumar Ghosh, Welfare Officer's clerk, in grade III. If not, to what relief is he entitled?"

2. After the usual notices were issued on the parties, the Colliery Mazdoor Sangh (hereinafter referred to as the Union), filed its statement of claim on 12th March 1959 to which the management filed its written statement in reply on 1st April 1959, after which the matter was fixed for hearing on 28th May 1959 and the hearing was concluded on 9th June 1959.

3. The facts of the case are that Shri A. K. Ghosh, the workman concerned in this dispute, joined the service of the Company sometime in April 1946 when he was appointed as a Census Clerk in the Layabad Colliery on weekly payment basis. In about September 1948 he was made a Register Clerk on Rs. 25/- per mensem and in September 1950 he was designated as Gomastha on the same pay but did the same work as census clerk. In April 1951 he was designated as Service Record Clerk and in July 1951 he was designated as Labour Control Clerk. In January 1952 his basic salary was raised from Rs. 25/- to Rs. 28/- per mensem, and he continued to enjoy the designation of Labour Control Clerk. When the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Colliery Dispute), hereinafter referred to as Majumdar Award) was implemented by this Colliery in about December 1956, Shri Ghosh was placed in Grade III for clerks and thereafter in the records of the company he was shown as grade III clerk.

4. Before proceeding further, it is necessary to refer to the gradation for clerks fixed by the Majumdar Award. Before the Majumdar Tribunal the representatives of both employers and employees had filed an agreed list of "grading and nomenclature of the clerical staff", employed in the collieries which were parties to that dispute, and this is Appendix XVI in Volume II of the said Award. In Appendix XVI, the categories of Welfare Officers Clerks and Personnel Officers Clerks are placed in grade II and of Leave Clerks and Service Record Clerks are placed in category III.

5. It is admitted that since 1950 Ghosh has been working in the Welfare Officers' Department, where there are in all 9 clerks, out of whom 6 are in the Bonus and Provident Fund section who, in implementation of the Majumdar Award, were all placed in grade II as under Appendix XVI of the Award, Bonus & Provident Fund Clerks are by designation classified in Grade II, of the remaining three clerks, one Ambika Pandey was designated as Welfare Officers' Clerk and, as I shall presently show, he was on his representation made jointly with Shri Anil Kumar Ghosh on 19th December 1956, (See Annexure C to the Union's written statement). Pandey was placed in Grade II. Of the remaining two Badri Narayan Prasad and Ghosh, have been placed in the Grade III. After the management in implementation of the Majumdar Award, had put Ghosh in Grade III for clerks, he appears to have protested against this classification and claimed that he was entitled to be placed in Grade II. When his claim was not conceded, the Union raised an industrial dispute by referring his case to the Regional Labour Commissioner (C), Dhanbad by his letter dated 22nd May 1958, in which it claimed that Ghosh was Welfare Officers' Clerk and as such entitled to the Grade II under the Majumdar Award. (Annexure A to the Union's written statement). The Conciliation Officer, enquired into the dispute but failed to bring about a settlement, as recorded by him in his failure report dated 10th December 1958 (Annexure B to the Union's written statement). I may pause here and state that the Union in its written statement of claim has claimed that during conciliation proceedings the Union was able to satisfy the Conciliation Officer that Shri Ghosh was justified in claiming Grade II with retrospective effect from 26th May 1956, but this is not borne out by the Conciliation Officer's failure report. No conciliation having been reached, the dispute, as stated earlier, was referred by Government to adjudication.

6. The Union's main contention both in its written statement and at the hearing in support of the claim was that as Ghosh was working under the control and direction of the Welfare Officer, he was a Welfare Officer's clerk and was, therefore, entitled to that designation and to the Grade II for clerical staff prescribed for that designation under Appendix XVI of the Majumdar Award. The management has, however, contended that simply because Shri Ghosh was working in the Welfare Officers' Department he was not entitled to be designated as Welfare Officers' clerk or to the pay for Grade II clerk. It was pointed out that of the 9 clerks in the Welfare Officers' Department six were in the Bonus and Provident Fund section, and as such were entitled to grade II; that only one clerk viz. A. Pandey, was designated as Welfare Officers' clerk and he was on his representation dated 19th December 1956 placed in grade II with effect from 26th May 1956. The Company has stated that the remaining two clerks viz. B. N. Prasad and A. K. Ghosh were placed in category III because their duties were confined to leave and service record departments inasmuch as the 4 pits of the colliery are divided into 2 sections, and Prasad and Ghose are

such allotted the work of mainly looking after the leave and service records of the workmen in those pits. It is admitted that Ghosh's duties were to check the weekly strength return from the different pits with the permanent list of sanctioned strength and that is why he was designated as Labour Control Clerk. It does appear to me that this contention of the management is correct. Simply because Ghosh was working in the Welfare Officer's Department with which is also connected the Personnel Officer's section, it does not necessarily follow that he thereby becomes a Welfare Officer's or a Personnel Officer's clerk as contended by the Union. It is clear that the Company had another clerk, viz. A. Pandey, who was designated as Welfare Officer's clerk and he was consequently put in Grade II as prescribed for that designation by Appendix XVI to the Majumdar Award.

7. It was next sought to be argued by Shri Narsingh, the learned Advocate for the Union, that the duties of Ghosh were the same as that of another clerk S. K. Mukherjee (Sr.) who has been placed in Grade II. He sought to argue that as prior to the Majumdar Award, both Ghosh and Mukherjee were designated as Labour Control Clerks, the Company was not justified in placing Ghosh in category III whilst placing S. K. Mukherjee in Grade II. The management, however, has filed a statement (Exhibit E/8) in which it has given particulars of Shri S. K. Mukherjee's service with this company. It seems that Shri S. K. Mukherjee (Sr.) is a matriculate of the first division and was appointed in this colliery in 1936, long before Ghosh joined it. The company's statement shows that at no time was Mukherjee designated as Labour Control Clerk but that in July 1957 he was designated as Labour Section clerk, and in 1955 he was transferred to the Bonus and Provident Fund section. It is, however, significant to note that in the written statement of claim the Union had not stated that the duties of Shri S. K. Mukherjee (Sr.) and of Ghosh were the same. It had in para 2 of its written statement of claim only mentioned that both Mukherjee and Ghosh were matriculates. I have carefully considered the submissions of the parties with regard to the duties of Shri S. K. Mukherjee (Sr.) and Shri Ghosh and I cannot say that I am satisfied that their duties are the same. Evidently, the Union at the hearing sought comparison of Ghosh's duties with those of S. K. Mukherjee, because at one time the latter also bore the designation of Labour Section Clerk.

8. It was next sought to be argued by Shri Narsingh, that Ghosh was working in a dual capacity inasmuch as he was looking after both the leave and service records. The argument of Shri Narsingh was that as leave clerks and/or service record clerks are placed in category III under Appendix XVI and Ghosh was discharging both those duties he was entitled to be placed in Grade II. I cannot accept this contention, as it can quite be possible that a clerk may do duties of two categories prescribed in Grade III. In my opinion, as both the duties would be of a Grade III clerk, it would not entitle him for that reason to be placed in Grade II.

9. Shri Mukherjee, learned Counsel for the company, was right when he pointed out that under the terms of reference, the onus was on the Union to establish that Ghosh is specifically a Welfare Officer's Clerk. On the evidence on record and the submissions of the parties, I am not satisfied that the Union has been able to discharge that onus. It is significant that in the joint application dated 19th December 1958 made by Ghosh and Pandey it was stated that Pandey's designation was Welfare Officer's clerk and that Ghosh since 1950 was working as Record and Filing Clerk or Labour Control Clerk. It is clear that Ghosh was claiming category II not because he was Welfare Officers Clerk but because he was working as record and filing clerk or Labour Control Clerk. This is a clear admission that not Ghosh but Pandey was the Welfare Officers Clerk.

10. I have carefully considered the duties of Shri Ghosh as gathered from the written statement of both parties and other exhibits on record and I am not at all satisfied that even on the basis of those duties, Shri Ghosh is entitled to be placed in Grade II for clerical staff. I am satisfied that by and large the duties of Ghosh were those of a leave and service record clerk and as such the management was justified in placing him in the clerical Grade III. I am not satisfied that Shri Ghosh's claim to be placed in Grade II is justified.

11. I, therefore, hold that the management of Loyabad Colliery of M/s. Bird & Co. (P) Ltd. was justified in placing Shri Anil Kumar Ghosh in Grade III and that consequently he is not entitled to any relief.

No order as to costs.

SALIM M. MERCHANT,
Presiding Officer.
[LRJI-2(184)/58.]

S O. 1509.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Messrs Bird & Co. Ltd., P.O. Sijua and their workmen.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, DHANBAD

REFERENCE No. 16 of 1959

M/s. Bird & Company (Private) Limited, P.O. Sijua,

AND

Their workmen

PRESENT:

Shri Salim M. Merchant, B.A., LL.B. Presiding Officer.

Dated, the 16th June, 1959

APPEARANCES:

Shri S. S. Mukherjee, Advocate, instructed by Shri P. K. Mitter, Chief Personnel Officer,—*for the employers.*

Shri D. Narsingh, Advocate, with Shri S. Das Gupta, Secretary, and Shri Ajodhya Gupta, Organising Secretary, Colliery Mazdoor Sangh,—*for the workmen.*

State: Bihar

Industry: Coal

AWARD

The Central Government, by the Ministry of Labour & Employment's Order No. LRIL-2(186)58, dated the 4th March, 1959, made in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act (XIV of 1947, was pleased to refer to me for adjudication the industrial dispute between the parties above-named in respect of the subject matters specified in the following schedule to the said order:—

SCHEDULE

- (i) Whether the management of M/s Bird & Company (Private) Ltd., P.O. Sijua, Dhanbad, is justified in placing Shri K. P. Sinha, Zamindari Gomasta, Chief Mining Engineer's Office, Sijua, in Grade II.
- (ii) If not, to what Grade the workman is entitled and with effect from what date?

2. After the usual notices were issued on the parties and the parties had filed their respective written statements, the hearing was taken up on 5th June, 1959 and was continued on 11th June, 1959. However, at the adjourned hearing on 13th June 1959, the parties filed a joint application embodying the terms of settlement reached between them and praying that an award be made in terms thereof. A copy of the said application is annexed hereto and marked Annexure 'A', which shall form part of this award. As I am satisfied that the terms of settlement are fair and reasonable I make an award in terms thereof.

No order as to costs.

Encl: Annexure 'A'.

SALIM M. MERCHANT,
Presiding Officer.

ANNEXURE A

BEFORE THE CHAIRMAN CENTRAL GOVERNMENT'S INDUSTRIAL
TRIBUNAL, DHANBAD

REFERENCE No. 16 OF 1959

M/s. Bird & Co.

AND

Their workmen.

The Parties abovenamed beg to state as follows:—

That without prejudice to the rights of the parties contained in their respective statements the above Reference has been settled between the parties on the following terms:—

(1) That Sri K. P. Sinha, the workman concerned will be put at Rs. 81/- basic per month in grade II from 1st June, 1959.

(2) That the above will have the effect of giving Sri K. P. Sinha two increments of Rs. 4/- each and this total increase of Rs. 8/- will be given effect from 1st June 1956 and the arrears will be paid accordingly.

(3) That the Company will pay the workman an *ex-gratia* payment of Rs. 200/- (two hundred) only.

(4) That the above payments will be made within 15 days from date.

It is therefore prayed that an Award may kindly be passed on the above terms and the present Reference disposed of.

And for this your petitioner as in duty bound shall ever pray.

For Workman

S. DAS GUPTA.

D. NARSINGH, Advocate.

K. P. SINHA.

for Employers.

S. S. MUKERJEE, Advocate.

Taken on file.

(Sd.) SALIM M. MERCHANT,

Chairman.

[LR11-2(186)/58.]

New Delhi, the 29th June 1959

S.O. 1510.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Dalingkote Colliery and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management of Dalingkote Colliery were justified in retrenching Shri H. C. Chakrabarty. If not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. LR11/2(94)/59.]

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 24th June 1959

S.O. 1511.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Pandyan Insurance Co.

Ltd., Madurai, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed:

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 7A and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes an Industrial Tribunal of which Shri K. Ramaswamy Gounder, B.A., M.L., Retired High Court Judge, Madras, shall be the Presiding Officer with headquarters at the First Line Beach, Madras I and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Industrial Tribunal.

SCHEDULE

- (1) Scales of pay.
- (2) Dearness allowance to the categories of employees drawing basic pay upto Rs. 70 p.m.
- (3) Hours of work.
- (4) Service conditions.
- (5) Retirement benefits (including gratuity).
- (6) Overtime allowance.
- (7) Special allowance for graduates and diploma holders.
- (8) Other allowances.
- (9) Medical facilities.
- (10) Loan facilities to employees.
- (11) Leave and holidays.
- (12) Uniforms.
- (13) Rights to existing benefits.
- (14) Date of effect.

[No. LR11-11(1)/59.]

New Delhi, the 30th June 1959

S.O. 1512.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Khas Karanpura Colliery and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management of the Khas Karanpura Colliery was justified in designating Sarva Shri Mundrika Singh, D. P. Ambasta and D. K. Sen Gupta as Register Keepers while implementing the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Colliery Disputes) as modified by the Labour Appellate Tribunal. If not, to what relief they are entitled?

[No. F. LR11-2(85)59.]

S.O. 1513.—Whereas the dispute specified in the Schedule hereto annexed was referred to the second Industrial Tribunal, Delhi, consisting of Shri P. D. Vyas;

And whereas the services of Shri P. D. Vyas have ceased to be available;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial

Tribunal, Delhi, consisting of Shri E. Krishnamurthi, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Parties to the dispute	No. and date of Notification under which the dispute was referred earlier
Employers in relation to M/s. R. B. Seth Ram Prasad Rajgarhia, and their workmen.	S.O. 373, dated 6th February, 1959.

[No. LR-II-61(10)/58.]

A. P. VEERA RAGHAVAN, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 26th June 1959

S.O. 1514.—In pursuance of section 73-B of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), and in supersession of previous notifications on the subject in so far as they relate to the territories comprised in the State or Union Territory mentioned in column (1) of the Table below the Central Government hereby specifies the authority specified in column (2) of the table below in the State specified in the corresponding entry in column (1) of that Table to be the authority who shall decide any question or dispute arising in respect of the employer's special contribution payable or recoverable under Chapter V-A of the said Act, within the jurisdiction specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) of the said Table.

TABLE

Name of State/ Union Territory	Authority empowered to hear disputes under Chapter V-A of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948.	Jurisdiction
(1)	(2)	(3)
Andhra Pradesh	Additional Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation No. I.	Hyderabad District (excluding Hydera- bad and Secunderabad cities) and Districts of Nizamabad, Medak, Ma- hboobnagar, Nalgonda, Karimnagar, Adilabad, Warangal and Khammam.
	Additional Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation No. II.	1. Srikakulam District. 2. Visakhapatnam (excluding Visa- khapatnam, Nellimerla and Chitti- valasa towns). 3. East Godavari. 4. West Godavari (excluding Eluru town). 5. Krishna District (excluding Vijaya- wada). 6. Guntur District (excluding Mangala- giri and Guntur towns). 7. Nellore. 8. Chittoor. 9. Cuddapah. 10. Kurnool and 11. Anantapur.
Assam	Presiding Officer, Industrial Tri- bunal, Assam, Nowgong.	State of Assam.

1	2	3
Bihar . . .	Presiding Officer, Bihar Industrial Tribunal.	State of Bihar.
Bombay . . .	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bombay. 2. Presiding Officer, Labour Court, Ahmedabad. 3. Presiding Officer, Labour Court, Jalgaon. 4. The Judges of the Courts of Small Causes at Poona and Baroda. 5. All Civil Judges (Junior Division) and where there are no Civil Judges (Junior Division) Civil Judges (Senior Division) in the State of Bombay except the Civil Judges (Senior Division) and Civil Judges (Junior Division) exercising jurisdiction within the following areas:— <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Ahmedabad Taluka of the Ahmedabad District. (ii) Jalgaon Taluka of the East Khandesh District, and (iii) The areas falling within the jurisdiction of the Judges of the Courts of Small Causes at Poona and Baroda. 	<p>Greater Bombay.</p> <p>Ahmedabad Taluka of the Ahmedabad District.</p> <p>Jalgaon Taluka of the East Khandesh District.</p> <p>The areas within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.</p> <p>The areas within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.</p>
Madhya Pradesh .	Presiding Officer, Labour Court (constituted under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947).	State of Madhya Pradesh.
Madras . . .	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Madras. 2. The Additional Commissioner for workmen's Compensation, Madras. (Assistant Commissioner of Labour). 	<p>Madras City.</p> <p>Districts of North Arcot, South Arcot, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Mathurai, Nilgiris, Ramanathapuram, Salem, Tanjore, Tiruchirappalli, Tirunelveli and Kanya Kumari.</p>
Mysore . . .	Presiding Officer, Industrial Tribunal, Bangalore.	State of Mysore.
Orissa . . .	All the subordinate judges.	The areas within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.
Punjab . . .	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Senior Subordinate Judges and (2) Sub-Divisional Officer, Kuin (District Kangra). 	The areas within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.
Rajasthan . .	Presiding Officer, Industrial Tribunal, Rajasthan.	State of Rajasthan.
Uttar Pradesh .	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Regional Conciliation Officer, Allahabad. 2. Regional Conciliation Officer, Gorakhpur. 3. Regional Conciliation Officer, Lucknow. 	<p>Allahabad Region, consisting of the districts of Allahabad, Banda, Banaras, Mirzapur, Partapgarh, Sultanpur, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Ballia and Fatehpur.</p> <p>Gorakhpur Region consisting of the districts of Bahraich, Gonda, Azamgarh, Basti, Gorakhpur and Deoria.</p> <p>Lucknow Region consisting of rural circle (excluding the area within the jurisdiction of Lucknow Municipality, the Cantonment Board, Lucknow and the Notified Area Committee of Alambagh-Charbagh and the area comprising of revenue villages of Baragawan, Amausi, Anaura and Gauri in Lucknow Tehsil) and including the districts of Lucknow, Sitapur, Kheri, Hardoi, Unnao, Rao Bareilly, Bara Banki and Faizabad.</p>

(1)	(2)	(3)
4. Regional Conciliation Officer, Agra.	Agra Region consisting of rural circle (excluding the area within the jurisdiction of Agra Municipality, the Cantonment Board, Agra and the area comprising of revenue villages of Bodla, Jaganpur (Dayalbagh) and Havaghar in Agra Tehsil) and including the districts of Agra, Aligarh, Etah, Etawah, Mainpuri, Mathura and Jhansi proper.	
5. Regional Conciliation Officer, Bareilly.	Bareilly Region consisting of the districts of Bareilly, Shahjahanpur, Naini Tal, Garhwal, Rampur, Moradabad, Badaun, Pilibhit, Bijnor, Almora and Tehri-Garhwal.	
6. Regional Conciliation Officer, Meerut.	Meerut Region consisting of the districts of Dehra Dun, Saharanpur (excluding the area within the jurisdiction of the Saharanpur Municipality and the area comprising of the revenue villages of Sheikhpura Kadeem, and Durra Sheopuri in Saharanpur Tehsil), Muzaffarnagar, Meerut and Bulandshahr.	
7. Regional Conciliation Officer, Kanpur.]	Kanpur Region, consisting of rural circle including all stations on Kanpur-Jhansi line up to Jhansi (excluding Jhansi proper and area within the jurisdiction of the Kanpur Municipality, the Cantonment Board, Kanpur, and the Notified area Committee of Juhi and the area comprising the villages of Jajmau (Bazidpur), Gajjooorwa and Muzaffarpur in Tehsil Kanpur) and including the Districts of Jalaun, Hamirpur and Farrukhabad.	
West Bengal	Presiding Officers, Industrial Tribunals.	State of West Bengal.
Andaman and Nicobar Islands Himachal Pradesh.	The Deputy Commissioner, Andaman and Nicobar Islands Deputy Commissioners, Mahasu District, Mani District, Sirmur District and Chamba District.	
Tripura	1. Divisional Officer, Sadar. 2. Divisional Officer Kailashahar	
Sadar, Udaipur, Sonamura, Sabroom and Belonia Divisions and Amarpur Sub-Division. Kailashahar, Dharmanagar and Khowai Divisions and Kamalpur Sub-Division.		

[No. F. HI-1(106)/56]

New Delhi, the 27th June 1959

S.O. 1515.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby appoints the 12th July, 1959, as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force), Chapter V and Chapter VI [except sub-section (1) of section 76 and sections 77,

78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Kerala, namely:—

I. The areas within the limits of Kozhikode municipal town and the revenue villages of:—

- | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Annaseri, | (b) Elathur, | (c) Thalakulathur, |
| (d) Makkade, | (e) Thamarasserri, | (f) Padinchattummuri, |
| (g) Karuvattur, | (h) Edakkad, | (i) Karuvasserri, |
| (j) Vengeri, | (k) Nedungottur, | (l) Kottuli, |
| (m) Chevayur, | (n) Chelavur, | (o) Parayancherri, |
| (p) Nellicode, | (q) Nallalam, | (r) Olavanna, |
| (s) Kodal, | (t) Naduvattom, | (u) Meenchanda, |
| (v) Cheruvannur, and | (w) Beypore, | |

in Kozhikode taluk in the Kozhikode district.

II. The areas within the limits of Feroke panchayat and the revenue villages of:—

- | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------|
| (a) Feroke, | (b) Alinnilam, | (c) Velipuram, |
| (d) Kadalundi, | (e) Nallur, | (f) Mannur, |
| (g) Ramanattukara, | (h) Vallikunnam, | (i) Chelambra, |
| (j) Parappanangadi, | (k) Naduva, and | (l) Pallickal, |

in Ernad taluk in the Kozhikode district.

[No. F. HI-13(15)/59.]

New Delhi, the 29th June 1959

S.O. 1516.—Whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the employees in the workshop of the Central Tractor Organisation at New Delhi under the Ministry of Food & Agriculture are in receipt of benefits substantially similar or superior to the benefits provided under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948):

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 90 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby exempts the said workshop from all the provisions of the said Act.

[No. F. HI-6(32)/58.]

BALWANT SINGH, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 27th June 1959

S.O. 1517.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (3) of rule 24 of the Minimum Wages (Central) Rules, 1950, the Central Government hereby approves the following medical practitioners for the purposes of the said sub-rule, namely:—

- (i) all certifying surgeons appointed by the State Governments under the Factories Act, 1948 (63 of 1948);
- (ii) all medical practitioners approved by the State Governments in their Rules framed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 for purposes of certification of hours of work of adolescent employees including medical officers in municipal dispensaries and hospitals in the State; and
- (iii) any registered medical practitioner in an area where there is no such certifying surgeon or medical practitioner or medical officer as aforesaid.

[No. LWI(1)-2(7)/57.]

P. R. NAYAR, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 27th June 1959

S.O. 1518.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following Award of the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, in the industrial dispute between Messrs British India Steam Navigation Company, Bombay and their workmen.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL AT BOMBAY

REFERENCE (CGIT) Nos. 1 & 6 of 1959

In the matter of

Messrs. British India Steam Navigation Company.

AND

Their Workmen.

PRESENT:

Shri F. Jeejeebhoy, Judge.

APPEARANCES:

For the Management.—Shri R. P. Vachha with Shri E. K. Christie and Shri R. H. Ayre.

For the Workmen.—Shri George Fernandes, President, Dock, Clerical and Administrative Workers' Union.

AWARD

By its Order of 3rd January, 1959 the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment has referred to this Tribunal the dispute between the British India Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., Bombay (hereinafter referred to as the Company), and their workmen, concerning bonus for the year 1956-57; and by a second Reference of the 17th February, 1959, there was a further Reference concerning the dispute between the same parties as regards bonus for the year 1957-1958. By agreement both the References have been heard together as they involve common points for consideration.

The financial year of the Company is from 1st October to 30th September, and the workmen claim that they should be paid bonus for each of these years equivalent to six months' basic pay plus dearness allowance. The persons claiming such payment are some 265 members of the Cargo Department. They comprise general clerks, tally clerks, invoice clerks, despatch clerks, delivery clerks, manifest clerks, mate receipt clerks, assistant supervisors, routine clerks, plan makers for stowage, gate keepers, correspondence clerks, peons, sepoys and sweepers. It was stated by labour that the clerks are rotated and that they are interchangeable, and that consequently a clerk like the tally clerk in this Cargo Department performs wider duties than the tally clerks of stevedores concerns. These assertions have not been disputed. The scales for the clerical cadre are as follows:—

1st scale—Rs. 75—220 (including stenographers).

2nd scale—Rs. 80—250.

3rd scale—Rs. 110—300.

Special scale—Rs. 150—400.

The dearness allowance is on a fixed scale rising according to the basic wage from Rs. 75 to Rs. 135 spread over the range. The clerical staff gets a messing allowance of Re. 1 on working days.

The Company is incorporated in Great Britain under the English Companies Act and carries on business at Bombay—through its agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Ltd. The concern is well established as we know, and its activities are global. The duties of the 265 workmen before me consist in the main of attending to the carriage of cargo in and out of ships, recording stowage, and doing other like matters in connection with the ships of the British India Steam Navigation Company touching at Bombay. The company's ships carry cargo and passengers from one port to another in return for freight or passage money as the case may be, but the company does not engage in traffic between ports in India, nor is its business restricted to the carriage of cargo and passengers solely to and from Indian ports. The workmen are employed by the company through its managing agents Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in Bombay, in connection with the loading and discharge of cargo in Bombay, and for all the ancillary services connected with it.

The company maintains that this staff is not essential or necessary since the services they perform could be entrusted to stevedores or similar contractors at lesser cost, and it is said that other shipping concerns are doing so. It is not

necessary for me to determine whether it will be cheaper for the company to do the work in some other way, because it has no relevancy to the subject before me. But the fact remains that other shipping companies apply to this company for the services of the workmen before me and pay to this company sums equivalent to nearly one-sixth of the annual wage bill of these workmen. If the other shipping companies were able to do their work cheaper and equally efficiently through stevedores, it is strange that they should apply to the British India Steam Navigation Company for their work. Connected with this point is the contention of the company that no bonus should be given because the work which these workmen are doing could be done cheaper if given out to contractors or stevedores. The fact remains that the company has considered it desirable to have the set up of a Cargo Department, presumably because it suits its requirements, and the fact that the company is doing business in this particular way, when it might be done cheaper otherwise, is no argument which could be used to the detriment of labour when it makes a claim for bonus; and I make no comment on the assertion of the company that they would find it more profitable to do this work through stevedore firms or contractors, nor is it my function here to assess the repercussions of any such move. The company does not act as agents for other shipping companies, but its agents Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., do act as agents for other shipping companies also.

It is obvious that the work of these 265 workmen constitutes a microscopic section of the business of the company the world over. The company was before the Labour Appellate Tribunal on a previous occasion when the Industrial Tribunal of Bombay had granted bonus to these categories of workmen for 1950-1951; and it had been contended in appeal that the Adjudicator had applied a wrong principle in deciding the question. A Bench of the Labour Appellate Tribunal there observed (1956 II LLJ 174): "In matters of this kind we have to determine whether the trading results of only one port or the trading results of all the ports of an area like India should be taken into account for the purpose of determining the prosperity of the concern *vis-a-vis* the claims of the particular workmen for bonus, for the payment of bonus is not altogether unrelated to the workmen's effort. Naturally the question is posed: are the workmen entitled to look only to the prosperity of the region within which they have worked, or are they entitled to go further afield and depend on the world profits of the concern to which they could attach a claim for bonus. Primarily in such matters we must try to find the trading results of the year of the place or the region where the workmen contributed their labour. This does not mean that the trading results of Bombay alone need to be considered, for it would be permissible in the context to take a larger area like India or even a still larger but appropriate region for the finding of an available surplus. But to base bonus on global trading results must have special justification." The Bench decided that failing all other methods it would be permissible ultimately for the Adjudicator to take the world figures, which were available, for the purpose of ascertaining the trading results of the year so as to discover whether there was any available surplus out of which these workmen could be paid.

It is now common ground here that there is no way of ascertaining the profits of the Cargo Department in Bombay. It is also now accepted that having regard to the nature of the business, the working of the British India Steam Navigation Company at the ports of India would not yield materials for a decision as to the trading profits of the concern in India. Similarly it is agreed that even if we take a region into consideration it would not provide the requisite answer; for instance, in a voyage from Tokyo to London passing through Bombay, there may be some cargo landed at Bombay, there may be some other cargo landed at the various ports between Tokyo and Bombay, and the rest of the cargo would be delivered on the journey to London. There may also be a certain amount of transshipment of cargo in Bombay. Thus it would be almost impossible to assess to what extent the company profited by the work of this small band of 270 Cargo Department personnel in Bombay in relation to this single voyage; and daily there must be dozens of ships of the concern on the high seas. It is thus inevitable that the only alternative is to judge from the global profits of the concern. The concern has no objection to it, and has produced the global balance sheets for the respective years under a seal of confidence under Section 21 of the Industrial Disputes Act. It discloses what was to be expected, namely, a prosperous concern with very substantial annual profits, and with reserves commensurate with the nature of its business and its global activities.

Even assuming (as the company alleges) that this small sector of workmen here did not contribute directly towards the profits of the concern, they would still be entitled to bonus if the trading results of the concern showed over-all profits, for it is nothing unusual for certain segments of the concern to show less

profits than others. These questions however have been set at rest by a decision of Their Lordships of the Supreme Court in the case of the Associated Cement Companies Ltd., (1959 I LLJ 644 at page 663) where their Lordships observed:

"In the *Burma-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Company of India Ltd. & others v. their workmen* (1953-II LLJ 246) the Labour Appellate Tribunal rejected the employers' claim that since workmen employed by them did not manufacture or produce any goods but merely assisted them in the distribution of oil, they were not entitled to claim any bonus under the formula. "It is wrong to say" observed the Labour Appellate Tribunal, "that because the employees of these oil companies merely market the oil they have not earned the right to any bonus." It was also pointed out that "the workmen had to perform duties of various intensity for marketing an article of public utility, and in that sense they contribute to production according to the concept of economists." So were the clerks held entitled to bonus for their duties in the general business of the concern though they had nothing to do with the physical act of marketing the commodity. It was also emphasised that the other object of granting the bonus was to help the workmen fill up the gap between their actual wages and the living wage. Thus in dealing with the claim for bonus made by workmen the twofold basis of the formula must always be kept in mind."

It is therefore evident that the contribution of this Cargo Department, which performs a set of the essential functions in a chain of activities in order to enable the company to carry on its normal business and to earn its profits, must be recognised.

It has been said by the concern that the Labour Appellate Tribunal's Full Bench formula is not appropriate for a concern of this character. The question actually does not arise because the global profits of each of the two years is very large and on any basis there is a sufficient 'Surplus' to justify a claim for bonus. Our system of paying bonus is the result of our economic conditions, and it does not mean that if it is paid here it would have to be paid all over the world. As regards the effort of the workmen, the quality of their work and their diligence in the performance of their duties have not been questioned, and even though they may constitute a microscopic section of the total engagement of men by the Company all over the world, they are entitled to participate in the prosperity of the concern according to our notions of social justice.

The question then arises as to the quantum of bonus. The emoluments of the workmen are more or less in keeping with emoluments of comparable categories to be generally found in Bombay, while Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. pay more to their clerical cadre. It has however been urged that the workmen here are not entitled to anything more by way of bonus than 26 days basic salary for each of the years because of two reasons: Firstly, because the Industrial Tribunal in Reference No. 4 of 1952 concerning bonus for the year 1950-51 gave bonus equivalent to 26 days' basic salary. Secondly, because for subsequent years after 1950-51 bonus had been given at the rate of 26 days' basic salary for each year, and attention has been called to an agreement between the parties before a Conciliation Officer where a settlement was effected: by the terms of this settlement the company agreed to pay to the workmen, and the workmen accepted, bonus equivalent to 26 working days' basic earnings for each of the four years in dispute, as well as for 1955-1956 in respect of which the stage of conciliation had not been reached. The workmen state that this settlement was reached because of other considerations. As I have said elsewhere, when settlements of this kind take place (and in this case up to 2nd February 1957 no bonus had been paid by this concern way back from 1951-52) I cannot attach much value to the claim of the concern that the amount which was paid, namely, bonus equivalent to 26 days in each year was sufficient satisfaction of the rights of the workmen to bonus according to the trading results of the year or that the workmen considered it to be an adequate payment or that therefore they cannot now claim more. In these matters we have to be circumspect, conscious as we are of the relative weakness of labour in its dealings with the management. Where bonus had been withheld for five years, the duress upon labour was considerable, and at the same time the means of securing redress were limited, and in their frustration they were prepared to accept almost anything that came to hand. Thus the settlement did remove a long pending dispute, but it is quite another thing to say that because of the settlement labour had acknowledged that 26 days of basic wages was fair bonus. Such a conclusion is quite inadmissible in present context.

Thus in this case two fundamental requirements have to be kept in the forefront in deciding this question of bonus. Firstly, whether the concern has made substantial profits to be able to pay bonus, and on this point a perusal of the balance sheets of the company leaves no doubt; and secondly, whether the workmen have diligently contributed towards that profit, however humble their efforts may have been. Both these requirements are fulfilled in this case.

I have now to determine what should be the amount of bonus which I should allow. I take into account the fact that although the scales payable to the workmen are more or less the scales prevailing for comparable categories in the region, the concern actually hires out the services of these 265 workmen to other shipping companies, and thus recoups itself to the extent of about one-sixth of the total annual wage bill of the company. While it is true that the workmen have been required to handle a little lesser tonnage during the last year or so, on the other hand the tempo of work at the port has sharply increased with a rapid turn round of ships following the introduction of the progressive piece-rate scheme in the Docks.

I am not altogether unaware of the rates of bonus which have been ordered to be paid in varying conditions and circumstances, and in my opinion taking all the relevant factors into consideration the workmen before me are entitled to be paid as bonus for the years 1956-57 and 1957-58 at the rate of one-seventh of their basic earnings of each of the two years, subject to usual conditions, namely,

- (a) any workman who has worked in either or both of the years shall be entitled to bonus according to his basic earnings during the year;
- (b) a workman who has been dismissed for misconduct causing financial loss to the company will not be entitled to bonus to the extent of the loss caused;
- (c) persons who are entitled to bonus under this award but who are not in the service of the company at present must submit their claims within nine months of this award; otherwise their claims will lapse;
- (d) each year means financial year between 1st October, and 30th September;
- (e) a workman leaving the service of the company at the end of the financial year will not be entitled to any bonus for the following year merely because his accumulated leave extends into the next financial year.

Now, therefore, I make this award accordingly as aforesaid.

The 19th June, 1959.

(Sd.) F. JEEJEBHOY, Judge,
Central Government Industrial Tribunal at Bombay.

[No. LRIV-28(4)/59.]

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 30th June 1959

S.O. 1519.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Shahdara Saharanpur Railway and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the workmen of Shahdara Saharanpur Railway, Saharanpur are entitled to interim relief of Rs. 5 per month with effect from 1st July 1957 as sanctioned for the employees of railways administered by the Government.

[No. LRIV-3(18)/59.]

S.O. 1520.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7B and sub-section (1A) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment to the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment S.O. No. 2489 dated the 24th November, 1958, namely:—

In the said Order, in the Schedule, Serial No. 11 (Badamibagh) and Serial No. 29 (Jammu) shall be omitted.

[No. LRIV-3(40)/58.]

A. L. HANDA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 29th June 1959

S.O. 1521.—In pursuance of regulation 25 of the Coal Mines Regulations, 1957, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri S. Rakshit as an assessor and relieves Shri R. N. Sharma of his duties as an assessor and directs that the following amendment be made in the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment S.O. 978, dated the 28th April 1959, namely:—

In the said notification, for the words "Shri R. N. Sharma, Agent, Tata's Colliery, Post Office Sijua, District Dhanbad", the words "Shri S. Rakshit, Agent, Messrs. Bengal Coal Company Limited, Charch Group of Mines, P.O. Chirkunda" shall be substituted.

[No. MI-3(21)/58.]

P. N. SHARMA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 30th June 1959

S.O. 1522/MDLB/(2)/Am.(7)/57.—In pursuance of clause 4 of the Madras Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Scheme, 1956, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri P. Nagarathnam to be a member of the Madras Dock Labour Board in place of Shri E. F. G. Hunter who has resigned, and makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 2377/MDLB(2)/56 dated the 23rd October, 1956, namely:—

In the said notification, under the heading "*Representatives of employers of dock workers and shipping companies*", in item (1), for the entry "Shri E. F. G. Hunter", the entry "Shri P. Nagarathnam" shall be substituted.

[No. Fac. 76(23).]

P. D. GAIHA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

New Delhi-2, the 25th June 1959.

S. O. 1523—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby makes the following amendments in the Schedule to the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting No. S.R.O. 618, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the said Schedule,—

(i) in Part I, for the heading "Five Year Plan Publicity Mobile Units" and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

1	2	3	4
"Field Publicity Organisation.			
Directorate of Field Publicity, Regional Offices and Mobile Units			
All posts.	Secretary, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.	Secretary, Ministry of Information & Broadcasting.	(i) to (iii)"
		Director, Field Publicity	

(2) in Part II, for the heading "Five Year Plan Publicity Mobile Units" and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

I	2	3	4	5
<i>"Field Publicity Organisation.</i>				
Directorate of Field Publicity.				
All posts.	Director, Field Publicity	Director, Field Publicity	All	Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting;
<i>"Regional Offices and Field Publicity Mobile Units.</i>				
All posts on a scale with a minimum of not less than Rs. 100 p.m.	Director, Field Publicity	Director, Field Publicity	All	Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.
		Regional Officer/ Information Officer	(i) to (iii)	Director, Field Publicity.
Other posts.	Regional Officer/ Information Officer	Regional Officer/ Information Officer.	All	Director, Field Publicity."

(3) In Part III, for the heading "Five Year Plan Publicity Mobile Units" and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

I	2	3	4	5
<i>"Field Publicity Organisation.</i>				
Directorate of Field Publicity.				
All posts.	Administrative Officer	Administrative Officer	All	Director, Field Publicity.
<i>Regional Offices and Field Publicity Mobile Units.</i>				
All posts.	Regional Officer/ Information Officer	Regional Officer/ Information Officer.	All	Director, Field Publicity."

(No. 6/7/59-PP).

B. S. DASARATHY, Dy. Secy.